## SSC MOCK TEST - 260 (SOLUTION)

1. (B) $5 \rightarrow 5^{3}=125 \rightarrow 1+2+5=8$ $9 \rightarrow 9^{3}=729 \rightarrow 7+2+9=18$
2. (C) Crowd is the group of man, while class is the group of students.
3. (C) As,
$\mathrm{D} \xrightarrow{4^{2}} 16 \longrightarrow \mathrm{P}$
$\mathrm{E} \xrightarrow{5^{2}} 25 \longrightarrow \mathrm{Y}$
Similarly,
$\mathrm{C} \xrightarrow{3^{2}} 9 \longrightarrow \mathrm{I}$
$\mathrm{B} \xrightarrow{2^{2}} 4 \longrightarrow \mathrm{D}$
4. (D) Except option (D), the sum of all the digits are 22.
5. (D) Except option (D), others have 6 letters.
6. (D) Except option (D), others are state birds of India.
7. (C) 1. Examine $\rightarrow$ 4. Example $\rightarrow$ 2. Excited $\rightarrow$ 3. Exclaim $\rightarrow$ 5. Execute
8. (A) Mayank
$\square$
$\mathrm{Dev}^{(+)}$ $\qquad$ Raju ${ }^{(+)}$ $\qquad$ Swati Payal

Hence, Payal is grand daughter of Mayank.
9. (B)

10. (C)

11. (B) $8 \stackrel{\text { opposite }}{ } 6$
12. (C) From I figure,
$6+3+5+7+4+3=28 \xrightarrow{28^{2}} 784$
From II figure,
$7+4+3+5+8+2=29 \xrightarrow{29^{2}} 841$
From III figure,
$6+9+3+10+2+4=34 \xrightarrow{34^{2}} \mathbf{1 1 5 6}$
13. (C) In the first figure,
$(4 \times 7) \div 4=7$

## In the second figure,

$(6 \times 2) \div 3=4$

## In the third figure,

$$
(6 \times 2) \div 2=\mathbf{6}
$$

14. (C) As,

(Sum of only consonant letter's place value) Similarly,

(Sum of only consonant letter's place value)
15. (C)
16. (C) Total number of triangles $=20$
17. (B) $\mathrm{moq} / \mathrm{oq} \underline{\mathbf{s}} / \mathrm{qs} \underline{\mathbf{u}} / \mathrm{s} \underline{\mathbf{u}} \mathrm{v}$
18. (A) The day of before 3 days from $10^{\text {th }}$ January is Thursday, i.e. on $7^{\text {th }}$ January.

7 January = Thursday
14 January = Thursday
21 January = Thursday
$\therefore 26$ January $=$ Thursday +5 day $=$ Tuesday
19. (B)

20. (C) $45 \times 3+46 \div 2.5-8=122$

After changing the signs, we have
$45 \div 3+46 \times 2.5-8=122$
$\frac{45}{3}+46 \times \frac{25}{10}-8=122$
$15+23 \times 5-8=122$
$15+115-8=122$
$15+107=122$
$112=122$

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21. (C) As,

| C | O | R | O | N | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\downarrow$ |  | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |  |  |
| 15 |  | 15 |  | 01 |  |
|  | $1+5=6$ |  | $1+5=6$ | $0+1=1$ |  |

$\therefore 6+6+1=13$
Similarly,

| T A J | A S | U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ | $\downarrow$ |
| 01 | 01 | 21 |
| $0+1=1$ | $0+1=1$ | $2+1=3$ |
| $1+1+3=5$ |  |  |

22. (D)



Row 3


Hence, Q is in South-East of R.
23. (C)
24. (A)
25. (B)
27. (A) Lala Hardayal was the moving spirit behind the oganization of the Ghadar Party.
28. (C) Tanks were first used on 15 September 1916 during the Battle of Flers-Courcelette, part of the Somme offensive on the Western Front.
29. (B) The sea water contains 18.98 parts per thousand of chlorine, 10.56 parts per thousand of sodium and 1.27 parts per thousand of magnesium.
30. (A) In the absence of moisture and vegetation, the action of wind is most pronounced.
32. (D) As frequency remains the same, when velocity changes, naturally wavelength will also change as $\mathrm{v}=\mathrm{nX}$
33. (B) Carbon dioxide ( CO 2 ) which is a gas at ordinary temperatures can be easily liquefied and also solidified by cooling and compressing. Solid CO2, known as dry ice, is a soft, white snow-like substance. It is used as a refrigerant under the trade name Drikold. It is highly suitable for this purpose as it leaves no residue, being converted into the gaseous state directly.
34. (D) Mustapha Adib has been nominated for the position of Lebanon's Prime Minister. He has been Lebanon's ambassador to Germany, since 2013.

