## SSC MOCK TEST - 313 (SOLUTION)

1. (A) As,
$27 \Rightarrow 2^{3}$ and $7^{2} \Rightarrow 849$
Similarly,
$38 \Rightarrow 3^{3}$ and $8^{2} \Rightarrow 2764$
2. (D) Neigh is the sound of Horse, while Quack is the sound of Duck.
3. (B) Except (B), in others second number is exactly divided by the first number,
4. (D) Except Deteriorate, others are related to each other.
5. (B) As,

RID E $\Rightarrow 18945 \underset{ }{\stackrel{\text { Reverse }}{\rightleftharpoons}} 81945$
And,
S U N $\Rightarrow 192114 \underset{ }{\stackrel{\text { Reverse }}{\rightleftarrows}} 911241$
Similarly,
M U G $\Rightarrow 13217 \underset{ }{\stackrel{\text { Reverse }}{\rightleftarrows}} 31127$
6. (C) $24+(24 \div 2)=36$
$36+(36 \div 2)=54$
$54+(54 \div 2)=81$
$81+(81 \div 2)=121.5$
7.

8. (D)


Hence, $T$ is not the paternal grandfather of $M$.
9. (B) As,
$15 \Rightarrow(1+5)^{2}=36$
$36 \Rightarrow(3+6)^{2}=81$
Similarly,
$25 \Rightarrow(2+5)^{2}=49$
$49 \Rightarrow(4+9)^{2}=169$

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10. (B) $\mathrm{pq} \underline{\mathbf{m} d h / \mathbf{p q m d}} \underline{\mathbf{h}} / \mathrm{pqm} \underline{\mathbf{d} h / \mathbf{p q m d h}}$
11. (C)
12. (A) In first row,
$18+9=27=(2+7)^{2}=81$
In second row,
$15+14=29=(2+9)^{2}=121$
In third row,
$13+17=30=(3+0)^{2}=9$
13. (B) $45 * 24 * 72 * 20 * 12 * 7$

Putting the sign in place of *,
$45 \times 24 \div 72=20-12+7$
$\frac{45 \times 24}{72}=27-12$
$15=15$
14. (C)


Sun always rises in the East. So in morning, the shadow falls towards the West. Now Pole's shadow falls to the left of Raghav. So he is standing facing North.
15. (D) 3. Education $\rightarrow$ 5. Job $\rightarrow$ 1. Income $\rightarrow 2$. Status $\rightarrow$ 4. Well-being
16. (B) $\mathrm{G}=₹(\mathrm{P}+88)$
$S+K=₹ 550$
$\mathrm{K}=\mathrm{G}+25$
$S+K+G=₹ 840$
From equation (ii) and (iv),
$\mathrm{G}=840-550=₹ 290$
Put the value of $G$ in equation (i),
$290=P+88$
$\mathrm{P}=290-88=₹ 202$
Hence, P has ₹ 202.
17. (C)

I. Doubt
II. False
III. Doubt

Hence, either conclusion I or III follows.
18. (D)
19. (B)
20. (B) At 2 O'clock, the hour hand is at 2 and the minute hand is at 12 , i.e. they are 10 min spaces apart.
To be together, the minute hand must gain 10 minutes over the hour hand. Now, 55 minutes are gained by it in 60 minute.

10 minutes will be gained in $\frac{60}{55} \times 10$ minutes $=10 \frac{10}{11} \mathrm{~min}$.
$\therefore$ The hands will coincide at $10 \frac{10}{11}$ min. past 2
21. (D) 1

