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1997, GROUND FLOOR OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, OUTRAM LINES, GTB NAGAR, NEW DELHI – 09

SSC MOCK TEST - 266 (SOLUTION)

- 1. (C) Gambler goes to Casino, while Clerk goes to office.
- 2. (A) As,

$$M_{(13)} N_{(14)} \rightarrow (1+3) (1+4) \rightarrow 45$$

Similarly,

$$P_{(16)} R_{(18)} \rightarrow (1+6) (1+8) \rightarrow 79$$

3. (D) As,

$$9^2 - 8^2 - 7^2 = -32$$

Similarly,

$$4^2 - 3^2 - 2^2 = 3$$

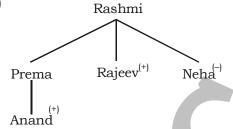
- 4. (D) Except option (C), others are divisible by 13.
- 5. (C) Except lion, others are herbivorous animals.
- 6. (C) (A) $1^2 + 9^2 + 2^2 + 0^2 = 86$

(B)
$$2^2 + 2^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 = 21$$

(C)
$$2^2 + 5^2 + 2^2 + 6^2 = 69 \neq 72$$

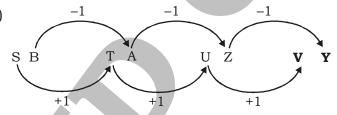
(D)
$$8^2 + 9^2 = 145$$

- 7. (D) 1. Pitiful \rightarrow 3. Pitiless \rightarrow 2. Plague \rightarrow 5. Plankton \rightarrow 4. Pitiful
- 8. (B)



Anand is grandson of Rashmi.

9. (A)



10. (B) $17 + 4^2 = 33$

$$33 + 5^2 = 58$$

$$58 + 6^2 = 94$$

$$94 + 7^2 = 143$$

- 11. (B) From figure (i) and (ii), we can conclude that the alphabet C, D, A and E lie adjacent to the F. Thus, B lie opposite to F.
- 12. (D) Column Ist figure,

$$49 - 36 = 13 \Rightarrow 13 \times 10 = 130$$

Column IInd figure,

$$25 - 14 = 11 \Rightarrow 11 \times 10 = 110$$

Column IIIrd figure,

$$35 - 23 = 12 \Rightarrow 12 \times 10 = 120$$



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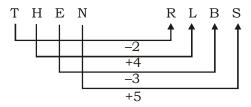
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13. (B) $11^2 = 121 \Rightarrow 1 + 2 + 1 = 4$

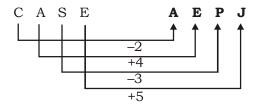
$$12^2 = 144 \implies 1 + 4 + 4 = 9$$

$$13^2 = 169 \Rightarrow 1 + 6 + 9 = 16$$

14. (A) As,

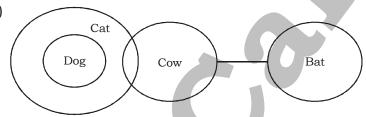


Similarly,



- 15. (C)
- 16. (D) There are twelve triangles in the given figure.
- 17. (A) xyab/degh/jkmn

18. (C)



- I. False
- II. False

Hence, no conclusion follows.

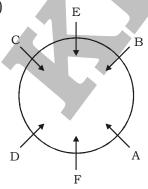
19. (A) 14 N 10 L 42 P 2 M 8

$$= 14 \times 10 + 42 \div 2 - 8$$

$$= 140 + 21 - 8$$

$$= 161 - 8 = 153$$

20. (C)



B and F are neighbours of A.



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21. (A)

22. (B)





The time in the clock will show 10:15.

