## Campus

KD Campus Pvt. Ltd
PLOT NO. 2 SSI, OPP METRO PILLAR 150, GT KARNAL ROAD, JAHANGIRPURI DELHI: 110033

## RPF (CONSTABLE) MOCK TEST - 11 (SOLUTION)

51. (A) $\frac{x}{y}+\frac{y}{x}=2 \Rightarrow \frac{x^{2}+y^{2}}{x y}=2$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}+y^{2}=2 x y$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x y=0$
$\Rightarrow(x-y)^{2}=0$
$\Rightarrow x-y=0$
$\therefore x-y^{2}-3 x y(x-y)=(x-y)^{3}=0$
52. (C)

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times 16 \sqrt{3}=24 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore \mathrm{OD}=$ Radius of in circle
$=\frac{1}{3} \times 24=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\therefore$ Area of circle $=\pi \mathrm{r}^{2}$
$=\frac{22}{7} \times 8 \times 8=201.14 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{cm}$.
53. (D) A's work $=(B+C)$ 's work ATQ,
$(A+B)$ 's can complete the work in 10 hr 48 minutes i.e. $=\frac{54}{5} \mathrm{hrs}$
C can complete the work in 54 hours.


We know that
A's efficiency $=(B+C)$ 's efficiency
C's efficiency $=1$
then,
$\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{B}=1$
and $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=5$
$\Rightarrow$ A's efficiency $=3$
and, B's efficiency $=2$
time taken by B is $=\frac{54}{2}=27 \mathrm{hr}$
54. (C) Mean of 10 observations - Mean of 9 observation $=10$ observation
$\therefore$ 10th observation $=10 \times 17-16 \times 9$
$=170-144=26$
55. (D) ATQ,
$\frac{13}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}-\left(\frac{9}{4}-\frac{5}{3}\right) \times \frac{3}{4}$
$=\frac{13}{6}-\left(\frac{27-20}{12}\right) \times \frac{3}{4}$
$=\frac{13}{6}-\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{3}{4}=\frac{13}{6}-\frac{7}{16}$
$=\frac{104-21}{48}=\frac{83}{48}$
56. (A) $(3+2 \sqrt{2})(3-2 \sqrt{2})$
$=(3)^{2}-(2 \sqrt{2})^{2}=9-8=1$
$\Rightarrow 3+2 \sqrt{2}=\frac{1}{3-2 \sqrt{2}}$
Now, $(x+y)^{3}+(x-y)^{3}$
$=x^{3}+y^{3}+3 x^{2} y+3 x y^{2}+x^{2}-y^{2}-3 x^{2} y+3 x y^{2}$
$=2 x^{2}+6 x y^{2}$
$\therefore(3+2 \sqrt{2})^{-3}+(3-2 \sqrt{2})^{-3}$
$=\left(\frac{1}{3+2 \sqrt{2}}\right)^{3}+\left(\frac{1}{3-2 \sqrt{2}}\right)^{3}$
$=(3-2 \sqrt{2})^{3}+(3+2 \sqrt{2})^{3}$
$=2 \times(3)^{3}+6 \times 3 \times(2 \sqrt{2})^{3}$
$=2 \times 27+18 \times 8$
$=54+144=198$
57. (D) We know that,
$M_{1} D_{1}=M_{2} D_{2}$
$\Rightarrow 21 \times 21=\mathrm{M}_{2} \times 14$
$\Rightarrow M_{2}=\frac{12 \times 21}{14}=18$ pipes
58. (A) The sum of two sides of a triangle is always greater than the third side.
$(3,5,6),(3,6,8)$ and $(5,6,8)$
Hence, the maximum number of triangle is 3.
59. (D) Let two numbers $x$ and $y$ ATQ,
$\frac{6}{100}$ of $x=\frac{10}{100}$ of $y$
$\therefore \frac{x}{y}=\frac{10}{6}=\frac{5}{3}=5: 3$

