## SSC MOCK TEST - 401 (SOLUTION)

1. (1) As, $94 \Rightarrow 9^{2}+4^{2}=97$

Similarly,
$75 \Rightarrow 7^{2}+5^{2}=74$
2. (2) Ranchi is capital of Jharkhand, while Chennai is the capital of Tamin Nadu.
3. (4) (1) $132 \Rightarrow 3-1=2$
(2) $561 \Rightarrow 6-5=1$
(3) $374 \Rightarrow 7-3=4$
(4) $673 \Rightarrow 7-6=1 \neq 3$
4.
(3) (1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

5. (2) As,


Similarly,

6. (3) 117

7. (4)

8. (1) Percentage of passengers from city $D=100-(44+20+26)=10 \%$
$\therefore \quad$ Number of passangers in city $B=\frac{80}{10} \times 20=160$
9. (2) As, $(18+16) \times(18-16)=78$

Similarly, $(27+23) \times(27-23)=200$
10. (1) $\mathbf{d} k r \mathbf{j} p / d k r j \mathbf{p} / \mathbf{d} k \mathbf{r} j p$
11. (1)
12. (4) In the first row,
$981-436=545$
In the second row,
$768-134=634$
In the third row,
$459-435=24$
13. (3) $16-18 \div 3+4 \times 5=2$

After changing the sign,
$16+18 \div 3-4 \times 5=2$
$16+6-20=2$
$22-20=2$
$2=2$
14. (2)

$P$ is second to the left of $R$.
S is an immediate neighbour of R .
R is an immediate right to T .
S and Q is an immediate neighbour to each other.
S sits second to the right of T .
15. (3) 2. Morning $\rightarrow$ 5. Market $\rightarrow$ 4. Fish $\rightarrow$ 1. Cook $\rightarrow$ 6. Dish $\rightarrow$ 3. Lunch
16. (4)


Hence, B is the Nephew of C's father.
17. (1)

