

2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009

SSC MAINS - 08 (ENGLISH LANGUAGE)

1. (A)	21. (B)	41. (A)	61. (D)	81. (C)	101. (D)	121. (D)	141. (D)		181. (B)
2. (C)	22. (C)	42. (B)	62. (B)	82. (B)	102. (C)	122. (D)	142. (C)	162. (D)	182. (B)
3. (C)	23. (C)	43. (B)	63. (D)	83. (C)	103. (A)	123. (B)	143. (#)	163. (A)	183. (C)
4. (B)	24. (B)	44. (B)	64. (B)	84. (C)	104. (A)	124. (A)	144. (B)	164. (B)	184. (C)
5. (B)	25. (C)	45. (C)	65. (B)	85. (D)	105. (C)	125. (A)	145. (B)	165. (D)	185. (C)
6. (C)	26. (A)	46. (C)	66. (D)	86. (D)	106. (B)	126. (D)	146. (C)	166. (A)	186. (D)
7. (C)	27. (D)	47. (B)	67. (A)	87. (A)	107. (C)	127. (C)	147. (A)	, ,	187. (C)
8. (B)	28. (A)	48. (B)	68. (B)	88. (B&C	(B) 108.	128. (A)	148. (A)	168. (A)	188. (B)
9. (C)	29. (B)	49. (D)	69. (D)	89. (C)	109. (B)	129. (B)	149. (D)	169. (C)	189. (B)
10. (A)	30. (B)	50. (B)	70. (D)	90. (B)	110. (C)	130. (C)	150. (A)	170. (D)	190. (D)
11. (A)	31. (C)	51. (C)	71. (D)	91. (D)	111. (B)	131. (D)	151. (C)	171. (B)	191. (D)
12. (D)	32. (C)	52. (A)	72. (D)	92. (D)	112. (D)	132. (C)	152. (B)	172. (D)	192. (B)
13. (A)	33. (A)	53. (C)	73. (A)	93. (D)	113. (C)	133. (B)	153. (C)	173. (C)	193. (C)
14. (C)	34. (A)	54. (B)	74. (A)	94. (D)	114. (B)	134. (B)	154. (B)	174. (C)	194. (C)
15. (B)	35. (D)	55. (C)	75. (C)	95. (D)	115. (D)	135. (D)	155. (C)	175. (D)	195. (B)
16. (B)	36. (A)	56. (C)	76. (B)	96. (B)	116. (B)	136. (D)	156. (A)	176. (B)	196. (C)
17. (A)	37. (B)	57. (B)	77. (D)	97. (C)	117. (C)	137. (D)	157. (B)	177. (C)	197. (B)
18. (C)	38. (A)	58. (C)	78. (D)	98. (B)	118. (B)	138. (B)	158. (C)	, ,	198. (D)
19. (D)	39. (C)	59. (B)	79. (B)	99. (C)	119. (D)	139. (B)	159. (C)		199. (C)
20. (C)	40. (C)	60. (C)	80. (C)	100. (C)	120. (D)	140. (C)	160. (B)	180. (D)	٠,

Corrections:

- 164. (B) Change 'could' into 'couldn't'.
- 173. (C) Add 'to' after 'said'.

Explanation

- 21. (B) Replace 'either' by 'any'. Because, 'either of' means 'one of the two things or people' and 'any' can be used for more than 'two'.
- 22. (C) Replace was' by 'were'. Here, the verb should agree with subject 'The best pirate stories' is plural and hence will take plural verb.
- 23. (C) put 'that of any' in place 'in any'. Here, comparison of the population between two cities is being made, so, to avoid the repetition of noun i.e., 'The population', we use 'that'.
- 24. (B) Remove 'more', as two comparative degrees never come together.
- 25. (C) Use an adverb 'throughly' before the adjective 'happy'.
- adjective 'happy'.

 26. (A) Remove 'worrying' and put an infinitive 'to worry'.
- 27. (D) No error. 'Call on' means 'to formally invite or ask somebody to speak etc'.
- 28. (A) Replace 'No' by 'No other'. Since, here comparison is being made with 'my son' and the other students of the class. 'No student'gives the expression that students including 'my son' is not as intelligent as my son. Thus, this expression is incorrect.
- 29. (B) Replace 'are' by 'is'. Since the subject 'the most important feature' is singular. Hence, it should be followed by 'singular verb' i.e., 'is'.