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$\therefore$ Difference of two numbers

$$
=\frac{(5-3)}{(5+3)} \times 2400=600
$$

60. (A) Here, $\angle \mathrm{PSQ}=180^{\circ}-\left(110^{\circ}+30^{\circ}\right)$
$\Rightarrow \angle \mathrm{PSQ}=40^{\circ}$
and, $\angle \mathrm{QSR}=75^{\circ}-40^{\circ}=35^{\circ}$
Now, $\angle \mathrm{QSR}+\angle \mathrm{SRT}=180^{\circ}$
$[\because \mathrm{SQ}|\mid \mathrm{RT}]$
$\Rightarrow 35^{\circ}+60^{\circ}+x=180^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow x=180^{\circ}-95^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow x=85^{\circ}$
61. (B) ATQ,

Product of length and bradth of wall paper $=$ perimeter of room
$\Rightarrow$ Length $\times 2=2($ Length + Breadth $) \times$ height
$\Rightarrow$ Length $=\frac{2 \times 4(8.3+4.2)}{2}=50 \mathrm{~m}$
62. (A) [It is to be noted that in cricket score of not out innings is not counted in total innings while its score is calculated in total score]
Now, total score of five innings
$=68+72+3+42+26=211$
But he has remained not out in one innings, therefore total innings counted $=4$
$\therefore$ Required average $=\frac{211}{4}=52.75$
63. (B) Given,
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{4}=3760$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{5}=3854$
ATQ,
$\Rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{5}}{\mathrm{P}\left(1+\frac{r}{100}\right)^{4}}=\frac{3854}{3760}$
$\Rightarrow 1+\frac{r}{100}=\frac{3854}{3760}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{100}=\frac{3854}{3760}-1=\frac{94}{3760}$
$\Rightarrow r=\frac{94}{3760} \times 100=2.5 \%$
64. (A) Per quintal cost of two different sorts of rice $=\frac{4642.50}{60}=77.375$ per quintal

Now,


The quantity of better sort $=\frac{60}{12} \times 5=25$ quintals and the quantity of worse sort
$=\frac{60}{12} \times 7=35$ quintals
65. (A) ATQ,

SI at the rate of $4 \%$ for 2 year
$\frac{\mathrm{P} \times 4 \times 2}{100}=\frac{8 \mathrm{P}}{100}$
SI at the rate of $6 \%$ for next 4 year
$=\frac{\mathrm{P} \times 6 \times 4}{100}=\frac{24 \mathrm{P}}{100}$
For next 3 year
SI $=\frac{\mathrm{P} \times 8 \times 3}{100}=\frac{24 \mathrm{P}}{100} \ldots$
Total SI $=\frac{8 \mathrm{P}}{100}+\frac{24 \mathrm{P}}{100}+\frac{24 \mathrm{P}}{100}=₹ 1120$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{P}=\frac{1120 \times 100}{56}=₹ 2000$
66. (C) ATQ,
$(5 x \times 5)+(7 x \times 2)+(9 x \times 1)=576$
$\Rightarrow 48 x=576$
$\Rightarrow x=12$
$\therefore$ Value of $₹ 2$ coin $=14 \times 12=168$
$\therefore$ Number of $₹ 2$ coin $=\frac{120}{2}=84$
67. (D) Let required number of wickets $=x$

ATQ,
$13.2 \times x+24=(x+5)(13.2-0.4)$
$\Rightarrow 13.2 x+24=12.5 x+64$
$\Rightarrow 0.4 x=40$
$\Rightarrow x=100$
68. (D) Given equations are:
$3 x+4 y=5$
$x+2 y=2$
On solving of (i) and (ii)
We find $x=1, y=\frac{1}{2}$
$\therefore x+y=1+\frac{1}{2}=\frac{3}{2}$

