## IBPS PO PHASE -I MOCK TEST - 172 (SOLUTION)

| (1-5) : REASONING |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Person | Game | T-shirt | Mobile |
| D | Carrom | Blue | Vivo |
| E | Kho-Kho | Yellow | Samsung |
| F | Chess | Violet | Samsung |
| G | Hockey | Red | Nokia |
| H | Table Tennis | Orange | Vivo |
| M | Badminton | Green | Nokia |
| 1. (2) | 2. (1) |  |  |
| 4. (2) | 5. (3) |  |  |
| (6-10) : |  |  |  |
| cricket $\rightarrow$ |  | da |  |
| Men |  | pa |  |
| play |  | na |  |
| you/can |  | ha/ |  |
| boys/outfits |  | ra/ |  |
| bat | $\rightarrow$ | 1a |  |
| likes | $\rightarrow$ | sa |  |
| 6. (1) | 7. (4) |  | (5) |
| 9. (2) | 10. (4) |  |  |
| (11-15) : |  |  |  |


| D |
| :---: |
| E |
| H |
| F |
| A |
| C |
| B |
| G |

11. (1)
12. (5)
13. (2)
14. (3)
15. (3)
16. (3) $\mathrm{N} \geq \mathrm{L} \geq \mathrm{Y}$
I. $\mathrm{Y}<\mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ False
$\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{U}>\mathrm{L} \leq \mathrm{N}$
II. $\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{N} \rightarrow$ False

Hence, Neither I nor II is true.
17. (2) $\mathrm{W} \geq \mathrm{A}<\mathrm{M}$
I. $\mathrm{M}<\mathrm{W} \rightarrow$ False
$\mathrm{W} \geq \mathrm{A}>\mathrm{L}$
II. W $>\mathrm{L} \rightarrow$ True

Hence, Only II is true
18. (4) I $>\mathrm{F} \leq \mathrm{O} \leq \mathrm{P} ; \mathrm{F} \geq \mathrm{U}<\mathrm{T}$
I. I $>\mathrm{P} \rightarrow$ False

I $>\mathrm{F} \geq \mathrm{U}<\mathrm{T}$
II.T $<\mathrm{F} \rightarrow$ False

Hence, Neither I nor II is true.
19.
(2) $\mathrm{V}>\mathrm{H} \leq \mathrm{Y} \leq \mathrm{C}<\mathrm{U}=\mathrm{Z} \geq \mathrm{E}$
I. V $>\mathrm{C} \rightarrow$ False
II. $Z>\mathrm{C} \rightarrow$ True

Hence, Only II is true
20. (2) $\mathrm{P}>\mathrm{G} \leq \mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{B}=\mathrm{M}>\mathrm{D}$
I. $\mathrm{M}>\mathrm{G} \rightarrow$ Doubt
II. $\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{G} \rightarrow$ Doubt

Hence, Either I or II is true
(21-25):

S (Red)

21. (1)
22. (4)
23. (3)
24. (5)
25. (4)
(26-27) :


7 km
26. (5)
27. (1)
28. (5) $\mathrm{P}>\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{Q}>\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{T}>\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{T}$
(29-30) :
Family Tree

29. (4)

## KD Campus

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(31-35) :

| Day | Person |
| :--- | :---: |
| Sunday | B |
| Monday | A |
| Tuesday | F |
| Wednesday | E |
| Thursday | C |
| Friday | G |
| Saturday | D |

31. (5)
32. (5)
33. (5)
34. (5)
35. (4)
MATHS
(36-40):
36. (2) $?=\frac{623898 \times 99}{60000}=1029.43 \approx 1030$
37. (3) $?=\frac{4}{3} \times \frac{3}{7} \div \frac{6}{7} \div \frac{5}{9}$

$$
=\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{7}{6} \times \frac{9}{5}=\frac{18}{25}
$$

38. (1) $(399.98)^{2}=$ ?
$\Rightarrow$ ? $\approx(400)^{2}=160000$
39. (3) $\sqrt{624.9995}+(4.9989)^{2}=? \div \frac{1}{4.9900865}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \sqrt{625}+(5)^{2} \approx ? \div \frac{1}{5} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 25+25=? \times 5
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow ?=\frac{50}{5}=10
$$

40. (3) $989.001+1.00982 \times 76.792=$ ?
$\Rightarrow$ ? $\approx 989+1 \times 77$
$=989+77=1066 \approx 1065$
41. (1) Amount remaining after