234
$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9\end{array}$


Suman is 3 places to the right of Neha's original position. Clearly, Suman is $17^{\text {th }}$ from the left end.
22. (D)
23. (D)
24. (C)
25. (D)
26. (B) According to tradition and epigraphic evidence two brothers, Harihara and Bukka, founded the Vijayanagara Empire in 1336. This empire included within its fluctuating frontiers peoples who spoke different languages and followed different religious traditions.
27. (B) John Dalton, (born September 5 or 6, 1766, Eaglesfield, Cumberland, England—died July 27, 1844, Manchester), English meteorologist and chemist, a pioneer in the development of modern atomic theory.
28. (C) Heena Sidhu (born 29 August 1989) is an Indian sport shooter. On 7 April 2014, Sidhu became the first Indian pistol shooter to reach number one in world rankings by the International Shooting Sport Federation.
30. (C) Deep sea planes are gently sloping areas of the ocean basins. These are the flattest and smoothest regions of the world because of terrigenous [denoting marine sediment eroded from the land] and shallow water sediments that buries the irregular topography. It covers nearly $40 \%$ of the ocean floor.
34. (D) Ibn Batuta reached Delhi during the reign of Mohammad Bin Tughlaq and with him he bought several precious presents for the Sultan of Delhi. The explorer served the king for seven years as a judge in his royal court.
39. (B) Kanchenjunga, also spelled Kangchenjunga or Kinchinjunga, Nepali Kumbhkaran Lungur, world's third highest mountain, with an elevation of 28,169 feet ( 8,586 metres).
41. (C) The 42nd Amendment changed the description of India from a "sovereign democratic republic" to a "sovereign, socialist secular democratic republic", and also changed the words "unity of the nation" to "unity and integrity of the nation".
42. (D) Sambhar Salt Lake, ephemeral salt lake, the largest lake in India, situated in east-central Rajasthan state, west of Jaipur.
44. (D) A Judge of the Supreme Court cannot be removed from office except by an order of the President passed after an address in each House of Parliament supported by a majority of the total membership of that House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of members present and voting, and presented to the President in the same Session for such removal on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity. A person who has been a Judge of the Supreme Court is debarred from practising in any court of law or before any other authority in India.
46. (D) Sesamum is a kharif crop in north and rabi crop in south India. Castor seed is grown both as rabi and kharif crop.
47. (A) Alan Burgess, New Zealand first-class cricketer and World War II veteran, dies aged 100.
48. (D) In Article 48, the State shall endeavor to organize agriculture and animal husbandry on modern and scientific lines and shall, in particular, take steps for preserving and improving the breeds, and prohibiting the slaughter, of cows and calves and other milch and draught cattle.
50. (A) Indian women's cricket team opener Smriti Mandhana became the first Indian woman to score a century in a pink-ball Test on Friday when she played a 127-run knock against Australia in the one-off Pink Ball Test. This is also the first century by an Indian woman on Australian soil.
51. (B) $\mathrm{P}=₹ 8000$
$R=25 \%$
T = 3 years
$\mathrm{CI}-\mathrm{SI}$ for 3 years $=\mathrm{P}\left(\frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)^{2}\left(\frac{300+\mathrm{R}}{100}\right)$
$=8000\left(\frac{25}{100}\right)^{2}\left(\frac{300+25}{100}\right)$
$=8000 \times \frac{1}{16} \times \frac{325}{100}=₹ 1625$
52. (A) Speed of boat in still water $=14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Speed of stream $=6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Speed of boat in downstream $=14+6=20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Speed of boat in upstream $=14-6=8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
So, distance covered in 1 hour in downstream $=20 \mathrm{~km}$
Remaining distance $=60-20=40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Now, speed of boat in downstream $=14+2=16 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Time taken to cover 24 km in downstream $=\frac{24}{8}=3$ hour
Time taken to cover 40 km in upstream $=\frac{40}{16}=2.5$ hour
$\therefore$ Required time taken $=1+2.5+3=6.5$ hours
53. (D) $\mathrm{R}=8 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{r}=5 \mathrm{~m}$
$\mathrm{h}=21 \mathrm{~m}$
Volume of hollow cylinder $=\pi\left(\mathrm{R}^{2}-\mathrm{r}^{2}\right) \mathrm{h}$
$=\frac{22}{7}\left(8^{2}-5^{2}\right) \times 21$
$=\frac{22}{7} \times 13 \times 3 \times 21=2574 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
$\therefore \quad$ Volume of metal which is used to make the pipe $=2574 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

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54. (C) Usual speed of Raghav $=24 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$

Now, speed of Raghav $=24 \times \frac{5}{6}=20 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Let the distance be x km .
ATQ,
$\frac{x}{20}-\frac{x}{24}=\frac{20}{60}$
$\frac{6 x-5 x}{120}=\frac{1}{3}$
$\frac{x}{120}=\frac{1}{3}$
$x=\frac{120}{3}=40 \mathrm{~km}$
$\therefore$ Required usual time $=\frac{40}{24}=\frac{5}{3}$ hours $=100$ minutes
55. (A) Let the present age of son be $x$ year.

