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## IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I-337 (SOLUTION)

(1-5) :


1. (2)
2. (3)
3. (4)
4. (1)
5. (1)
(6-10) :

| Days | Subject |
| :---: | :---: |
| Monday | English |
| Tuesday | Maths |
| Wednesday | GS |
| Thursday | Computer |
| Friday | Reasoning |
| Saturday | Marketing |
| Sunday | Holiday |

6. (1)
7. (4)
8. (2)
9. (5)
10. (4)
(11-12) :

11. (5)
12. (3) Required distance $=25+40+60+90$

$$
=215 \text { metres }
$$

(13-18) :


13. (3)
14. (2)
15. (1)
16. (3)
17. (4)
18. (4)
(19-23) :
19. (4) $\mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H} \geq \mathrm{P} \geq \mathrm{Z}>\mathrm{N}$
I. $\mathrm{D} \geq \mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ False
II. $\mathrm{Z}<\mathrm{D} \rightarrow$ False

Neither conclusion I nor II is true.
20. (4) $\mathrm{F} \geq \mathrm{J} \leq \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{S}<\mathrm{N}$
I. $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ False
II. $\mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ False

Neither conclusion I nor II is true.
21. (1) $\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{P} \leq \mathrm{S}$ and $\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{E} \leq \mathrm{P}>\mathrm{Q}$
I. $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{C} \rightarrow$ True
II. $\mathrm{E}<\mathrm{Q} \rightarrow$ False

Only conclusion I is true.
22. (2) $\mathrm{S} \geq \mathrm{R}>\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{N}<\mathrm{L} \leq \mathrm{Q}$
I. $\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{L} \rightarrow$ False
II. $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ True

Only conclusion II is true.
23. (1) $\mathrm{S} \geq \mathrm{U}>\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{T}$
I. $\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{T} \rightarrow$ True
II. $\mathrm{N}>\mathrm{U} \rightarrow$ False

Only conclusion I is true.
(24-28) :
24. (2)
27. (5)

28. (2)
(29-30) : $\mathrm{T}>\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{V}>\mathrm{S}>\mathrm{P}>\mathrm{R}$

29. (3)
30. (5)
(31-35):
31. (1)

I. True
II. False
Only conclusion I is true.
(32-33) :

32.
(2) I. False
II. True
Only conclusion II is true.
33.
(5) I. False
II. False
Neither conclusion I nor II is true.

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(34-35) :

34. (2) I. False
II. True

Only conclusion II is true.
35. (3) I. Doubt
II. Doubt

Either conclusion I or II is true.

## MATHS

## (36-40):

36. (4) ? $\approx 448 \div 28 \times 5$
$=\frac{448}{28} \times 5=16 \times 5=80$
37. (3) $(3.5)^{2} \times 19.95+?=275$
$\Rightarrow 12.25 \times 20+$ ? $\approx 275$
$\Rightarrow$ ? $=275-245=30$
38. (2) ? $=85 \%$ of $225+32.91 \times 5.01$
$\approx 85 \%$ of $225+33 \times 5$
$=\frac{85 \times 225}{100}+33 \times 5$
$=191.25+165$
$=356.25 \approx 355$
39. (5) $?=(15.96)^{2}+75 \%$ of 285
$\approx(16)^{2}+\frac{75 \times 285}{100}$
$=256+213.75$
$=469.75 \approx 470$
40. (4) $?=1679 \div 14.95 \times 5.02$
$\approx 1680 \div 15 \times 5$
$=\frac{1680}{15} \times 5=560 \approx 565$

