## CPO MOCK TEST - 36 (SOLUTION)

1. (A)

$40 \div 4=10$ (Divided by the number of letters) Similarly,

$60 \div 5=12$ (Divided by the number of letters)
2. (D) Second is the quality which is present in the first except in option (D).
3. (C)

4. (B) Cloth is made from thread. Similarly, Mesh is made from wire.
5. (B) Cloth is cut by Scissors. Similarly, Wood is chopped by Axe.
6. (B) Music is a combination of Notation. Similarly, the pattern of poem is formed by the combination of Stanza.
7. (A) Stamp collectors are called the Philatelist. Similarly, coins collectors are called the Numismatist.
8. (A) $\frac{\mathrm{K}}{\mathrm{T}}=\frac{11}{20} \longrightarrow$ Place value Similarly,

$$
\frac{\mathrm{J}}{\mathrm{R}}=\frac{10}{18} \longrightarrow \text { Place value }
$$

9. (C) $212+224=436$
$560+224=784$
10. (C)
11. (C) In all other options money is deposited whereas amounts is paid in the salary.
12. (D) Except option (D) all games are played between two players.
13. (D)

14. (D) $9 \frac{1}{11}=\frac{100}{11} ; 7 \frac{9}{13}=\frac{100}{13} ; 5 \frac{15}{17}=\frac{100}{17}$

But, $5 \frac{6}{19}=\frac{101}{19}$
15. (D) Except option (D), all other pairs are composite number.
16. (C) Except option (C), all are related to entertainment.
17. (C) $84-67=17$
$112-95=17$
$79-63=16$
$167-150=17$
18. (C) Except option (C) all are related to navy.
19. (B)

20. (D) $24+8-4 \times 2 \div 3=47$

After changing the sign
$24 \times 8 \div 4+2-3=47$
$=24 \times 2+2-3=47$
$=48+2-3=47$
$=50-3=47$
$=47=47$ (True)
21. (A) Moc Don Cil $\rightarrow$ Beautiful Big House ....(i)

Fit Kon Don $\rightarrow$ House(is)Fine
Bai Tin Fit $\rightarrow$ Costis More
From eq. (i) \& (ii)
House and Don are common
So, House $\Rightarrow$ Don
From eq. (ii) \& (iii)
'Is' and 'Fit' are common
So, Is $\Rightarrow$ Fit
Then, Kon $\Rightarrow$ Fine [from eq. (ii)]
22. (C) RETURN
23. (B) $\frac{15+12}{3}=9 ; \quad \frac{44+28}{8}=9$;

$$
\frac{64+53}{13}=9
$$

24. (B) $14 \times 4=56 \quad 16 \times 4=64 \quad 15 \times 4=\mathbf{6 0}$

$$
\sqrt{25}=5 \quad \sqrt{81}=9 \quad \sqrt{49}=7
$$

25. (A) $\sqrt{169}+\sqrt{64}+\sqrt{81}=13+8+9=30$
$\sqrt{625}+\sqrt{\mathbf{3 2 4}}+\sqrt{44}=25+18+7=50$
$\sqrt{1296}+\sqrt{576}+\sqrt{100}=36+24+10=70$

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26. (C) $\begin{array}{rcc}8-5 & 9-6 & 5-2 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 3 & 3 & 3\end{array}$

$\begin{array}{ccc}6-3 & 15-9 & 14-12 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \mathbf{3} & 6 & 2\end{array}$
27. (B) $(2+6+2+3)^{2}-1=168$
$(3+5+1+2)^{2}-1=120$
$(2+3+5+4)^{2}-1=\mathbf{1 9 5}$
28. (A)
$\frac{\text { Leopard }}{6} \quad \frac{\text { Load }}{4} \quad \frac{\text { Loan }}{3} \quad \frac{\text { Loath }}{1} \quad \frac{\text { Long }}{2}$
$\frac{\text { Luminous }}{5}$
29. (A) P


So, $L$ is grandson of $P$.
30. (A)


Required distance $=30+85+65=180 \mathrm{~m}$
31. (B)
32. (C)
33. (B) $\frac{\text { Stone }}{5} \frac{\text { Rock }}{1} \frac{\text { Hill }}{2} \frac{\text { Mountain }}{3} \frac{\text { Range }}{4}$
34. (C) Let the number of boys be $x$.
$2 x+4(7-x)=20$
$2 x+28-4 x=20$
$8=2 x$
$4=x$
Then, number of dogs $=7-4=3$
35. (A)