- 30. (B) Replace 'Under' by 'in'.
- 31. (C) Replace 'have' by 'has'. When two subjects are joined by 'along with', the verb agrees with the first subject. Hence, in the sentence, the first subject 'The principal', which is singular will take singular verb 'has'.
- 32. (C) Use a pronoun for 'my book' i.e., 'it' in place of 'the same'.
- 33. (A) Replace 'told' by 'said'. 'To tell a lie' is the correct phrase.
- 34. (A) Replace 'Not only' before 'the education minister'. It is a matter of misplaced conjunction. Words coming after 'not only....but also' must be of the same part of speech i.e, noun as used here in this sentence.
- 35. (D) No error.
- 36. (A) Drop 'on' after 'signed', because 'sign' does not take any preposition.
- 37. (B) Use 'that' in place of 'which'. When the verb is mentioned, 'the same + noun' is followed by 'that'.
- 38. (A) Use 'not to speak of in place of 'what to speak of. 'Not to speak of is used for introducing a further factor to be considered. As, in the sentence, which gives the expression that not only food, but also water was not available.
- 39. (C) Replace 'another' by 'the other'.
- 40. (C) Use 'door' in place of 'doors'.



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MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Word	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Quorum	The smallest number of people who must be at a	निर्दिष्ट संख्या
	meeting before it can begin or decisions can be made	
Ooze up	Flowing slowly	रिसाव होना
Plank	A long narrow flat piece of wood	तख्ता, पटरा
Gale	An extremely strong wind	तूफान, तेज हवा
Smoulder	To burn slowly without a flame	सुलगना
Contemplation	The act of thinking deeply about something	चिंतन-मनन
Inexhaustible	That cannot be exhausted	कभी ना थकने वाला
Conceive	To form an idea, a plan, etc. in your mind, to imagine	अनुमान करना, कल्पना करना
	something	
Bow down	To surrender	झुकना
Bestow	To give (something) as a gift or honour	प्रदान करना/नवाजना
Stray	An animal (such as a cat or dog) that is lost or has no home	बेघर
Self-Reliant	Confident in your own abilities and able to do things for	आत्मनिर्भर
	yourself; not needing help from other people	
Deplore	Regret strongly	शोक करना, विलाप करना
Inflict	To cause someone to experience or be affected	सजा देना, थोपना
	by (something unpleasant or harmful)	_
Ostensible	Seeming or said to be true or real but very possibly	तथाकथित
	not true or real	
Flagrant	Very bad; too bad to be ignored	भयावह
Align	Change oneself with a group or a way of thinking	के अनुकूल करना
Stupendous	So large or great that it amazes you	आश्चर्यजनक रूप से विशाल
Colossal	Extremely large	विशाल
Hideous	Very ugly or unpleasant	घृणित
Shaggy	Having long untidy hair, fur, etc.	बालदार, रोएँदार
Inadvertent	Not intended or planned	असावधानीवश -
Irascible	Becoming angry very easily; having a bad temper	क्रोधी, चिड्चिड्ा
Peculiar	Not usual or normal	अजीब, अनोखा
Quibble	To argue or complain about small, unimportant things	अनुचित बहाना करना
Dawn	To begin to become light as the sun rises	प्रभात, उषाकाल
Plausible	Possibly true : believable or realistic	संभाव्य, स्वीकार्य



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Apprise	Inform	सूचित करना
Cursory	Done quickly and without giving enough attention	सतही, अधूरा
	to details	
Squander	To spend extravagantly or foolishly	व्यर्थ व्यय करना
Obnoxious	Extremely unpleasant, especially in a way that	घृणित
	offends people	
Introspective	Tending to think a lot about your own thoughts,	आत्मविश्लेषी
	feelings, etc.	
Surmount	To deal with (a problem or a difficult situation) successfully	किसी समस्या पर विजय पाना
Redundant	Not needed or useful	अनावश्यक
Flimsy	(of material) Thin and easily torn	निर्बल, पतला
Implacable	Opposed to someone or something in a very angry	कठोर
	or determined way that cannot be changed	
Salutary	Having a good or helpful result especially after	हितकारी, लाभदायक
	something unpleasant has happened	
Soporific	Causing a person to become tired and ready to fall asleep	निद्राजनक
Alliteration	The use of the same letter or sound at the beginning	अनुप्रास अलंकार
	of words that are close together	
Solecism	An example of bad manners or unacceptable behaviour	अशिष्टता, बेहूदगी
Abrogate	To officially end a law, an agreement, etc.	रद्द करना, निष्प्रभाव करना
Chivalrous	Showing respect and politeness especially towards women	। शिष्ट
Pragmatic	Solving problems in a practical and sensible way rather	व्यावहारिक
	than by having fixed ideas or theories	
Flabbergasted	Extremely surprised or shocked	भौंचक्का
Ubiquitous	Seeming to be seen everywhere	सर्वव्यापी
Delirious	Extremely excited and happy	उन्मत्त, बेसुध
Suo-moto	On its own motion	स्व-प्रेरणा से
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Note: If your opinion differs regarding any answer please message the mock test and question no to 8860330003

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