## (41-45) :

41. (1) No. of men visiting chennai
$=56800 \times \frac{45}{100}=25560$
Total no. of people visiting all the cities
$=34500+72500+45600+56800+42500+$
$64600=316500$
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\left(\frac{25560}{316500} \times 100\right) \%$
$=8.07 \% \approx 8 \%$
42. (3) No. of chidren visiting Bangalore
$=45600 \times \frac{23}{100}=10488$
No. of children visiting patna and Hyderabad
$=42500 \times \frac{20}{100}+64600 \times \frac{12}{100}$
$=8500+7752=16252$
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\left(\frac{10488}{16252} \times 100\right) \%=64.53 \%$
$\approx 65 \%$
43. (4) Total no. of childern and Men together visiting Mumbai and Bangalore
$=72500 \times \frac{55}{100}+45600 \times \frac{58}{100}$
$=39875+26448=66323$
44. (3) Total no.of women visiting all the cities
$=34500 \times \frac{55}{100}+72500 \times \frac{45}{100}+45600 \times$
$\frac{42}{100}+56800 \times \frac{28}{100}+42500 \times \frac{65}{100}+64600$
$\times \frac{58}{100}$
$=18975+32625+19152+15904+27625+$
$37468=151749$
$\therefore$ Required average $=\frac{151749}{6}$
$=25291.5 \approx 25292$
45. (1) No. of Women visiting Delhi

$$
=34500 \times \frac{55}{100}=18975
$$

No. of women visiting Bangalore
$=45600 \times \frac{42}{100}=19152$
$\therefore$ Required ratio $=18975: 19152$

$$
=6325: 6384
$$

## (46-50):

46. (4) The series is based on the following pattern:
$11=2 \times 3+5$
$38=11 \times 4-6$
$197=38 \times 5+7$
$1172 \neq 197 \times 6-8$
$\therefore 1172$ is wong and it should be replaced by $197 \times 6-8=1174$
47. (1) The series is based on the following pattern:
$107-71=36=6^{2}$
$71-46=25=5^{2}$
$46-30=16=4^{2}$
$30-21=9=3^{2}$
$21-19=2 \neq 2^{2}$
$\therefore 19$ should be replaced by 17 for which 21 $17=2^{2}$

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48. (4) The series is based on the following pattern:
$16=9+7$
$25=16+9$
$41=25+16$
$68 \neq 41+25$
68 should be replaced by 66 .
49. (3) The series is based on the following pattern:


Obviously, 3.5 is the wrong number and it should be replaced by 3 .
50. (2) The series is based on the following pattern:


Obviously, 1.75 is the wrong number and it should be replaced by 1.5 .
51. (2) One man's one day's work
$=\frac{1}{20 \times 15}=\frac{1}{300}$
Suppose after $n$ days work is finished.
so, $\frac{1}{300}+\frac{2}{300}+\ldots . \frac{n}{300}=1$
or, $1+2=3+\ldots . n=300$
or, $\frac{x+3 x}{20}=300$
or, $n^{2}+n-600=0$
or $n^{2}+25 n-24 n-600=0$
or, $n(n+25)-24(n+25)=0$
or, $(n-24)(n+25)=0$
$\therefore n=24,-25$ (Neglect negative value of $n$ )
Therefore, required no. of days $=24$ days
52. (5) Let the length of train be $x$ metres.

Time taken in crossing the pole
$=\frac{x}{20}$ seconds
Time taken in crossing the bridge $=\frac{x+3 x}{20}$
$=\frac{4 x}{20}$ seconds
A/Q, $\frac{4 x}{20}-\frac{x}{20}=24$
$\Rightarrow \frac{3 x}{20}=24 \Rightarrow \frac{24 \times 20}{3}=160 \mathrm{~m}$
53. (4) Let the principal be Rs. $x$ and rate of interest be $r \%$

Case I : $\frac{x \times r \times 7}{100}=1750$
$\Rightarrow x r=\frac{1750 \times 100}{7}$
$=₹ 25000$
Case II :
S.I. $=\frac{x \times(r+2) \times 7}{100}$

Which cannot be determined with the help of given information.
54. (1) Let the number of passed student and failed students be $25 x$ and $4 x$ respectively.
A/Q, if 5 more students appeared $=25 x+4 x$ $+5=29 x+5$
Number of feild students was 2 less $=4 x-2$
Passed = appeared - failed