I. False
II. False
III. True

Hence, only conclusion III follows.
18. (3)
19. (3)
20. (3) As, 370-180 = 190

Similarly, $450-220=230$
21. (2) As,


Similarly,

22. (3)
27. (4) According to Article 58 of the Constitution, no person shall be eligible for election as President unless he is a citizen of India, has completed the age of thirty-five years and is qualified for election as a member of the House of the People.
28. (3) The cattle in general and cow in particular was the main medium of exchange during the Rig Vedic period. The economy was based upon agriculture.
29. (1) The Hare quota (also known as the simple quota) is a formula used under some forms of the Single Transferable Vote (STV) system and the largest remainder method of party-list proportional representation.
30. (2) we can say that the jet engine works on the principle of conservation of momentum
31. (4) The drain theory was given by Dadabhai Naoroji in his book 'Poverty and Un-British Rule in India".
33. (3) B12 deficiency manifests as macrocytic anemia, and thus, the presenting symptoms often include signs of anemia, such as fatigue and pallor. Due to the increased hemolysis caused by impaired red blood cell formation, jaundice may also be a presenting symptom.
34. (1) The Human Genome Project (HGP) was the international, collaborative research program whose goal was the complete mapping and understanding of all the genes of human beings. All our genes together are known as our "genome."
35. (2) Punjab Agricultural University (PAU) has come up with a new wheat variety called PBW RS1, which contains high levels of amylose starch. RS stands resistant starch.
36. (3) The Vedic Aryans first settled in the region of Saptasindhu.
38. (2) The Moortidevi Award is an annual literary award in India presented by the Bharatiya Jnanpith organisation for a work which emphasises Indian philosophy and culture.
40. (1) Industrial use of Danube waters is made at Vienna, Budapest, Belgrade, and Ruse. The main irrigated areas are along the river in Slovakia, Hungary, Serbia, and Bulgaria.
41. (1) Arundhati Roy is the author of a number of books, including The God of Small Things, which won the Booker Prize in 1997 and has been translated into more than forty languages.
44. (1) Brine, salt water, particularly a highly concentrated water solution of common salt (sodium chloride). Natural brines occur underground, in salt lakes, or as seawater and are commercially important sources of common salt and other salts, such as chlorides and sulfates of magnesium and potassium.
47. (4) The fertile Nile River valley and delta in Egypt, supplied with water from the Nile River, is an example of this type of large oasis. At 22,000 square kilometers, it might be the largest oasis in the world. The palm trees of this oasis signal the presence of water in the middle of the Sahara.
48. (1) To achieve the goal of 'complete independence', Gandhi launched a civil disobedience movement. Along with 78 followers, Gandhi started his famous march from Sabarmati Ashram on march 12, 1930 for the small village Dandi (Navsari District) to break the Salt Law. Gandhi covered a distance of 240 miles in 24 days (March 12-April 5).
50. (1) The International Telecommunication Union, an agency of the United Nations, hosted the AI for Good global summit in Geneva from 4 to 7 July.
51. (2)
$\left(2 \frac{6}{7}\right.$ of $\left.4 \frac{1}{5} \div \frac{2}{3}\right) \times 1 \frac{1}{9} \div\left(\frac{3}{4} \times 2 \frac{2}{3}\right.$ of $\left.\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{4}\right)$
$=\left(\frac{20}{7}\right.$ of $\left.\frac{21}{5} \div \frac{2}{3}\right) \times \frac{10}{9} \div\left(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{3}\right.$ of $\left.\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{1}{4}\right)$
$=\left(12 \times \frac{3}{2}\right) \times \frac{10}{9} \div\left(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{6} \times \frac{4}{1}\right)$
$=18 \times \frac{10}{9} \div 4=18 \times \frac{10}{9} \times \frac{1}{4}=5$
52. (1) $\frac{\tan 5 \theta+\tan 3 \theta}{4 \cos 4 \theta(\tan 5 \theta-\tan 3 \theta)}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{\frac{\sin 5 \theta}{\cos 5 \theta}+\frac{\sin 3 \theta}{\cos 3 \theta}}{4 \cos 4 \theta\left(\frac{\sin 5 \theta}{\cos 5 \theta}-\frac{\sin 3 \theta}{\cos 3 \theta}\right)} \\
& =\frac{\frac{\sin 5 \theta \cdot \cos 3 \theta+\sin 3 \theta \cdot \cos 5 \theta}{\cos 5 \theta \cdot \cos 3 \theta}}{\frac{4 \cos 4 \theta(\sin 5 \theta \cdot \cos 3 \theta-\sin 3 \theta \cdot \cos 5 \theta)}{\cos 5 \theta \cdot \cos 3 \theta}}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
=\frac{\sin 2 \times 4 \theta}{4 \cos 4 \theta \cdot \cos 2 \theta}
$$

$$
=\frac{2 \sin 4 \theta \cdot \cos 4 \theta}{4 \cos 4 \theta \cdot \sin 2 \theta}=\frac{2 \times 2 \sin 2 \theta \cdot \cos 2 \theta}{4 \sin 2 \theta}=\cos 2 \theta
$$

53. (4) Distance $=500 \mathrm{~km}$

Usual speed of car $=50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Usual time to cover $250 \mathrm{~km}=\frac{250}{50}=5$ hours
Speed of car after breakdown $=50 \times \frac{2}{5}=40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Time taken to cover next $250 \mathrm{~km}=\frac{250}{40}=6.25$ hours
Total time taken $=5+6.25=11.25$ hours
Actual time taken to cover that breakdown $=\frac{500}{50}=10$ hours
Additional time $=11.25-10=1.25$ hours $=1$ hour 15 minutes
54. (2) Let $B$ invested ₹ $2 x$ in the begining A invested $=2 x \times 4=₹ 8 x$

C invested = ₹ $2 \mathrm{x} \times \frac{1}{2}=₹ \mathrm{x}$
Ratio of their share at the end of 1 year $=2 x \times 12: 8 x \times 7: 1 \times 8=24: 56: 8=3: 7: 1$
$\therefore \quad$ Share of $\mathrm{C}=\frac{19800}{11} \times 1=₹ 1800$
55. (3) Let the first and second number be $4 x$ and $5 x$ respectively and the third and fourth number be 7 y and 11 y respectively.
ATQ,
$4 x+5 x+7 y+11 x y=270$
$9 x+18 y=270$
$x+2 y=30$
$x=30-2 y$