Age of father $=(x+30)$ years
Five years ago,
Age of son $=(x-5)$ years
Age of father $=(x+30-5)=(x+25)$ years
ATQ,
$(x+25)=(x-5) \times 2$
$x+25=2 x-10$
$\mathrm{x}=35$ years
Sum of present age of son and father $=35+65=100$ years
Total age will be 120 years in 10 years.
$\therefore$ Required answer $=10$ years
56. (B) Let the total work $=48$ units
(Priti and Lucky)'s 1 day work $=\frac{48}{8}=6$ work
Priti's 1 day work $=\frac{48}{12}=4$ work
Now, Lucky's 1 day work $=6-4=2$ work
Raghav's 1 day work $=4 \times \frac{150}{100}=6$ work
Total work of Lucky and Raghav $=2+6=8$ work
$\therefore$ Required time taken $=\frac{48}{8}=6$ days

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57. (D) Cost price of an item $=₹ \mathrm{X}$

Selling price $=$ ₹ Y
Profit $=12 \%$
So, $Y=X \times \frac{112}{100}=₹ 1.12 \mathrm{X}$
New cost price $=X \times \frac{95}{100}=₹ 0.95 X$
New selling price $=0.95 \mathrm{X} \times \frac{112}{100}=₹ 1.064 \mathrm{X}$
ATQ,
$1.12 \mathrm{X}-1.064 \mathrm{X}=644$
$0.056 \mathrm{X}=644$
$X=\frac{644}{0.056}=₹ 11500$
$\therefore$ Value of $Y=₹ 1.12 \mathrm{X}=1.12 \times 11500=₹ 12880$
58. (A) $\mathrm{x}^{\frac{1}{3}}+\mathrm{y}^{\frac{1}{3}}=\mathrm{z}^{\frac{1}{3}}$

Cubing both sides,
$x+y+3\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}+y^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)(x y)^{\frac{1}{3}}=z$
$x+y+3(z)^{\frac{1}{3}}(x y)^{\frac{1}{3}}=z$
$(z+y-z)=-3(x y z)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
$(x+y-z)^{3}=-27 x y z$
$\therefore \quad(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{z})^{3}+27 \mathrm{xyz}=0$
59. (C) $\operatorname{cosec} A-\cot A=x$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{\sin A}-\frac{\cos A}{\sin A}=x \\
& x=\frac{1-\cos A}{\sin A} \times \frac{1+\cos A}{1+\cos A} \\
& =\frac{1-\cos ^{2} A}{\sin A(1+\cos A)}=\frac{\sin ^{2} A}{\sin A(1+\cos A)} \\
& =\frac{\sin A}{1+\cos A}
\end{aligned}
$$

60. (A) $\mathrm{x}-\frac{2}{\mathrm{x}}=14$

Squaring both sides,
$\left(x-\frac{2}{x}\right)^{2}=14^{2}$
$x-\frac{2}{x}=14^{2}+2 \times x \times \frac{2}{x}=196$
$x^{2}-\frac{4}{x^{2}}=196-4$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{x}^{2}+\frac{4}{\mathrm{x}^{2}}=192$
61. (B) $\sin ^{2} 60^{\circ}+\cos ^{2} 30^{\circ}-\sin ^{2} 45^{\circ}-3 \sin ^{2} 90^{\circ}$
$=\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}-3 \times(1)^{2}$
$=\frac{3}{4}+\frac{3}{4}-\frac{1}{2}-3$
$=\frac{3+3-2-12}{4}$
$=-\frac{8}{4}=-2$
62. (D) $\frac{7}{12} \div \frac{1}{10}$ of $\frac{2}{3}-\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{9}{10}+\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{2}{3}$
$=\frac{7}{12} \div \frac{1}{15}-\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{9}{10}+\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{1}{2}$
$=\frac{7}{12} \times 15-\frac{5}{3} \times \frac{9}{10}+\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{2}{1}$
$=\frac{35}{4}-\frac{3}{2}+\frac{5}{4}$
$=\frac{35-6+5}{4}=\frac{34}{4}=\frac{17}{2}$
63. (D) Total surface are of prism having base as an equilateral Triangles
$=2 \times$ area of base + (perimeter of base $\times$ height)
Side of equilateral Triangles $=12 \mathrm{~cm}$
Height of prism $=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
Area of equilateral Triangles $=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times \operatorname{side}^{2}$
$=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 12^{2}=36 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
Perimeter of equilateral Triangles $=3 \times$ side $=3 \times 12=36 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ Total surface area $=2 \times 36 \sqrt{3} \times 36 \times 10=72 \sqrt{3}+360=72(5+\sqrt{3}) \mathrm{cm}^{2}$