- (D) Words formed with the letters SDEU ⇒ USED, DUES and SUED 23.
- 24.
- 25. (D) Order of bags with respect to weight:

S > T > W > V

- 26. (C) Sama Veda is perhaps the earliest human literature on music. It naturally incorporates music, mantra, chhanda, linguistics, and above all, a reflection of the world view of rishis who communicated in the Arsha language, precursor to the more regimented Girvan (later called Sanskrit).
- 27. (D) In Deccan (South Indi(A), Alauddin's army led by Malik Kafurdefeated Ram Chandra (Yadava ruler of Devagiri), PratapRudradeva (Kakatiya ruler of Warangal), VirBallal III (Hoyasala ruler of Dwarsamudra and VirPandya (Pandya ruler of Madurai).
- 29. (C) The word latex is also used to refer to natural latex rubber, particularly non-vulcanized rubber.
- (C) UK has no written Constitution. 31.
- 33. (C) A 40% solution of Formaldehyde known as Formalin is used in the preservation of biological specimens because of its hardening action on proteins.
- (A) Reliance Retail Ventures Limited (RRVL), a subsidiary of the Reliance Industries Ltd (RIL) 34. has announced that it is set to acquire the entire retail business from the Future Group.
- 38. (D) ASEAN was established on 8 August 1967 in Bangkok by the five original member countries: Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand. Brunei Darussalam joined on 8 January 1984, Vietnam on 28 July 1995, Laos and Myanmar on 23 July 1997, and Cambodia on 30 April 1999.
- 39. (A) Mallikarjun Mansur (31 December 1910 - 12 September 1992) was an Indian classical singer from Karnataka, an excellent vocalist in the khyal style in the Jaipur-Atrauligharana (singing style).
- 42. (A) International Date Line: The meridians of longitude are drawn joining the two poles through 360 divisions of the Equator. Each division shows 1 degree. Thus there are 360 lines which are di-vided into two groups each of 180 lines. There are 180 degrees of longitude to the east and 180 degrees to the west of Greenwich. The 180th line is one line only and it is known as the Interna-tional Date Line.



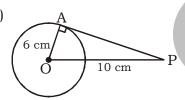
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- 43. (C) Indian Constitution empowers the President of India to convene the session of Parliament such that there should not be more than six months gap between two consecutive Parliament sessions.
- 44. (B) The Pahlavi dynasty was the ruling dynasty of Iran from 1925 to 1979.
- 46. (A) The Tibetan New Year Festival is popularly known as Losar in Sikkim. The people of Sikkim celebrate Losar in the month of February. The festivity continues through different culture performances for as long as one week.
- 47. (B) Veteran author and historian Ronald Vivian Smith also known as RV Smith passed away recently in Delhi, at the age of 82.
- 48. (B) Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG): The Constitution of India (Article-148) provides for an independent office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG). He is the head of the Indian Audit and Accounts Department.
- 50. (B) Silver nitrate is the basic substance from which silver bromide is obtained. The photographic films are impregnated with the light sensitive silver bromide (AgBr).
- 51. (A) Required percentage = $\frac{10+5+4+3}{9+15+18+22+14+10+5+4+3} \times 100 = 22\%$
- 52. (C) Required percentage = $\frac{4+3}{9+15+18+22+14+10+5+4+3} \times 100 = 7\%$
- 53. (B) Required percentage = $\frac{18+22}{9+15+18+22+14+10+5+4+3} \times 100 = 40\%$
- 54. (C) A B C 80 100 125

Required % =
$$\frac{125 - 80}{125} \times 100 = 36\%$$

55. (D)



So, length of PA =
$$\sqrt{(PO)^2 - (OA)^2}$$

= $\sqrt{(10)^2 - (6)^2}$ = 8 cm

56. (C)
$$\tan \theta = \frac{p}{a}$$
 [given]

$$\frac{p\sin\theta - q\cos\theta}{p\sin\theta + q\cos\theta} = \frac{\frac{p}{q}\tan\theta - 1}{\frac{p}{q}\tan\theta + 1}$$

$$=\frac{\frac{p}{q} \times \frac{p}{q} - 1}{\frac{p}{q} \times \frac{p}{q} + 1} = \frac{p^2 - q^2}{p^2 + q^2}$$