1997, GROUND FLOOR OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, OUTRAM LINES, GTB NAGAR, NEW DELHI - 09
Also,
$11 y-5 x=60$
$11 y-5(30-2 y)=60$
$11 y-150+10 y=60$
$21 y=40+150=210$
$y=\frac{210}{21}=10$
Put the value of $y$ in equation (i),
$\mathrm{x}=30-2 \times 10=10$
First number $=10 \times 4=40$
Third number $=10 \times 7=70$
$\therefore \quad$ Required average $=\frac{40+70}{2}=55$
56. (3) Exterior engle of regular polygon $=\frac{360}{\text { Number of sides }}$

ATQ,
$\frac{360^{\circ}}{n}-\frac{360^{\circ}}{n+1}=12$
$360^{\circ}(\mathrm{n}+1)-360^{\circ} \times \mathrm{n}=12 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}+1)$
$360^{\circ}(\mathrm{n}+1-\mathrm{n})=12 \mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}+1)$
$30=n^{2}+n$
$\mathrm{n}^{2}+\mathrm{n}-30=0$
$n^{2}+6 n-5 n-30=0$
$n(n+6)-5(n+6)=0$
$(\mathrm{n}-5)(\mathrm{n}+6)=0$
$\mathrm{n}=5$, or -6
Hence, $n=5$ (ignore the negative value of $n$ )
57. (4) $x^{3}+y^{3}=(x+y)^{3}-3 x y(x+y)$
$18=(6)^{3}-3 x y \times 6$
$18=216-18 x y$
$18 x y=198$
$x y=\frac{198}{18}=11$
Also,
$(x+y)^{2}=x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x y$
$6^{2}=x^{2}+y^{2}+2 \times 11$ [From (i)]
$\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}=36-22=14$
Now,
$\mathrm{x}^{4}+\mathrm{y}^{4}=\left(\mathrm{x}^{2}+\mathrm{y}^{2}\right)^{2}-2 \mathrm{x}^{2} \mathrm{y}^{2}$
$=(14)^{2}-2 \times(11)^{2}$
$=196-242=-46$

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58. (1)

Sita : Neeta : Ramesh
For 1st 6 months
For next 6 months

```
45000 < 6
45000\times6 80000 < 6
45000\times12 80000 < 12 120000 × 12
```

| 270 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 270 |  | 480 |  |
| $\frac{540}{1080}$ | $:$ | $\frac{960}{1440}$ | $:$ |
| 1440 |  |  |  |

3 : 4 : 4
59. (4) Let the number of first class tickets $=x$

Number of $2^{\text {nd }}$ class tickets $=18-x$
ATQ,
$10 x+4(18-x)=110$
$x=8$
$2^{\text {nd }}$ class tickets $=10$
New cost $=10 \times 10+3 \times 38=₹ 124$
60. (4) Let $2^{32}=x$ and Let $\left(2^{32}+1\right)=(x+1)$ be divisible by a number $n$.

Then, $\left(2^{96}+1\right)=\left(x^{3}+1\right)=(x+1)\left(x^{2}-x+1\right)$
Which is clearly divisible by $n$ as $(x+1)$ is divisible by $n$.
61. (2) By alligation:-


Amount of $18 \%=\frac{2}{3}$

Amount of $90 \%=\frac{1}{3}$
$\therefore \quad$ Number of quartz which should be replaced $=\frac{1}{3} \times 27=9$
62. (4) Value of ₹ 6440 due 8 months $=\frac{6440 \times 100}{100+18 \times \frac{8}{12}}$
$=\frac{6440 \times 100}{112}=₹ 5750$
Clearly, ₹ 10000 in cash is better offer.