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69. (A) ATQ,

Distance covered by first train in 2 hours
$=40 \times 2=80 \mathrm{~km}$
$\therefore$ Required time $=\frac{140-80}{40+50}$

$$
=\frac{60}{90}=40 \mathrm{~min}
$$

$\therefore$ They will meet at 10.40 cm
70. (B) ATQ,
$10 \mathrm{~W} \times 7 \mathrm{D}=10 \mathrm{C} \times 14 \mathrm{D}$
$\Rightarrow 1 \mathrm{~W}=2 \mathrm{C}$
$\therefore 5 W+10 \mathrm{C}=20 \mathrm{C}$
$\because 10 \mathrm{C}$ takes 14 days to complete the work Hence, 20C take 7 days
71. (C) ATQ,

At loss At cost


Ratio of quantity of tea sold at loss and cost price $=3: 2$
$\therefore$ Quantity sold at cost price $=\frac{2}{5} \times 40=16 \mathrm{~kg}$
72. (A) $\theta=25^{\circ}=\frac{25 \times \theta}{180}$ radian
$=\frac{5 \theta}{36}$ radian and, $\theta=\frac{\mathrm{s}}{\mathrm{r}}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{r}=\frac{40}{\frac{5 \theta}{36}}=\frac{40 \times 36}{5 \theta}=\frac{40 \times 36 \times 7}{5 \times 22} \mathrm{~m}$
$=91.64 \mathrm{~m}$
73. (D) In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ and $\triangle \mathrm{AED}$,
$\angle \mathrm{BAC}=\angle \mathrm{DAE}$
$=180^{\circ}-\left(75^{\circ}+65^{\circ}\right)=40^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{AED}=75^{\circ}=\angle \mathrm{ABC}$
$\therefore \triangle \mathrm{AED} \sim \triangle \mathrm{ABC}$
$\therefore \frac{\mathrm{DE}}{\mathrm{BC}}=\frac{\mathrm{AE}}{\mathrm{AB}}=\frac{\mathrm{AD}}{\mathrm{AC}} \Rightarrow \frac{2}{3}=\frac{12}{\mathrm{AB}}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{AB}=18 \mathrm{~cm}$
74. (D) Let Monika got $\mathrm{x} \%$ of the remaining 40 questions
ATQ,
$\frac{x}{100} \times 40+\frac{65}{100} \times 40=\frac{75}{100} \times 80$
$\Rightarrow \frac{40 x+2600}{100}=\frac{6000}{100}$
$\Rightarrow 40 x+2600=6000$
$\Rightarrow 40 x=3400$
$\therefore x=\frac{3400}{40}=85 \%$
75. (C) Given
$a=7+4 \sqrt{3}$
$\frac{1}{a}=\frac{1}{7+4 \sqrt{3}}=\frac{1}{7+4 \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{7-4 \sqrt{3}}{7-4 \sqrt{3}}$
$=7-4 \sqrt{3}$
$a+\frac{1}{a}=4+4 \sqrt{3}+7-4 \sqrt{3}=14$
$\frac{a^{6}+a^{4}+a^{2}+1}{a^{3}}=\frac{a^{6}}{a^{3}}+\frac{a^{4}}{a^{3}}+\frac{a^{2}}{a^{3}}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}$
$=a^{3}+\frac{1}{a^{3}}+a+\frac{1}{a}$
$=\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)^{3}-3\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)+\left(a+\frac{1}{a}\right)$
$=(14)^{3}-2 \times 14=2772$
76. (A) Let the number of grapes eaten on the first day be $x$.
$\therefore x+x+6+x+12+x+18+x+24=100$
$\Rightarrow 5 x+60=100$
$\Rightarrow 5 x=100-60=40$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{40}{5}=8$
77. (B) Let the sum invested at $9 \%$ be ₹ $x$ and that invested at $11 \%$ be $₹(100000-x)$ Then,
$\left(\frac{x \times 9 \times 1}{100}\right)+\left[\frac{(100000-x) \times 11 \times 1}{100}\right]$
$=\left(100000 \times \frac{39}{4} \times \frac{1}{100}\right)$
$\Rightarrow \frac{9 x+1100000-11 x}{100}=\frac{39000}{4}=9750$
$\Rightarrow 2 x=(1100000-975000)=125000$
$\Rightarrow x=62500$
$\therefore$ Sum invested at $9 \%=₹ 62,500$
Sum invested at $11 \%=(100000-62500)$
= ₹ 37,500
78. (C) $\frac{\frac{13}{4}-\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{4}{5}}{\frac{13}{3} \div \frac{1}{5}-\left(\frac{3}{10}+\frac{106}{5}\right)}-\left(\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{5}{3}\right)$