Hence, Neha is facing towards the North direction.
36. (C)

37. (B) Rahul : Rani $=x: 10 x$

$$
\text { Today }=x+10 x+\underbrace{10 \text { yrs }}_{5 \text { yrs of each }}=32 \mathrm{yrs}
$$

$$
11 x=22
$$

$$
x=2
$$

$$
\text { Rahul : Rani }=2
$$

(5 yrs ago.) after 10 yrs
from today (Total 15 yrs )
38. (A)

39. (A)
 20 3042 56
40. (B) $\mathrm{a} a \underline{\mathbf{a}} / \mathrm{b} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{a} \underline{\mathbf{b}} / \mathrm{a} \mathrm{a} \underline{\mathbf{a}} / \mathrm{b} \mathrm{a} \underline{\mathbf{a}} \mathrm{b}$
41. (D) $\mathrm{b} a \mathrm{a} \underline{\mathbf{b}} / \underline{\mathbf{b}} \mathrm{a} a \mathrm{~b} / \underline{\mathbf{b}} \mathrm{a} a \mathrm{~b} / \mathrm{b} \underline{\mathbf{a}} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{b}$
42. (C) People who don't play any game
$=40-(25+22-16)$
$=40-31=9$
43. (C) Three meaningful word.

ELECTION
ELECTRON
ELECTRIC
44. (B)


There are 13 triangles in the given figure.
$\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \triangle \mathrm{ABD}, \triangle \mathrm{ADC}, \triangle \mathrm{AFC}, \triangle \mathrm{FDG}$,
$\triangle \mathrm{AFB}, \triangle \mathrm{FDB}, \triangle \mathrm{FBC}, \Delta \mathrm{GBD}, \triangle \mathrm{ADE}$,
$\Delta \mathrm{GBE}, \triangle \mathrm{FDG}$ and $\triangle \mathrm{DBE}$
45. (B)

46. (A)
47. (C)
48. (B)
49. (B)
50. (B)


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52.(C) Facebook has appointed Ajit Mohan as managing director and vice president of India operations. Mr. Mohan, who was previously the CEO of video streaming platform Hotstar.
54. (C) With the onset of World War I, the British stiffened censorship and restrictions on political activity. Azad's Al-Hilal was consequently banned in 1914 under the Press Act for spreading extremist views. From November 12, 1915, Azad started a new journal, the Al-Balagh and again he started propagating revolutionary ideas and nationalism through this paper. During that time he supported the Khilafat movement. In 1916 the government banned Al-Balagh under Defence of India Regulation Act.
55 (A) Anthony Sinisuka Ginting has won the Men's singles title of China open by defeating Japan's Kento
57. (C) Contour ploughing is the farming practice of ploughing across a slope following its elevation contour lines. The rows from slow water run-off during rainstorms to prevent soil erosion and allow the water time to settle into the soil.
61. (D) The Volga is the largest river in Europe in terms of length, discharge, and watershed. It flows through the western part of Russia and is widely viewed as the national river of Russia.
63. (D) At present, the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (also known as the Red Data List ) lists eight classes of organism under the group of threatened categories of critically endangered. The classes of organism for which the 'threatened' tag is applied are mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes, insect, mollusc and plants.
65. (B) Satyameva Jayate (Truth Alone Triumphs) is a mantra from the ancient Indian scripture Mundaka Upanishad which is one of the earlier, primary(mukhya) Upanishad, a genre of Hindu scriptures commented upon by Shankara. It is associated with the Atharva Veda. Upon independence of India, it was adopted as the national motto of India. The origin of the motto is a wellknown mantra 3.1.6 from the Mundaka Upanishad.
67. (D) If the mass of the body is $m$, the force of attraction of the earth, or the weight w of the body, is given by the Newton's law of
gravitation as $\mathrm{w}=\mathrm{mg}$, with acceleration due to gravity $\mathrm{g}=\frac{G M}{R^{2}}$ where M and R are the mass and radius of the Earth respectively. Weight of the body is maximum at the centre of the earth and zero at the centre of the earth.
68. (C) A microcomputer is a small relatively inexpensive computer with microprocessor as its Central Processing Unit (CPU). It is most commonly associated with the first wave of all-in-one 8 -bit home computers and small business microcomputer (such as the Apple II, Commodore 64, BBC Micro, and TRS 80).
70. (A) Pitch is a perceptual property that allows the ordering of sounds on frequencyrelated scale. Pitch may be quantified as a frequency - related scale. Pitch is not a purely objective physical property. It is a subjective psycho-acoustical attribute of sound. When the frequency is high, the wavelength of the sound is shorter.
71. (C) Rajasthan is a land-locked state which is bordered by Pakistan to the west, Gujarat to the south-west, Madhya Pradesh to the south-east, Uttar Pradesh and Haryana to the north-east and Punjab to the north.
73.(A) Padmaja Chunduru has assumed charge as its Managing Director and CEO of Indian Bank.