63．（2）Here，
$R_{1}=7 \%, R_{3}=10 \%$
$\frac{1}{x}=\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{y}=\frac{1}{4}, \mathrm{I}=₹ 510$
$\frac{1}{z}=\left[1-\left(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{4}\right)\right]=\frac{5}{12}$
According to the formula，
$\mathrm{P}=\frac{I \times 100}{\frac{R_{1}}{x}+\frac{R_{2}}{y}+\frac{R_{3}}{z}}=\frac{510 \times 100}{\frac{7}{3}+\frac{8}{4}+\frac{50}{12}}$
$=\frac{5100}{\frac{7}{3}+2+\frac{25}{6}}=\frac{51000}{51} \times 6=₹ 6000$

64．（3）Since $\frac{2}{5}$ th of the work is completed in the 25 days，remaining $\frac{3}{5}$ th of the work is to be completed in 25 days．

Let $x$ men work in for 25 days to complete $\frac{3}{5}$ th of the work．
$\frac{M_{1} D_{1} H_{1}}{W_{1}}=\frac{M_{2} D_{2} H_{2}}{W_{2}}$
$\frac{25 \times 105 \times 8 \times 5}{2}=\frac{x \times 25 \times 9 \times 5}{3}$
$\frac{105 \times 8}{2 \times 3}=140$
$\therefore$ Additional men employed $=140-105=35$
65．（2）ATQ，
$\frac{L+4}{B+4}=\frac{4}{3}$
$3 L+12=4 B+16$
$3 L-4 B=4$
and $\frac{L-4}{B-4}=\frac{2}{1}$
$\mathrm{L}-4=2 \mathrm{~B}-8$
$L-2 B=-4$
Solving Equation（i）and（ii），we get
$\mathrm{L}=12 \mathrm{~m}$ and $\mathrm{B}=8 \mathrm{~m}$
66. (1) Here, $a=5, b=p+q+r$,
$c=p q r=\frac{-(p+q+r)}{5}$
$p+q+r=0$
According to the formula,
$a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}=3 a b c$,
If $a+b+c=0$
We get,
$p^{2}+q^{3}+r^{3}=3$ pqr
(Since $p+q+r=0$ )
67. (3) Whole surface area of prism $=S=2 A+P_{b} \times h$

Lateral surface area $=$ Area of ends
$2 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{b}} h$
$49 \sqrt{3}=4 \mathrm{~A}$
$49 \sqrt{3}=4 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} a^{2} \quad$ [since base is equilateral triangle of side $a$ ]
$a=7 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{P}_{b}=3 a=21 \mathrm{~m}$
Now,
$2 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{P}_{b} h$
$2 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 7^{2}=3 \times 7 \times h$
$h=2.02 \mathrm{~m}$
68. (2) Volume of the water flown $=\left(7 \times 4 \times \frac{9}{2}\right)=7 \times 18=126 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

Let speed of the water be $x \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
Time $=\left(6+\frac{17}{60}\right)$ hour $=6.28$ hour $=6.3$ hour
According to the question,
$\left(x \times 1000 \times \frac{63}{10}\right) \times \frac{5}{100} \times \frac{4}{100}=126$
$63 x=126 \times 5$
$x=\frac{5 \times 126}{63}=10 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
69. (1) We know that $y$ co-ordinate of any point on $x$-axis is zero.
$y=\frac{m_{1} y_{2}+m_{2} y_{1}}{m_{1}+m_{2}}$
$0=\frac{m_{1}(2)+m_{2}(-3)}{m_{1}+m_{2}}$
$2 m_{1}-3 m_{2}=0$
$\frac{m_{1}}{m_{2}}=\frac{3}{2}=3: 2$

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70. (2) Note: Read $500 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in place of $550 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in this question.

Let the plane covers $x \mathrm{~km}$ with $440 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and $(x-770) \mathrm{km}$ at a speed of $660 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
Hence, it covers a total distance of
$(2 x-770) \mathrm{km}$ at a speed of $500 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
$\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\longleftrightarrow}$ K km $\longrightarrow(x-770) \mathrm{km} \rightarrow 1$ 。
Average speed $=\frac{\text { Total distance }}{\text { Total time }}$
$500=\frac{2 x-770}{\frac{4}{440}+\frac{x-770}{660}}$
$\frac{2 x-770}{500}=\frac{x}{440}+\frac{x-770}{660}$
$x=1760$
Total distance covered $=2 x-770=2 \times 1760-770=2750 \mathrm{~km}$
71. (4) Let the distance between $A$ and $B$ be $x \mathrm{~km}$.