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$=\frac{\frac{31}{12}}{\frac{650-645}{30}}-\frac{5}{2}=\frac{31}{12} \times \frac{30}{5}-\frac{5}{2}$
$=\frac{31}{2}-\frac{5}{2}=\frac{31-5}{2}=\frac{26}{2}=13$
79. (C) ATQ,
$12 \mathrm{C} \times 16=8 \mathrm{~A} \times 12$
$\Rightarrow \frac{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{A}}=\frac{1}{2}$
$\therefore$ Total work $=12 \times 1 \times 16=196$ unit Work done by 16 adults in 3 days $=16 \times$ $2 \times 3=96$ units
$\therefore$ Required number of days $=\frac{192-96}{6 \times 2+4 \times 1}=6$
80. (A) Let the ratio be $x:(x+40)$

Then, $\frac{x}{(x+40)}=\frac{2}{7}$
$\Rightarrow 7 x=2 x+80$
$\Rightarrow x=16$
$\Rightarrow$ Required ratio $=16: 56$
81. (B) Let $x$ is the number of individuals who were covered. Then,
Percentage of uncertain individuals
$=[100-(20+60)] \%=20 \%$
$\therefore 60 \%$ of $x-20 \%$ of $x=720$
$\Rightarrow 40 \%$ of $x=720$
$\Rightarrow \frac{40}{100} x=720 \Rightarrow x=\left(\frac{720 \times 100}{40}\right)=1800$
82. (A) $\angle \mathrm{COB}=360^{\circ}-\left(110^{\circ}+90^{\circ}\right)=160^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow x=\angle \mathrm{CAB}=\frac{1}{2} \angle \mathrm{COB}=\frac{1}{2} \times 160^{\circ}=80^{\circ}$
83. (C) Percentage of students failed in 1984
$=\frac{35}{200} \times 100=17 \frac{1}{2} \%$
84. (C) Total passed students,
$=140+150+165=455$
Total students $=170+195+200=565$
$\therefore$ Required percentage $=\frac{455}{565} \times 100$
$=\frac{9100}{113}=80 \frac{60}{113} \%$
85. (D) Required percentage $=\frac{140}{170} \times 100$

$$
=\frac{1400}{17}=82 \frac{6}{17} \%
$$

86. (A) Information about Mughals is present in History and Information about Rivers is present in Geography.
87. (D) As,

$$
7 \times 8=56
$$

$8 \times 9=72$
Similarly, $9 \times 10=90$

$$
10 \times 11=110
$$

88. (B)


Similarly,

89. (B)


Similarly,

90. (A)

91. (D) Except clash, others are synonym of oneanother.
92. (D) Except Bhilai, others are the nuclear power station.
93.

94. (D) $583 \Rightarrow 8-5=3$
$275 \Rightarrow 7-2=5$
$286 \Rightarrow 8-2=6$
$427 \Rightarrow 2-4 \neq 7$
95. (C) Except 83, other are composite number.
96. (D) As, $13 \Rightarrow 13^{2}=169$ and $31^{2}=961$
and, $15 \Rightarrow 15^{2}=225$ and $51^{2}=2601$
Similarly, $12 \Rightarrow 12^{2}=144$ and $21^{2}=441$
97. (C) As, $7^{3}-7=336$ and, $11^{2}-11=110$
Similarly, $8^{3}-8=\mathbf{5 0 4}$
98. (B)
99. (C) The date which will be a holiday $=1,7$, $8,14,15,21,22,28,29$
$\therefore$ Required number of days $=\mathbf{9}$

100. (C)