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{(29 x+5)-(4 x-2)}{4 x-2}=\frac{22}{3} \\
& \Rightarrow \frac{(29 x-4 x+5+2)}{(4 x-2)}=\frac{22}{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \frac{(25 x+7)}{(4 x+2)}=\frac{22}{3}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow 75 x+21=88 x-44
$$

$$
\Rightarrow 21+44=88 x-75 x
$$

$$
\Rightarrow 13 x=65
$$

$$
\Rightarrow x=5
$$

$\therefore$ Number of students who appeared
$=29 x=29 \times 5=145$
55. (3) Total CP
$=₹(12000+10000)=₹ 22000$
Total S.P. $=\left(\frac{12000 \times 108}{100}+\frac{10000 \times 88}{100}\right)$
$=₹(12960+8800)=₹ 21760$
$\therefore$ Loss $=₹(22000-21760)=₹ 240$

## (56-60):

56. (4) No. of cars Manufactured by company A in the year 2000 and $2001=(128-107) \times$ 1000
$=21000$
57. (3) Total no. of cars produced by company A in all the years
$=(139+120+100+128+107+148) \times 1000$
$=742000$

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and the total no. of cars produced by company $B$ in all the years
$=(119+99+141+78+120+159) \times 1000$
$=716000$
$\therefore$ Required difference $=742000-716000$ $=26000$
58. (1) Total no. of cars produced by company B over the given years $=716000$
$\therefore$ Requird average $=\frac{716000}{6}$
$=119333.33 \approx 119333$
59. (4) The difference between the production of cars by companies B and A in the year
$1997=(139-119) \times 1000=20000$
$1998=(120-99) \times 1000=21000$
$1999=(141-100) \times 1000=41000$
$2000=(128-78) \times 1000=50000$
$2001=(120-107) \times 1000=13000$
$2002=(159-148) \times 1000=11000$
$\therefore$ Required answer is 2000 .
60. (2) Required $\%=\left(\frac{128}{78} \times 100\right) \%$

$$
=164.10 \% \approx 164 \%
$$

61. (2) Number of balls $=6+5+8=19$

Exhaustive number of cases $=$ Ways of selecting 4 balls out of 19
$={ }^{19} \mathrm{C}_{4}=\frac{19 \times 18 \times 17 \times 16}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4}=3876$
Favourable number of cases $=$ Selecting 4 red balls or any two green balls out of the four $=6 c_{4}+5 c_{2} \times 14 c_{2}$
$=\frac{6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3}{1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4}+\frac{5 \times 4}{2} \times \frac{14 \times 13}{2}$
$=15+910=925$
$\therefore$ Required probability
$=\frac{925}{3876}$
62. (3) Number of valid votes
$=8400 \times \frac{75}{100}=6300$
Number of valid votes got by other person (defeated) $=48 \%$ of 6300
$=\frac{6300 \times 48}{100}=3024$
63. (3) Let the rate of interest be R\% per annum.
$\therefore \mathrm{CI}=\mathrm{P}\left[\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{\mathrm{T}}-1\right]$
$\Rightarrow 5596.8=22000\left[\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}-1\right]$
$\Rightarrow \frac{5596.8}{22000}=\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}-1$
$\Rightarrow\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}=1+\frac{5596.8}{22000}$
$\Rightarrow\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}=\frac{22000+5596.8}{22000}=\frac{27596.8}{22000}$
$\Rightarrow\left(1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}=\frac{275968}{220000}=\frac{12544}{10000}$
$\Rightarrow 1+\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}=\sqrt{\frac{12544}{10000}}=\frac{112}{100}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}=\frac{112}{100}-1=\frac{112-110}{100}=\frac{12}{100}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{R}=12 \%$
$\therefore \mathrm{SI}=\frac{\text { Principal } \times \text { Time } \times \text { Rate }}{100}$
$=\frac{22000 \times 2 \times 12}{100}=₹ 5280$
64. (2) Here,
$x=30, y=10, a=4$ and $n=2$
$\therefore$ Required ratio $=\left(1-\frac{a}{x+y}\right)^{n}$
$=\left(1-\frac{4}{30+10}\right)^{2}=\left(1-\frac{4}{40}\right)^{2}$
$=\left(1-\frac{1}{10}\right)^{2}=\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^{2}$
$=\frac{81}{100}=81: 100$
65. (3) Side of square
$=\sqrt{\text { Area }}=\sqrt{196}=14 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ Radius of circle $=28 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ Circumfence of circle
$=2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times 28=176 \mathrm{~cm}$
If the lenght of rectangle be $x \mathrm{~cm}$ then,
$2(x+176)=712$
$\Rightarrow x+176=\frac{712}{2}=356$
$\therefore x=356-176=180 \mathrm{~cm}$