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64. (D)


In $\triangle \mathrm{XYM}$,
$\angle \mathrm{MXY}=\angle \mathrm{XMZ}-\angle \mathrm{XYM}$
$\angle M X Y=32^{\circ}-16^{\circ}=16^{\circ}$
Since, $\angle \mathrm{MXY}=\angle \mathrm{XYM}$,
$Y M=M X=M Z \quad(Y M=M Z$ and $M$ is the midpoint of $Y Z)$
Now, In $\triangle X M Z$,
$X M=M Z$
Therefore, $\angle \mathrm{MXZ}=\angle \mathrm{XZM}$
$\angle \mathrm{XZM}=\frac{180^{\circ}-\angle \mathrm{XZM}}{2}$
$\angle \mathrm{XZY}=\angle \mathrm{XZM}=\frac{180^{\circ}-32^{\circ}}{2}=\frac{148^{\circ}}{2}=74^{\circ}$
65. (B) Quantity of milk $=729 \times \frac{7}{9}=567 \mathrm{ml}$ and Water $=162 \mathrm{ml}$

Let $x \mathrm{ml}$ water be added.
ATQ,
$\frac{567}{162+x}=\frac{7}{3}$
$162+x=243$
$x=81 \mathrm{ml}$
66. (A)


Required distance is $B C$.
In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$,
$\cos 30^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{BC}}{\mathrm{AC}}$
$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}=\frac{B C}{10}$
$\therefore \quad B C=8.66 \mathrm{~m}$

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67. (B)


Area of $\triangle \mathrm{ADC}=\left(\frac{5}{4} \times 60\right)=75 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
68. (D)


Radius $=\mathrm{OE}$
$\mathrm{OB}=\mathrm{OA}=\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}$
$\angle \mathrm{EBO}=90^{\circ}+45^{\circ}$
$\cos \angle \mathrm{EBO}=\cos \left(90+45^{\circ}\right)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \cos \left(90+45^{\circ}\right)=\frac{\mathrm{BE}^{2}+\mathrm{OB}^{2}-\mathrm{OE}^{2}}{2 \times \mathrm{BE} \times \mathrm{OB}} \\
& -\sin 45^{\circ}=\frac{x^{2}+\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^{2}-\mathrm{OE}^{2}}{2 \times x \times \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}}
\end{aligned}
$$

$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}=\frac{x^{2}+\frac{x^{2}}{2}-\mathrm{OE}^{2}}{\sqrt{2} \times x^{2}}$
$\mathrm{OE}^{2}=\frac{5 x}{2}$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{OE}=\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} x$

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69. (B) Total CP of the rice $=30 \times 70+20 \times 70.75=₹ 3515$

Total SP of rice $=50 \times 80.50=₹ 4025$
$\therefore \quad$ Profit $=4025-3515=₹ 510$
70. (C) $\tan 4^{\circ} \cdot \tan 43^{\circ} \cdot \tan 47^{\circ} \cdot \tan 86^{\circ}$
$\tan \left(90^{\circ}-86^{\circ}\right) \cdot \tan \left(90^{\circ}-47^{\circ}\right) \cdot \tan 47^{\circ} \cdot \tan 86^{\circ}$
$\cot 86^{\circ} \cdot \cot 47^{\circ} \cdot \tan 47^{\circ} \cdot \tan 86^{\circ}=1$
71. (D) $27 a^{3}-54 a^{2} b+36 a b^{2}-8 b^{3}=(3 a-2 b)^{3}$
$=(6+6)^{3}=12^{3}=1728$
72. (C) Mobile phones sold by Apple $=\left(\frac{30}{40} \times 100\right)=75 \%$