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36. (C) Noise (sound) is measured on a scale known as decibel (dB) scale. One decibel is equivalent to the faintest sound that can be heard by the human ear. Some people feel discomfort with a sound of 85 dB . Sound becomes painful at around 100-120 dB and can even kill if increased to 180 dB .
39. (D) Santosh Trophy is an Indian football tournament in which the states of the country along with some government institutions participate. This is held annually since 1941.
42. (C) Jupiter is made up predominantly of hydrogen. The simple, basic gas, a prime ingredient on the sun, accounts for 90 percent of the atmosphere. Nearly 10 percent is composed of helium. A very small fraction of the atmosphere is made up of compounds such as ammonia, sulfur, methane, and water vapor.
45. (B) Rajendra Prasad, the first president of India, is the only person to have held office for two terms.
46. (C) In Football, Liverpool FC won the Champions League for the sixth time at Madrid on 1 June 2019.
47. (B) This is the astronomical unit of distance. It is the distance travelled by light in one year. In 1 sec ; it travels $3 \times 108 \mathrm{~m}$.
49. (B) Hydrogen does not occur in free air. Nitrogen constitutes $78 \%$, Oxygen $21 \%$, Argon $0.9 \%$ by volume of air and the rest Carbon dioxide, Ozone and noble gases like Helium, Neon, Krypton and Xenon.
51. (B) Ratio of profit between Priti and Raghav $=5000 \times 12: 8000 \times 5$
$=60: 40=3: 2$
$\therefore$ Share of Raghav in profit $=\frac{1500}{5} \times 2=₹ 600$
52. (C) Let the maximum marks be x .

ATQ,
$x \times \frac{20}{100}+10=x \times \frac{42}{100}-x \times \frac{12}{100}$
$\frac{20 x}{100}+10=\frac{30 x}{100}$
$\frac{30 x}{100}-\frac{20 x}{100}=10$
$\frac{10 x}{100}=10$
$\therefore \mathrm{x}=100$
53. (C) Let the quantity of first, second and third variety be $2 \mathrm{x}, 4 \mathrm{x}$ and 3 x kg respectively.

Total cost price $=50 \times 2 \mathrm{x}+20 \times 4 \mathrm{x}+30 \times 3 \mathrm{x}$
$=100 \mathrm{x}+80 \mathrm{x}+90 \mathrm{x}=₹ 270 \mathrm{x}$
Total selling price $=33 \times(2 x+4 x+3 x)$
$=33 \times 9 x=₹ 297 x$
$\therefore \quad \operatorname{Profit} \%=\left(\frac{297 \mathrm{x}-270 \mathrm{x}}{270 \mathrm{x}} \times 100\right) \%=10 \%$

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54. (B) $\mathrm{P}=₹ 15625$
$R=4 \%$
$\mathrm{A}=₹ 17576$
$\mathrm{T}=$ ?
We know that,
$A=P\left(1+\frac{R}{100}\right)^{T}$
$17576=15625\left(1+\frac{4}{100}\right)^{\mathrm{T}}$
$\frac{17576}{15625}=\left(1+\frac{1}{25}\right)^{\mathrm{T}}$
$\left(\frac{26}{25}\right)^{3}=\left(\frac{26}{25}\right)^{T}$
$\therefore \mathrm{T}=3$ years
55. (B) $50 \%$ of $(x-y)=30 \%$ of $(x+y)$
$\frac{50}{100}(x-y)=\frac{30}{100}(x+y)$
$\frac{x-y}{2}=\frac{3 x+3 y}{10}$
$10 x-10 y=6 x+6 y$
$4 x=16 y$
$\frac{x}{y}=\frac{16}{4}$
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\left(\frac{4}{16} \times 100\right) \%=25 \%$
56. (C) $\left(1-\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{5}\right) \ldots \ldots .\left(1-\frac{1}{99}\right)\left(1-\frac{1}{100}\right)$

$$
=\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \ldots \ldots \times \frac{98}{99} \times \frac{99}{100}
$$

$=2 \times \frac{1}{100}=\frac{1}{50}$

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57. (D) Let the M.P be ₹ 100 .
$\therefore \quad$ Cost price $=100 \times \frac{3}{4}=₹ 75$
Selling price $=100 \times \frac{120}{100}=₹ 120$

Profit $\%=\left(\frac{120-75}{75} \times 100\right) \%$
$=\left(\frac{45}{75} \times 100\right) \%=60 \%$
58. (A) Let the original speed of the aircraft be $x \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.