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(66-70) :
66. (4) I. $4 x^{2}-8 x+3=0$
$\Rightarrow 4 x^{2}-2 x-6 x+3=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 x(2 x-1)-3(2 x-1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 x-3)(2 x-1)=0$
$\therefore x=\frac{3}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
II. $2 y^{2}-7 y+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y^{2}-4 y-3 y+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y(y-2)-3(y-2)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 y-3)(y-2)=0$
$\therefore y=\frac{3}{2}$ or 2
Clearly, $x \leq y$
67. (1) I. $2 x^{2}-95 x+828=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 x^{2}-72 x-23 x+828=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 x(x-36)-23(x-36)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 x-23)(x-36)=0$
$\therefore x=\frac{23}{2}, 36$
II. $2 y^{2}-13 y+21=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y^{2}-6 y-7 y+21=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y(y-3)-7(y-3)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 y-7)(y-3)=0$
$\therefore y=\frac{7}{2}, 3$
Clearly, $x>y$
68. (1) I. $18 x^{2}-21 x+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 18 x^{2}-9 x-12 x+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 9 x(2 x-1)-6(2 x-1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(9 x-6)(2 x-1)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{6}{9}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$
II. $2 y^{2}+13 y+21=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y^{2}+6 y+7 y+21=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y(y+3)+7(y+3)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 y+7)(y+3)=0$
$\therefore y=-\frac{7}{2}$ or -3
Clearly, $x>y$
69. (5) I. $x^{2}=256$
$\Rightarrow x=+16,-16$
II. $3 y^{2}+14 y+16=0$
$\Rightarrow 3 y^{2}+6 y+8 y+16=0$
$\Rightarrow 3 y(y+2)+8(y+2)=0$
$\Rightarrow(3 y+8)(y+2)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=-\frac{8}{3}$ or -2
70. (4) I. $8 x^{2}+6 x+20=25$
$\Rightarrow 8 x^{2}+6 x-5=0$
$\Rightarrow 8 x^{2}+10 x-4 x-5=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 x(4 x+5)-1(4 x+5)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 x-1)(4 x+5)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{1}{2}$ or $-\frac{5}{4}$
II. $6 y^{2}-11 y+10=6$
$\Rightarrow 6 y^{2}-11 y+4=0$
$\Rightarrow 6 y^{2}-3 y-8 y+4=0$
$\Rightarrow 3 y^{2}(2 y-1)-4(2 y-1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(3 y-4)(2 y-1)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=\frac{4}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$
Clearly, $x \leq y$

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE

91. (1) Change 'regulating' into 'to regulate'.
92. (2) The phrase is 'hard to mouth' meaning 'with only bare essentials'.
93 (1) Change 'earning' into 'earn'.
93. (5) No error.
94. (4) change 'ask' into 'asked'.
95. (4) Put 'is' before 'unable'.
96. (4) Replace 'are' by 'have'.
97. (4) Change 'severe' into 'severely'.
98. (2) Change 'was' into 'were'.
99. (5) No error.

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## IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I - 337 (ANSWER KEY)

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