Mobile phones sold by Nokia $=\left(\frac{40}{55} \times 100\right) \%=72.72 \%$

Mobile phones sold by Samsung $=\left(\frac{70}{80} \times 100\right) \%=87.5 \%$
Mobile phones sold by Moto $=\left(\frac{60}{75} \times 100\right) \%=80 \%$
Hence, mobiles phones sold by Samsung is maximum.
73. (B) Unsold mobiles of Apple $=(40000-30000)=10000$

Unsold mobiles of Nokia $=(65000-40000)=25000$
Unsold mobiles of Samsung $=(80000-70000)=10000$
Unsold mobiles of Moto $=(75000-60000)=15000$
Unsold mobiles of one-plus $=(35000-35000)=0$
$\therefore$ Average number unsold mobiles of all the companies

$$
=\frac{10000+25000+10000+15000}{5}=\frac{60000}{5}=12000
$$

74. (C) Total production of phone in all companies $=(40+55+80+75+35)=285$ thousands
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\left(\frac{55}{285} \times 100\right)=19.30 \% \approx 19 \%$
75. (A) Unsold mobile phones of Apple $=(40-30)=10$

Unsold mobiles phones of Nokia $=(55-40)=15$
$\therefore$ Required ratio $=10: 15=2: 3$

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## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

## Alimony

Aromatic
Assassin

Befit
Clad
Commensurate
Condole
Console

Fable

Fiasco
Kleptomaniac

Optometrist

Pantheist

Parsimony

Pedantic
Perennial

Philanderer

Rhetoric

Tart
Verbatim
a husband＇s or wife＇s court－ordered provision for a spouse after separation or divorce having a pleasant and distinctive smell a murderer of an important person in a surprise attack for political or religious reasons be appropriate for
clothed corresponding in size or degree；in proportion express sympathy for（someone） comfort（someone）at a time of grief or disappointment
a short story，typically with animals as characters，conveying a moral a complete failure
a person who cannot control their desire to steal things，usually because of a medical condition

A person who has a profession of examining the eyes for visual defects and prescribing corrective lenses one who practice a doctrine that equates God with the forces and laws of the universe extreme unwillingness to spend money or use resources
showing much knowledge
lasting or existing for a long or apparently infinite time a man who readily or frequently enters into casual sexual relationships with women the art of effective or persuasive speaking or writing sharp or acid in taste in exactly the same words

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स ₹ वना दे ना

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काT
असम लता
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चिक्ति से यरिथा तिके का रप ची ज़
का चाँ री करने की अप्मी इचछ
का नियं नि T तनही ${ }^{\prime}$ कर रकता हा
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## SSC MOCK TEST - 313 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. (A) | 26. (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. (D) | 27. (B) |
| 3. (B) | 28. (C) |
| 4. (D) | 29. (A) |
| 5. (B) | 30. (C) |
| 6. (C) | 31. (C) |
| 7. (D) | 32. (B) |
| 8. (D) | 33. (C) |
| 9. (B) | 34. (D) |
| 10. (B) | 35. (A) |
| 11. (C) | 36. (C) |
| 12. (A) | 37. (B) |
| 13. (B) | 38. (A) |
| 14. (C) | 39. (B) |
| 15. (D) | 40. (D) |
| 16. (B) | 41. (C) |
| 17. (C) | 42. (D) |
| 18. (D) | 43. (A) |
| 19. (B) | 44. (D) |
| 20. (B) | 45. (B) |
| 21. (D) | 46. (D) |
| 22. (D) | 47. (A) |
| 23. (D) | 48. (D) |
| 24. (C) | 49. (C) |
| 25. (D) | 50. (A) |

51. (B)
52. (D)
53. (A)
54. (A)
55. (D)
56. (C)
57. (B)
58. (D)
59. (D)
60. (C)
61. (C)
62. (C)
63. (C)
64. (B)
65. (C)
66. (B)
67. (C)
68. (A)
69. (C)
70. (B)
71. (B)
72. (C)
73. (B)
74. (C)
75. (C)
76. (A)
77. (D) No error
78. (A) 'Bacteria' is a plural noun, hence it is followed by a plural verb. Change 'is' into 'are'.
79. (C) Verb 'prefer' is followed by 'to'.
80. (C) No improvement. 'Taxes' is Third Person Plural Noun, therefore, 'they' should be used for it.
81. (B) The correct spelling of 'Optomatrist' is 'Optometrist'.
82. (B) The correct spelling of 'Perenial' is 'Perennial'.