Then new speed $=(x-200) \mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Duration of flight at original speed $=\left(\frac{600}{x}\right)$ hour

Duration of flight at reduced speed $=\left(\frac{600}{x-200}\right)$ hour
ATQ,
$\frac{600}{x-200}-\frac{600}{x}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{600 x-600(x-20)}{x(x-200)}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{120000}{x^{2}-200 x}=\frac{1}{2}$
$x^{2}-200 x-240000=0$
$x^{2}-600 x+400 x-240000=0$
$(x-600)(x+400)=0 \quad$ (Ignore the - ve value of $x$ )
$x=600$ or $x=-400$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{x}=600$
So, the original speed of the aircraft was $600 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
Hence, duration of flight $=\left(\frac{600}{x}\right)$ hour $=\left(\frac{600}{60}\right)$ hour $=1$ hour
59. (B) Volume of the sphere $=$ Volume of the cylinder

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4}{3} \pi \mathrm{r}^{3}=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2} \mathrm{~h} \quad[\because \text { Their radii are equal }] \\
& \frac{\mathrm{r}}{\mathrm{~h}}=\frac{3}{4} \\
& \mathrm{r}: \mathrm{h}=3: 4
\end{aligned}
$$

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60. (D) $l=28 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathrm{r}=14 \mathrm{~cm}$
$l=\frac{\pi \mathrm{r} \theta}{180}$
$28=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{14 \times \theta}{180}$
$\theta=\frac{28 \times 180 \times 7}{22 \times 14}=\frac{7 \times 180}{11}$

Sector area $=\frac{\pi \mathrm{r}^{2} \theta}{360}=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{14 \times 14}{360} \times \frac{7 \times 180}{11}=196 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
61. (A) Area of the paper = Surface area of the cylinder
$22 \times 10=2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times r \times 10$
$\mathrm{r}=\frac{7}{2} \mathrm{~cm}$

Volume of the cylinder $=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2} \mathrm{~h}=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{7}{2} \times 10=385 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
62. (D)

$\because \quad$ Median $\mathrm{BD}=$ median CE (given)
$\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{BD}=\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{CE}$
$\mathrm{BO}=\mathrm{CO}$
$\angle \mathrm{OBC}=\angle \mathrm{OCB}$ (Angles opposite to equal sides of a $\Delta$ are equal)
In $\triangle B C D$ and $\triangle C B E$,
$\mathrm{BD}=\mathrm{CE}$ (given)
$\mathrm{BD}=\mathrm{DB}$ (Common)
$\angle \mathrm{DBC}=\angle \mathrm{ECB}$ (proved above)
$\triangle \mathrm{BCD} \cong \triangle \mathrm{CBE}$
$\mathrm{DC}=\mathrm{BE}($ by CPCT $)$
$2 \mathrm{DC}=2 \mathrm{BE}$

$$
(\mathrm{AC}=\mathrm{AB}=4 \mathrm{~cm})
$$

63. (B) $\sin \theta+\cos \theta=\sqrt{2} \sin \left(90^{\circ}-\theta\right)$
$\sin \theta=\sqrt{2} \cos \theta-\cos \theta$
$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}=\sqrt{2}-1$
$\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}-1}$
$\cos \theta=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}-1}=\frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{(\sqrt{2}-1)(\sqrt{2}+1)}=\sqrt{2}+1$
64. (B) $\frac{x^{4}+1}{x^{5}-\frac{1}{x}}=\frac{\frac{x^{4}+1}{x^{2}}}{\frac{x^{5}+\frac{1}{x}}{x^{2}}}$
$=\frac{x^{2}-\frac{1}{x^{2}}}{x^{3}-\frac{1}{x^{3}}}=\frac{\left(x-\frac{1}{x^{2}}\right)^{3}+2}{\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{3}+\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)}$
$=\frac{3^{2}+2}{3^{3}+9}=\frac{11}{36}$
65. (B)


Speed of the train $=60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$
$\mathrm{BC}=60 \times \frac{10}{60}=10 \mathrm{~km}$
In $\triangle \mathrm{TAC}$,
$\tan 60^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\mathrm{CA}}$
$\sqrt{3}=\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\mathrm{CA}}$
$\mathrm{CA}=\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\sqrt{3}} \mathrm{~km}$

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In $\triangle \mathrm{TAB}$,
$\tan 30^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\mathrm{BA}}$
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}=\frac{T A}{B C+C A}$
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}=\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\frac{\mathrm{TA}}{\sqrt{3}}+10}$
$3 T A=T A+10 \sqrt{3}$
$\mathrm{TA}=5 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~km}$
66. (A) $\frac{a+2 \sqrt{a b}+b}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}+\frac{a-2 \sqrt{a b}+b}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}$
$=\frac{(\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b})^{2}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}}+\frac{(\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b})^{2}}{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}}$
$=\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}+\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}$
$=2 \sqrt{a}=2 \sqrt{9}=6$
67. (A)