## Indian Bank

- Founded: 15 August 1907
- Headquarters: Chennai
- Tagline: Your Own Bank

74. (C) All proteins contain Nitrogen. Precisely, they contain about 16 percent Nitrogen. The determination of protein requirement is based on Nitrogen balance, which include total Nitrogen in food and excreta.
76.(C) Fourth edition of India International Science Festival will be inaugurated by President Ram Nath Kovind in Lucknow. The first and second IISF were held in New Delhi and the third in Chennai.
75. (B) The $52^{\text {nd }}$ Constitutional Amendment of 1985 amended articles 101, 102, 190 and 191; and inserted Schedules 10 to the Constitution of India. It dealt with the Anti Defection Law and provided disqualification of members from parliament and assembly in case of defection from one party to other.
76. (C) Services provided by housewives can be categorized as non-economic services and thus cannot be accounted in national income which is the sum total of all the goods and services produced in a country, in a particular period of time.


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83. (C) The international Monetary Fund has headquarters in Washington, D.C., United States. It is an international organization that was created on July 22, 1944 at the Bretton Woods conference and came into existence on December 27, 1945 when 29 countries signed the Articles of Agreement.
84. (B) Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam is the undisputed father of India's missile programme. He has breathed life into ballistic missiles like the Agni and Prithvi, which put China and Pakistan well under India's missile range. It is too exhausting to track Dr Abdul Kalam's achievements to date. In the 60 s and 70 s he was a trail blazer in the space department. In the 80s he transformed the moribund Defence Research and Development Laboratory in Hyderabad into a highly motivated team. By the 90s Kalam emerged as the boon for Indian science and technology and was awarded the Bharat Ratna.
85. (C) Hot money is a term that is most commonly used in financial markets to refer to the flow of funds for capital) from (or capital) from one country to another in order to earn a short-term profit on interest rate differences and/or anticipated exchange rate shifts. These speculative capital flows are called "hot money" because they can move very quickly in and out markets, potentially leading to market instability.
88. (D) Lysosomes are known as digestive bag because it digest foreign material as well as worn out cell organelles. They contain powerful digestive enzymes which are capable of breaking down all organic materials.
89. (C) The decibel (DB) is a logarithmic unit that indicates the ratio of a physical quantity (usually power or intensity) relative to a specified or implied reference level. A ratio in decibels is ten times the logarithm to base 10 of the ratio of two power quantities.
90. (B) 'Terra Rossa' in Latin or Italian language is another name for "Red Soil" or "Red Terrain". It is a type of red clay soil produced by the weathering of limestone. Terra Rossa is typically found in regions with a Mediterranean climate.
91. (C) Gross domestic product (GDP) is the market value of all officially recognized final goods and services produced within a country in a given period of time. The united Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea has defined sovereign rights over international waters by defined concepts as Internal waters, exclusive economic zones (EEZs), continental shelf jurisdiction, etc. According to this law, the income generated by Indian fishermen would be accounted in GDP of India.
92. (B) Calcium Sulphate is a common laboratory and industrial chemical. In the form of anhydrite (the nearly anhydrous form), it is used as a desiccant. It is also used as coagulant in products like tofu. The main sources of calcium sulphate are naturally occurring gypsum and anhydrite which occur at many locations worldwide as evaporates.
93. (C) The Ashoka Chakra is a depiction of the Buddhist Dharmachakra, represented with 24 spokes. The most visible use of the Ashoka Chakra today is at the centre of National flag of the Republic of India (adopted on 22 July, 1947), where it is rendered in a Navy-blue colour on a White background by replacing the symbol of Charkha (Spinning wheel) of the preindependence versions of the flag.
94. (B) Former BCCI President Biswanath Dutt has passed away recently. He was 92.