1 year $=4000\left(1+\frac{7.5}{100}\right)-1500=₹ 2800$
2 years $=2800\left(1+\frac{7.5}{100}\right)-1500=₹ 1510$
3 years $=1510\left(1+\frac{7.5}{100}\right)-1500=₹ 123.25$
42. (3) Let the number of students appeared in school X = 100
$\therefore \quad$ Number of students qualified in school $\mathrm{X}=70$
$\therefore \quad$ According to question,
Number of students appeared in School $\mathrm{Y}=120$
Number of students qualified in School $Y=70+50 \%$ of $70=70+35=105$
$\therefore \quad$ Required percentage
$=\frac{105 \times 100}{120}=87.5 \%$
43. (4) Required number of items
$=\frac{(3000+1000)}{(60-40)}=\frac{4000}{20}=200$
44. (1) Let the speed of train C be $x \mathrm{kmph}$.

Speed of train B relative to C
$=(120-x) \mathrm{kmph}$
$=\left[(120-x) \times \frac{5}{18}\right] \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{sec}$
$=\left(\frac{600-5 x}{18}\right)$
Distance covered $=100+200=300 \mathrm{~m}$
$\therefore \frac{300}{\left(\frac{600-5 x}{18}\right)}=120$
$\Rightarrow 300=\frac{120(600-5 x)}{18}$
$\Rightarrow 10 \times 9=2(600-5 x)$
$\Rightarrow 90=1200-10 x$
$\Rightarrow 10 x=1200-90$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{1110}{10}=111$
Hence, the speed of train C is 111 kmph .
45. (2) (1) If one green ball in a box, then number of ways $=6$
(2) If two green balls in a box, then number of ways $=5$
(3) If three green balls in a box, then the number of ways $=4$
(4) If four green balls in a box, then number of ways $=3$
(5) If five green balls in a box, then number of ways $=2$
(6) If six green balls in a box, then number of ways $=1$
$\therefore$ Total number of ways
$=6+5+4+3+2+1=21$
46. (1) Total IR rays received in 1 minute
$=3600 \times \frac{10}{100}=360$ units
Time taken to receive 8750 units of IR $=\frac{8750}{360}$ minutes $=24.3$ minutes
47. (3) Amount of UV rays in 5 minutes
$=3600 \times \frac{18}{100} \times 5=3240$ units
Amount of IR rays received in 2 minutes
$=3600 \times \frac{10}{100} \times 2=720$ units

Amount of UV rays in 5 minutes of sun rays is $\left(\frac{3240}{720}\right)=4.5$ times the amount of IR rays received in 2 minutes.
48. (2) The amount of Gamma rays received when the ozone layer cover completely disappears = 100\%
The amount of Gamma rays received in one minute if the ozone layer were to completely disappear $=3600 \times \frac{12}{100}$ units $=432$ units
49. (4) Amount of Microwaves received in 4 minutes $=3600 \times \frac{15}{100} \times 4=2160$ units Amount of Alpha rays received in 3 minutes $=3600 \times \frac{8}{100} \times 3=864$ units
$\therefore$ Amount of Microwavers received in 4 minutes is $(2160-864)$ units $=1296$ units more than the amount of Alpha rays received in 3 minutes.
50. (4) Given that the body requires 40 units of vitamin $D$ every day.
To generate 1 unit of vitamin $D$, requirement of Beta rays $=30$ units To generate 40 units of vitamin D , requirement of Beta rays
$=(30 \times 40)=1200$ units
Now, in 1 minute $3600 \times \frac{5}{100}=180$ units
Beta rays are received.
$\because \quad 180$ units Beta rays are received in 1 minute
$\therefore 1200$ units Beta rays are received in $\frac{1}{180} \times 1200=\frac{120}{18}=6 \frac{2}{3}$ minutes
51. (4) The pattern of the number series is:
$325-1 \times 11=314$
$314-2 \times 11=292$
$292-3 \times 11=259$
$259-4 \times 11=215$
$215-5 \times 11=160$
52. (2) The pattern of the number series is: $45 \times 1+1=46$
$46 \times 1.5+1=70$
$70 \times 2+1=141$
$141 \times 2.5+1$
$=352.5+1=353.5$
53. (3) The pattern of the number series is :
$620+1 \times 12=632$
$632-2 \times 12=608$
$608+3 \times 12=644$
$644-4 \times 12=596$
$596+5 \times 12=656$
54. (5) The pattern of the number series is: $15 \times 2-1 \times 5=25$
$25 \times 2-2 \times 5=40$
$40 \times 2-3 \times 5=65$
$65 \times 2-4 \times 5=110$ $110 \times 2-5 \times 5=195$
55. (5) The pattern of the number series is: $120 \times 2.5+20=320$
$320 \times 2.5+20=820$
$820 \times 2.5+20=2070$
$2070 \times 2.5+20=5195$
56. (4) From statement I,
$3 \times 5=15 ; 5 \times 9=45$ (An odd number) It is also obvious from statement II.
57. (5) The answer is not possible with the help of even both the statements. We need more information like sum or average of their ages or ratio of their after some time or before sometime etc.
58. (2) $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{D}$
$=₹(4 \times 62880)$
From statement II,
$A+C+D=₹(3 \times 61665)$
B's salary $=(A+B+C+D)$ 's salary - (A + C + D)'s salary
59. (3) From statement I,