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57. (A)
$$x + y = 2z$$

$$x = 2z - y$$

$$x - z = 2z - y - z$$

$$x-z=z-y$$

$$\therefore \quad \frac{x}{x-z} + \frac{z}{y-z} = \frac{x}{x-z} - \frac{z}{z-y}$$

$$=\frac{x}{x-z}-\frac{z}{x-z}=\frac{x-z}{x-z}=1$$

58. (B) Length of train =
$$\frac{\text{length of platform} \times \text{time taken to cross boy}}{\text{Diff. in time}} = \frac{350}{27 - 9} \times 9$$

$$=\frac{350\times9}{18}=175 \text{ m}$$

59. (B)
$$1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{21}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{5}{21}}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{21}{68}} = 1 + \frac{1}{\frac{157}{68}}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{68}{157} = \frac{225}{157}$$

60. (B) Ratio of values of 50 paise, 25 paise and 10 paise coins =
$$\frac{2}{2} : \frac{3}{4} : \frac{5}{10} = 4 : 3 : 2$$

Sum of the ratio =
$$4 + 3 + 2 = 9$$

Value of 25 paise coins =
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 × 90 = ₹ 30

Number of 25 paise coins =
$$30 \times 4 = 120$$

61. (A) Here,
$$12 - 2 = 10$$

$$16 - 6 = 10$$

$$24 - 14 = 10$$

Now, LCM of 12, 16 and
$$24 = 48$$

The greatest 4-digit number exactly divisible by 48 = 9984

62. (A) A
$$15 \rightarrow 4$$
 bricks/hour

Together
$$(A + B)$$
 can add $(4 + 3) = 7$ bricks/hour



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$$\therefore$$
 Per hour work = $\frac{60}{12}$ = 5 bricks/hour

$$(7-5)$$
 units $\rightarrow 280$ bricks

2 units
$$\rightarrow$$
 280 bricks

1 unit
$$\rightarrow \frac{280}{2}$$
 = 140 bricks

60 units
$$\rightarrow$$
 140 × 60 = 8400 bricks

63. (B) We know that

$$l = a + (n-1)d \longrightarrow \text{common}$$
last term no. of terms

$$a = 1125$$

$$d = 225$$

$$4950 = 1125 + (n-1)225$$

$$(4950 - 1125) = (n - 1)225$$

$$(n-1) = \frac{3825}{225}$$

$$(n-1)=17$$

$$n = 17 + 1 = 18$$

64. (A) That month will have 5 sundays.

:. Required average =
$$\frac{5 \times 510 + 25 \times 240}{30} = \frac{2550 + 6000}{30}$$

$$=\frac{8550}{30}=285$$

65. (C)
$$25\% = \frac{1}{4}$$

| Vivek | Aryan | Ran |
|-------|-------|-----|
| 3 | 4 | 5 |

$$\therefore$$
 Required Percentage = $\frac{2}{3} \times 100 = 66.66\%$

∴ Required percentage =
$$\frac{7}{35}$$
 × 100 = 20%

67. (C)
$$a^2 + b^2 + 2b + 4a + 5 = 0$$

$$a^2 + 4a + b^2 + 2b + 5 = 0$$

$$a^2 + 4a + 4 + b^2 + 2b + 1 = 0$$

$$(a + 2)^2 + (b + 1)^2 = 0$$

It is possible only when

$$a + 2 = 0$$

$$a = -2$$
 and, $b + 1 = 0$

$$b = -1$$

$$\therefore \frac{a-b}{a+b} = \frac{-2+1}{-2-1} = \frac{-1}{-3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

68. (D)
$$4\pi (r + 2)^2 - 4\pi r^2 = 704$$

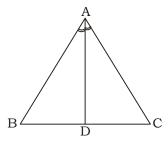
$$(r+2)^2 - r^2 = \frac{704}{4\pi}$$

$$r^2 + 4r + 4 - r^2 = \frac{704 \times 7}{4 \times 22} = 56$$

$$4r = 56 - 4 = 52$$

$$r = 13 m$$

69. (A)