101. (D)
102. (B)
103. (B)
104. (A) Padma Shri $\rightarrow$ Padma Bhushan $\rightarrow$ Padma Vibhushan $\rightarrow$ Bharat Ratna
105. (A)

106. (C)

107. (A) Last day must be Sunday.
108. (B)

109. (B) AB / AABB / AA ABBB
110. (D) Neither I nor II follows.
111. (D) As,

$$
\begin{array}{ccccc}
D & \text { I } & G & I & T \\
\downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
@ & \# & \wedge & \# & *
\end{array}
$$

and, $\begin{array}{lll}\text { E } & \text { A } & R \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ ? & ! & <\end{array}$
Similarly, $\begin{array}{ccccc}\mathbf{T} & \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{G} & \mathbf{E} & \mathbf{R} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & \text { \# } & \# & \wedge & ?\end{array}$
112. (C)ATQ,
$3 \mathrm{E}+5 \mathrm{P}=105 \ldots . .(\mathrm{i})$

$$
\begin{equation*}
4 \mathrm{E}+6 \mathrm{P}=130 \tag{ii}
\end{equation*}
$$

On solving equation (i) and (ii), we get

$$
\mathrm{E}=10 \text { and } \mathrm{P}=15
$$

$\therefore$ Price of one eraser $=₹ \mathbf{1 0}$
113. (C)


$$
\mathrm{OC}=\sqrt{24^{2}+7^{2}}=25 \mathrm{~km}
$$

$\therefore$ Minimum distance between the movie hall and his office = $\mathbf{2 5} \mathbf{~ k m}$
114. (C)
115. (A)
116.(C) 411 B 3 A 29 C 53 D 20

After changing the signs as per the given details,

$$
411 \div 3-29+53 \times 20
$$

$=137-29+1060$
= 1168
117. (D)
118. (C)
119. (A) Number of squares is $\mathbf{1 4}$
120. (C)

## Answer key

| 1. (A) | 16. (B) | 31. (B) | 46. (A) | 61. (B) | 76. (A) | 91. (D) | 106. (C) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. (D) | 17. (B) | 32. (B) | 47. (B) | 62. (A) | 77. (B) | 92. (D) | 107. (A) |
| 3. (A) | 18. (D) | 33. (D) | 48. (B) | 63. (B) | 78. (C) | 93. (D) | 108. (B) |
| 4. (C) | 19. (B) | 34. (C) | 49. (C) | 64. (A) | 79. (C) | 94. (D) | 109. (B) |
| 5. (A) | 20. (A) | 35. (B) | 50. (B) | 65. (A) | 80. (A) | 95. (C) | 110. (D) |
| 6. (B) | 21. (D) | 36. (A) | 51. (A) | 66. (C) | 81. (B) | 96. (D) | 111.(D) |
| 7. (C) | 22. (B) | 37. (A) | 52. (C) | 67. (D) | 82. (A) | 97. (C) | 112. (C) |
| 8. (A) | 23. (B) | 38. (B) | 53. (D) | 68. (D) | 83. (C) | 98. (B) | 113. (C) |
| 9. (D) | 24. (C) | 39. (B) | 54. (C) | 69. (A) | 84. (C) | 99. (C) | 114. (C) |
| 10. (B) | 25. (D) | 40. (A) | 55. (D) | 70. (B) | 85. (D) | 100. (C) | 115. (A) |
| 11. (B) | 26. (D) | 41. (A) | 56. (A) | 71. (C) | 86. (A) | 101. (D) | 116.(C) |
| 12. (D) | 27. (C) | 42. (A) | 57. (D) | 72. (A) | 87. (D) | 102. (B) | 117. (D) |
| 13. (C) | 28. (A) | 43. (C) | 58. (A) | 73. (D) | 88. (B) | 103. (B) | 118. (C) |
| 14. (D) | 29. (B) | 44. (C) | 59. (D) | 74. (D) | 89. (B) | 104. (A) | 119. (A) |
| 15. (C) | 30. (B) | 45. (B) | 60. (A) | 75. (C) | 90. (A) | 105. (A) | 120. (C) |