The three digit number is divisible by 9. From statement II, Number $=6 \times 6$
A number is divisible by 9 if sum of its digits is divisible by 9 .
Clearly, * = 6
because $666 \div 9=74$
60. (4) From statement I,

Let CP of 1 printer = ₹ 1
$\therefore \quad$ CP of 5 printers $=₹ 5$
and SP of 5 printers $=₹ 6$
$\therefore \quad$ Gain $\%=\frac{1}{5} \times 100=20 \%$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{CP}=\frac{100}{120} \times 3000=₹ 2500$
$\therefore \quad$ Gain $=₹(3000-2500)=₹ 500$
From statement II, we can also find the answer.
61. (2) I. $4 x^{2}-32 x+63=0$
$\Rightarrow 4 x^{2}-14 x-18 x+63=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 x(2 x-7)-9(2 x-7)=0$
$\Rightarrow(2 x-7)(2 x-9)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{7}{2}$ or $\frac{9}{2}$
II. $2 y^{2}-11 y+15=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y^{2}-6 y-5 y+15=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y(y-3)-5(y-3)=0$
$\Rightarrow(y-3)(2 y-5)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=3$ or $\frac{5}{2}$
Clearly, $x>y$

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62. (2) I. $x^{3}=(216)^{\frac{1}{3} \times 3}=216$
$\Rightarrow x=\sqrt[3]{216}=6$
II. $6 y^{2}=150$
$\Rightarrow y^{2}=\frac{150}{6}=25$
$\Rightarrow y= \pm 5$
Clearly, $x>y$
63. (1) I. $12 x^{2}+17 x+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 12 x^{2}+9 x+8 x+6=0$
$\Rightarrow 3 x(4 x+3)+2(4 x+3)=0$
$\Rightarrow(4 x+3)(3 x+2)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=-\frac{3}{4}$ or $-\frac{2}{3}$
II. $6 y^{2}+5 y+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 6 y^{2}+2 y+3 y+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 y(3 y+1)+1(3 y+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(3 y+1)(2 y+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=-\frac{1}{3}$ or $-\frac{1}{2}$
Clearly, $x<y$
64. (3) I. $20 x^{2}+9 x+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 20 x^{2}+5 x+4 x+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 5 x(4 x+1)+1(4 x+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(4 x+1)(5 x+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=-\frac{1}{4}$ or $-\frac{1}{5}$
II. $30 y^{2}+11 y+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 30 y^{2}+6 y+5 y+1=0$
$\Rightarrow 6 y(5 y+1)+1(5 y+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow(5 y+1)(6 y+1)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=-\frac{1}{5}$ or $-\frac{1}{6}$
Clearly, $x \leq y$
65. (4) I. $x^{2}+17 x+72=0$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}+8 x+9 x+72=0$
$\Rightarrow x(x+8)+9(x+8)=0$
$\Rightarrow(x+9)(x+8)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=-9$ or -8
II. $y^{2}+19 y+90=0$
$\Rightarrow y^{2}+10 y+9 y+90=0$
$\Rightarrow y(y+10)+9(y+10)=0$
$\Rightarrow(y+9)(y+10)=0$
$\Rightarrow y=-9$ or -10
Clearly, $x \geq y$
66. (1) In 2010, profit of Company M
= 4.5 crore
Profit of Company $(P+N)=(4+3)$
$=7$ crore
$\therefore$ Reqd $\%=\frac{4.5}{7} \times 100=64.28 \%$
67. (4) Expenditure of Company $M$ in the year 2011 is 75 crore.
Profit of Company M in year 2011 is 4 crore.
$\therefore \quad$ Income of Company M in year 2011 is $75+4=79$ crore
Now, expenditure of Company $P$ in the year 2011 is 68 crore.
Profit of Company P in the year 2011 is 7 crore.
Income of Company $P$ in the year 2011 is $(68+7)=75$ crore
$\therefore \quad$ Reqd ratio $=79: 75$
68. (2) In the year 2012 profit of Company M
= 6 crore
$\therefore \quad$ Expenditure $=6\left(1+\frac{50}{100}\right)=9$ crore
Income $=(9+6)=15$ crore
Profit of Company N in the year 2012
$=6.5$ crores
$\therefore \quad$ Expenditure $=6.5\left(1+\frac{60}{100}\right)$
$=6.5 \times \frac{8}{5}=1.3 \times 8=10.4$ crore
Hence, Income $=(6.5+10.4)=16.9$ crore
Again, Profit of Company P in the year 2012 = 5 crore
$\therefore$ Expenditure $=5\left(1+\frac{80}{100}\right)=5 \times \frac{9}{8}$ = 9 crore
Hence, Income $=(9+5)=14$ crore
Now, average income of all three companies
$=\frac{1}{3}(15+16.9+14)=\frac{45.9}{3}=15.3$ crore
69. (3) Profit of Company N in the year 2009
= 2 crore
Profit of Company N in the year 2012.
$=6.5$ crore
Increase $=(6.5-2)=4.5$ crore
$\%$ increase $=\frac{4.5}{2} \times 100=225 \%$
70. (5) Income of Company P in the year 2010 $=40$ crore
Income of Company M in the year 2010
$=40\left(1+\frac{20}{100}\right)=48$ crore
Now, profit of Company $M$ in the year $2010=4.5$ crore
$\therefore \quad$ Expenditure of Company M in the year $2010=(48-4.5)$ crore $=43.5$ cror