$\frac{\mathrm{AB}}{\mathrm{AD}}=\frac{\mathrm{BC}}{\mathrm{DE}}$
[By Similar triangles]
$\frac{2}{1}=\frac{\mathrm{BC}}{\mathrm{DE}}$
$\mathrm{BC}=2 \mathrm{DE}$
$\frac{\mathrm{LM}}{\mathrm{DE}}=\frac{\mathrm{LF}}{\mathrm{DF}}$
[ By Similar triangles]
$\frac{\mathrm{LM}}{\mathrm{DE}}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\mathrm{DE}=2 \mathrm{LM}$
$2 \times 2 \mathrm{LM}=\mathrm{BC}$
$\mathrm{LM}: \mathrm{BC}=1: 4$

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68. (D)


In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$,
$\angle \mathrm{ABC}=180^{\circ}-85^{\circ}-75^{\circ}=20^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{AOC}=2 \times \angle \mathrm{ABC}=2 \times 20^{\circ}=40^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{OAC}=\frac{1}{2}\left(180^{\circ}-\angle \mathrm{AOC}\right)$
$=\frac{1}{2}\left(180^{\circ}-40^{\circ}\right)=70^{\circ}$
69. (C) Length of tree having 80 m shadow $=\frac{24}{18} \times 60=80 \mathrm{~m}$
70. (A) Fourth proportional $=\frac{9}{16} \times 8=4.5$
71. (A) Let selling price of a chair $=₹ x$

So total selling price $=30 x+20 x \times \frac{3}{4}=₹ 45 x$

Selling price $=5000+\frac{35}{100} \times 5000=₹ 6750$

Selling price of each a chair $=\frac{6750}{45}=₹ 150$
72. (B) Required students $=30+30+20+40=120$
73. (C) Required ratio $=60: 50=6: 5$
74. (D) Required difference $=(60+40)-(40+50)=10$
75. (A) Required ratio $=40: 50: 50=4: 5: 5$

## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Altruist

Autonomy
Commemorate
Drastic

Fatigue
Harmonize
Hinder

Indifference
Intervention

Noticeable
Optimum
Perspective
Priest

Selflessness
Sovereignty

Vocalist
a person unselfishly concerned for or devoted to the welfare of others
the right or condition of self-government
recall and show respect for someone or something
likely to have a strong or far-reaching effect
extreme tiredness
add notes to a melody to produce harmony
create difficulties for someone or something resulting in delay or obstruction
lack of interest, concern, or sympathy
the action of preventing or altering a result or course of events
easily seen or noticed
most conducive to a favorable outcome
a point of view
one who performs certain rites and administer certain sacraments in church
concern more with the needs and wishes of others than with one's own
supreme power or authority
a singer

पा' पका री

स्वयं प I सम
पु प्स मरप करना
कठ † र
2ा का न
स वर य' जा करना
अड . चन करना

उ दा से नता
हस तक्ष ${ }^{`}$ प

उ ल ले ख नी य
इष्ट तम
दृ षिट का प
प दरी

निस्स वा थ $\top^{`}$ ता

सं प्र ${ }^{+}$Tु ता
गा यक

## SSC MOCK TEST - 260 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. | (B) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. | (C) |
| 3. | (C) |
| 4. | (D) |
| 5. | (D) |
| 6. | (D) |
| 7. | (C) |
| 8. | (A) |
| 9. | (B) |
| 10. | (C) |
| 11. | (B) |
| 12. | (C) |
| 13. | (C) |
| 14. |  |
| 15. | (C) |
| 16. |  |
| 17. | (B) |
| 18. |  |
| 19. |  |
| 20. |  |
| 21. |  |
| 22. |  |
| 23. |  |
| 24. |  |
| 25. |  |

26. (D)
27. (A)
28. (C)
29. (B)
30. (A)
31. (A)
32. (D)
33. (B)
34. (D)
35. (B)
36. (C)
37. (D)
38. (C)
39. (D)
40. (C)
41. (A)
42. (C)
43. (B)
44. (B)
45. (B)
46. (C)
47. (B)
48. (B)
49. (B)
50. (B)
51. (B)

52. (A)
53. (B)
54. (A)
55. (C)
56. (B)
57. (D)
58. (B)
59. (A)
60. (C)
61. (A)
62. (A)
63. (D)
64. (C)
65. (D)
66. (D)
67. (D)
68. (D)
69. (C)
70. (C)
71. (D)
72. (A)
73. (C)
74. (A)
75. (B)
76. (D)
77. (A) Instead of 'What is needed is', it should be 'what is needed are', as the subject of the sentence is 'proper guidelines' which is plural and it will take 'are' instead of 'is'.
78. (B) Change 'accepts', into 'accept', it comes for 'those people', and hence should be followed by a plural verb.
79. (A) 'To steal somebody's thunder' means 'to do what someone else was going to do before they do it, especially if this takes success or praise away from them.'
80. (D) The correct spelling of 'Noticeble' is 'Noticeable', 'Perspactive' is 'Perspective' and 'Indifferance' is 'Indifference'.
81. (D) The correct spelling is 'Accelaretor' is 'Accelerator'.