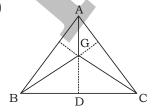
$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{BD}{DC} = \frac{5}{7.5 - 5}$$

$$=\frac{50}{25}=\frac{2}{1}=2:1$$

70. (A) Expression =
$$\sqrt[3]{p(p^2 - 3p + 3) - 1}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{p^3 - 3p^2 + 3p - 1} = \sqrt[3]{(p-1)^3} = p - 1$$

71. (D)



Area of $\triangle ABC = 6 \times ar(\triangle BGD) = 6 \times 6 = 36 \text{ cm}^2$



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(A) $(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2ab + 2bc + 2ca$

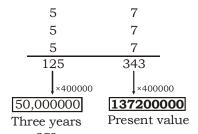
$$(4\sqrt{3})^2 = 16 + 2(ab + bc + ca)$$

$$48 = 16 + 2(ab + bc + ca)$$

$$2(ab + bc + ca) = 48 - 16 = 32$$

$$ab + bc + ca = 16$$

73. (D) $40\% = \frac{2}{5}$



74. (C) $40\% = \frac{2}{5}$, $25\% = \frac{1}{4}$

:. Required% =
$$\frac{20-2}{2} \times 100 = 900\%$$

75. (A)
$$5a + \frac{1}{3a} = 5$$

Multiply by $\frac{3}{5}$ on both sides,

$$5 \times \frac{3}{5}a + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{3a} = 5 \times \frac{3}{5}$$

$$3a + \frac{1}{5a} = 3$$

$$\therefore 9a^2 + \frac{1}{25a^2} + \frac{6}{5} = 9$$

$$9a^2 + \frac{1}{25a^2} = 9 - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{39}{5}$$



MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

| Assorted | of various sorts put together; miscellaneous | मिश्रित |
|---------------|---|-----------------------|
| Dirge | a lament for the dead, especially one forming | शोकगीत |
| | part of a funeral rite | |
| Disparate | essentially different in kind; not allowing comparison | मुक्तलिफ |
| Docile | ready to accept control or instruction; submissive | विनम्र |
| Effete | (of a person) affected, overrefined, and ineffectual | अशक्त |
| Epicure | a person who takes particular pleasure in fine food | रसिया |
| | and drink | |
| Felony | a crime, typically one involving violence | घोर अपराध |
| Grime | dirt ingrained on the surface of something | जमी हुई कीट |
| Homogenous | of the same kind; alike | सजातीय |
| Incursion | an invasion or attack, especially a sudden or brief one | चढ़ाई |
| Infallible | incapable of making mistakes or being wrong | अचूक |
| Irrevocable | not able to be changed, reversed, or recovered; final | स्थिर |
| Kaleidoscopic | having complex patterns of colors; multicolored | जल्दी जल्दी बदलता हुआ |
| Motley | incongruously varied in appearance or character; | पंचमेल |
| | disparate | |
| Retreat | (of an army) withdraw from enemy forces as a result of | पीछे हटना |
| | their superior power or after a defeat | |
| Rotund | (of a person) plump | गोल |
| Spine | the backbone | रीढ़ की हड्डी |
| Supple | bending and moving easily and gracefully; flexible | कोमल |
| Venial | denoting a sin that is not regarded as depriving the soul | क्षम्य |
| | of divine grace | |
| Vertebrae | each of the series of small bones forming the backbone | कशेरुका |
| Violation | the action of violating someone or something | उल्लंघन |



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SSC MOCK TEST - 266 (ANSWER KEY)

| 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. | (C) (B) (A) (D) (B) (C) (C) (B) (D) (D) (B) (A) (B) (D) (C) (C) (A) (D) (C) (A) (B) (C) (C) (C) (A) (B) (C) (C) (C) (A) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C |
|--|--|
|--|--|

- 76. (C) Add 'to' after 'reach'.
- 77. (B) Replace 'about' by 'for'.
- 90. (D) The correct spelling of 'Legitemacy' is 'Legitimacy', 'Suprimacy' is 'Supremacy' and 'Idiosy' is 'Idiocy'.
- 91. (A) The correct spelling of 'Grivence' is 'Grievance', 'Resemblence' is 'Resemblance' and 'Allowence' is 'Allowance'.