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE

## (91-95) : BCFDAE

91. (3)
92. (5)
93. (2)
94. (2)
95. (1)
96. (3) Replace 'apart at' by 'apart from'.
97. (3) Replace 'intend' by 'intends'.
98. (4) Replace 'staying' by 'stayed'.
99. (2) Remove 'by' before 'gifted'.
100. (2) Replace 'swung' by 'swinging in'.


## IBPS PO PHASE -I MOCK TEST - 172 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. (2) | 26. (5) | 51. (4) | 76. (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. (1) | 27. (1) | 52. (2) | 77. (5) |
| 3. (5) | 28. (5) | 53. (3) | 78. (5) |
| 4. (2) | 29. (4) | 54. (5) | 79. (1) |
| 5. (3) | 30. (3) | 55. (5) | 80. (4) |
| 6. (3) | 31. (5) | 56. (4) | 81. (1) |
| 7. (4) | 32. (5) | 57. (5) | 82. (1) |
| 8. (5) | 33. (5) | 58. (2) | 83. (1) |
| 9. (2) | 34. (5) | 59. (3) | 84. (2) |
| 10. (4) | 35. (4) | 60. (4) | 85. (2) |
| 11. (1) | 36. (2) | 61. (2) | 86. (4) |
| 12. (5) | 37. (3) | 62. (2) | 87. (2) |
| 13. (2) | 38. (1) | 63. (1) | 88. (3) |
| 14. (3) | 39. (3) | 64. (3) | 89. (4) |
| 15. (3) | 40. (3) | 65. (4) | 90. (2) |
| 16. (3) | 41. (1) | 66. (1) | 91. (3) |
| 17. (2) | 42. (3) | 67. (4) | 92. (5) |
| 18. (4) | 43. (4) | 68. (2) | 93. (2) |
| 19. (2) | 44. (1) | 69. (3) | 94. (2) |
| 20. (2) | 45. (2) | 70. (5) | 95. (1) |
| 21. (1) | 46. (1) | 71. (2) | 96. (3) |
| 22. (4) | 47. (3) | 72. (3) | 97. (3) |
| 23. (3) | 48. (2) | 73. (1) | 98. (1) |
| 24. (5) | 49. (4) | 74. (4) | 99. (3) |
| 25. (4) | 50. (4) | 75. (1) | 100. (1) |

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

Note:- Whatapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 7053606571 for any of te doubts. Join the group and you may also share your suggestions and experience of sunday Mock Test.

Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003