Given,
Speed of boat in still water $=9 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
and speed of current $=3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
Upward speed $=(9-3)=6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and
Downward speed $=(9+3)=12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
$\frac{x}{6}+\frac{x}{12}=3$
$x=12 \mathrm{~km}$
72. (3) Annual average of the total production $=\frac{74+71+75+90+80+86}{6}=79.33 \approx 80$

Clearly, this is the production of all types of cars in 2003
73. (4) From the table the production of car $S$ has been continuously increasing during the period 1999 to 2004.
74. (3) In 2003
$P+Q=21+12=33$
$R+S=13+20=33$
75. (4) Given,

Total no of all types of cars $=80$
$25 \%$ of $80=25 \times \frac{80}{100}=20$
Clearly, It is of S type.

## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

| Abjure/Renounce | To reject formally | छां ड. दे ना |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auspicious | Prosperous, favourable | शु \% T, मं गल |
| Batten | Long flat squared timber/metal for fastening | प ट, ] T |
| Boisterous | Noisy, lacking in discipline | हु $\overline{\mathrm{c}}$ लड बा ज |
| Catastrophe | Disaster, event causing | प्र लय |
| Contagious | Capable of transmission by touch | सं क्रा मक |
| Contemporary | Occurring at the same time | स्मक ली न |
| Deist | One who advocates natural religion | प्र कृतिवा दी / प्र $\overline{\text { c }}$ यक्ष वा दी |
| Epitomize | A perfect example of | प्र ती कहा' ना |
| Fastidious | Very attentive to accuracy and detail / | दु रा ध्य नख रे बा ज |
|  | hard to please |  |
| Hatches | A small opening | निका स |
| Hireling | A person employed to do menial work | निम न का य करने वा ला |
| Irrelevant | Having no connection with subject | बे मतलब |
| Loquacious | Talkative | बा तू नी |
| Mime | Communication by gestured facing expressions (especially without words) | मू कअभि $\dagger$ नय |
| Mobilize | Make moveable or capable of movement | इस ते मा ल करना |
| Nirvana | Place of complete bliss/delight | स वर्ग |
| Officious | Intrusively offensive in offering help or advice | ज़्रददसती दख लदे ने वा ला |
| Proliferation | Rapid increase in numbers | बहु जान/ सं ख मं बढ़ ना |
| Rationalist | Who believes in practical reason | ता fर्के क |
|  | \& knowledge |  |
| Respectably | In a decent \& reputable manner | स मा ननी यढ ग से |
| Serenity | Absence of mental stress | प्र $T$ ताचर $T$ ता |
| Tangent | Diverging from the original purpose | अलग रा स ते में चले जा ना |
| Underneath | On the lower side | नी चे |
| Venal | Motivated by bribery, corrupt | बिका उ亏 |
| Volunteer | A person freely offering to do something | स वयं सेवक |

## SSC MOCK TEST - 401 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. (1) | 26. (1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. (2) | 27. (4) |
| 3. (4) | 28. (3) |
| 4. (3) | 29. (1) |
| 5. (2) | 30. (2) |
| 6. (3) | 31. (4) |
| 7. (4) | 32. (3) |
| 8. (1) | 33. (3) |
| 9. (2) | 34. (1) |
| 10. (1) | 35. (2) |
| 11. (1) | 36. (3) |
| 12. (4) | 37. (2) |
| 13. (3) | 38. (2) |
| 14. (2) | 39. (3) |
| 15. (3) | 40. (1) |
| 16. (4) | 41. (1) |
| 17. (1) | 42. (1) |
| 18. (3) | 43. (1) |
| 19. (3) | 44. (1) |
| 20. (3) | 45. (2) |
| 21. (2) | 46. (2) |
| 22. (3) | 47. (4) |
| 23. (1) | 48. (1) |
| 24. (1) | 49. (3) |
| 25. (4) | 50. (1) |

51. (2)
52. (1)
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93. (1)
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95. (4)
96. (2)
97. (1)
98. (3)
99. (4)
100. (2)
101. (1) Change 'a' into 'an' . 'Earth quake' starts with vowel sound.
102. (1) Change 'does' into 'do'. 'Parents' is a plural noun.
103. (3) The correct spelling is 'Conscience'.
104. (1) The correct spelling is 'Nirvana'.