## Board of Control for Cricket in India

- Founded: 1928
- Headquarters: Mumbai, Maharashtra
- President: C K Khanna

97. (B) The red blood cells develop in the bone marrow and circulate for about 100-120 days in the body before their components are recycled by macrophages. Each circulation takes about 20 seconds. Approximately a quarter of the cells in the human body are red blood cells.
98. (C) The amoebas do not have nervous system, but they communicate by means of the interaction of the cellular membrane with the outside that surrounds them. In response to an injurious stimulus, irritating or nutritional, the intracellular communication produces a reaction of the complete cell, moving away or approaching the respective stimulus.

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99. (A) Biogas typically refers to a gas produced by breakdown of organic matter in the absence of oxygen. Organic waste such as dead plant and animal material, animal faeces and kitchen waste can be converted into a gaseous fuel called biogas. Biogas originates from biodegradable materials such as biomass, manure, sewage, municipal waste, green waste, plant material, and crops, Biogas comprises primarily methane $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{4}\right)$ and carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$ and may have small amounts of hydrogen Sulphate $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right) \mathrm{k}$, moisture and siloxanes.
100(D).New Development Bank (NDB) has approved a USD 525-million loan to Madhya Pradesh for infrastructure projects.

## New Development Bank (NDB)

- Formation: July 2014 (Treaty signed) + July 2015 (Treaty in force)
- Headquarters: Shanghai, China
- President: K.V. Kamath
- Member Country: Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa

101. (C) $4 \sec ^{2} \theta+9 \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta$
$=4\left(1+\tan ^{2} \theta\right)+9\left(1+\cot ^{2} \theta\right)$
$=13+4 \tan ^{2} \theta+9 \cot ^{2} \theta$
$\because a+b \geq 2 \sqrt{a b}$
The minimum value of $a+b$ is $2 \sqrt{a b}$
Then the minimum value of
$4 \tan ^{2} \theta+9 \cot ^{2} \theta=2 \sqrt{4 \tan ^{2} \theta .9 \cot ^{2} \theta}$
$=2 \times 6=12$
Hence, minimum value $=13+12=25$
102. (D) Let number of sides be $n$.

Each exterior angel of regular polygon of $n$
sides $=\frac{360^{\circ}}{n}$
Each interior angle $=\frac{(n-2) 180^{\circ}}{n}$
ATQ,
$\frac{360^{\circ}}{n}=\frac{1}{3}\left[\frac{(n-2) \times 180}{n}\right]$
$\Rightarrow \frac{360}{n}=\frac{(n-2) 60}{n} \Rightarrow 360=(n-2) 60$
$\Rightarrow n=8$
103. (D) A's 1 day work $=\frac{1}{15}$

B's 1 day work $=\frac{1}{20}$
$(A+B)$ 's 1 day work $=\left(\frac{1}{15}+\frac{1}{20}\right)=\frac{7}{60}$
$(A+B)$ 's 4 days work $=\left(\frac{7}{60} \times 4\right)=\frac{7}{15}$
Therefore,
Remaining work $=\left(1-\frac{7}{15}\right)=\frac{8}{15}$
104. (A) We know the sum of square of first $n$ natural number is $=\frac{n(n+1)(2 n+1)}{6}$
Now, $25^{2}+26^{2}+\ldots \ldots . .+50^{2}$
$=\left(1^{2}+2^{2}+\ldots .+50^{2}\right)-\left(1^{2}+2^{2}+\ldots \ldots+24^{2}\right)$
$=\frac{50(50+1)(100+1)}{6}-\frac{24(24+1)(48+1)}{6}$
$\frac{50 \times 51 \times 101}{6}-\frac{24 \times 25 \times 49}{6}$
$=42925-4900=38025$
105. (C) Let number of men $=x$, number of women $=y$
$\Rightarrow$ Efficiency of 4 men and 6 women
$=\frac{100}{10}=10 \%$
$\Rightarrow 4 x+6 y=10$
Above equation means 4 men and 6 women
can do $10 \%$ of a the job in one day.
$\Rightarrow$ Efficiency of 3 men and 7 women
$=\frac{100}{8}=12.5 \%$
$\Rightarrow 3 x+7 y=12.5$
By solving both equations we get, $x=-0.5$ and $y=2$
$\Rightarrow$ Efficiency of 1 women $(y)=2 \%$ per day
$\Rightarrow$ Efficiency of 10 women per day $=20 \%$
$\Rightarrow 10$ women can complete the job in
$=\frac{100}{20}=5$ days
106. (C)Let total votes $=x$
$\therefore$ Winner gets $=(100-35) \%$ of $x=65 \%$ of $x$
Difference $=(65-35) \%$ of $x=30 \%$ of $x$
$\therefore$ According to condition
$30 \%$ of $x=450$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{450}{30} \times 100=1500$

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107. (A) Let the required amount be $x$.

ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 750=x \times \frac{125}{100} \times \frac{125}{100} \times \frac{125}{100} \\
& x=\frac{750 \times 100 \times 100 \times 100}{125 \times 125 \times 125}=₹ 384
\end{aligned}
$$

108. (D) Total age of 26 labourers $=26 \times 30$

$$
=780 \mathrm{yrs}
$$

Required age $=780-25 \times 30+(26-1) \times \frac{1}{5}$
$=780-25 \times 30+5$
$=780-750+5$
$=35 \mathrm{yrs}$
109. (C) $\frac{2 \times(37)^{2}-\frac{1}{2}}{2 \times 37-1}=\frac{2738-\frac{1}{2}}{74-1}$
$=\frac{5476-1}{2 \times 73}=\frac{5475}{146}=37.5$
110. (B) Here,
$118 \%$ of cost $-112 \%$ of cost $=₹ 18$
$\Rightarrow 6 \%$ of cost $=₹ 18$
$\Rightarrow$ cost $=\frac{18 \times 100}{6}=₹ 300$.
111. (C) $\frac{x^{3}+\frac{1}{x}}{x^{2}-x+1}$

Dividing by $x$, we have
$=\frac{x^{2}+\frac{1}{x^{2}}}{x-1+\frac{1}{x}}=\frac{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{2}-2 \cdot x \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)-1}$
$=\frac{3^{2}-2}{3-1}=\frac{7}{2}$
112. (B) Let the installment amount be ₹ 100 .

For fourth year $=100+\left(\frac{100 \times 4 \times 3}{100}\right)=112$
For third year $=100+\left(\frac{100 \times 4 \times 2}{100}\right)=108$
For second year $=100+\left(\frac{100 \times 4 \times 1}{100}\right)=104$
For first year $=100+\left|-\frac{100 \propto *}{100}\right|=100$

Total $=112+108+104+100=424$
$424 \xrightarrow{\times 2} 848$
So annual equal installment
$=100 \xrightarrow{\times 2} ₹ 200$
113. (B) Here instead of every kilometre, every 7 th kilometre is given. Hence, we should first calculate no. of times he rests i.e. $\frac{84}{7}=12$

Required answer $=\frac{84}{14}+12 \times \frac{6}{60}$
$=6 \mathrm{hrs}+1 \mathrm{hr} 12 \mathrm{~min}$
$=7 \mathrm{hrs} 12 \mathrm{~min}$
114. (A) $p \partial \frac{1}{p}$

$$
p q=k
$$

Let $q$ will be decreased by $x \%$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -p, p \propto \frac{100}{100} \times q\left(\frac{100-x}{100}\right)=k \\
& 2 p \times q\left(\frac{100-x}{100}\right)=p q \\
& 2 \times \frac{100-x}{100}=1
\end{aligned}
$$

$\Rightarrow x=50$
$q$ is decreased by $50 \%$.
115. (A)


Area of square $=14^{2}$

$$
=196 \text { sq. cm }
$$

Area of all sectors $=\frac{1}{4} \times 4 \times \pi r^{2}$
$=\frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7=154$ sq. cm.
Required area $=196-154$

$$
=42 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

116. (C) Part of the cistern filled by pipe $X$ in 18 minutes $=\frac{18}{24}=\frac{3}{4}$

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Remaining part $=1-\frac{3}{4}=\frac{1}{4}$
$\because \quad$ Pipe $Y$ can fill the whole cistern in 32 minutes
$\therefore \quad$ Pipe Y can fill $\frac{1}{4}$ part in $\frac{1}{4} \times 32=8 \mathrm{~min}$ $\Rightarrow$ Pipe Y should be closed after 8 minutes.
117. (B) In $\Delta \mathrm{TQR}, 90^{\circ}+40^{\circ}+x=180^{\circ}$
(Angle sum property of a triangle)
Therefore, $x=50^{\circ}$
Now, $y=\angle \mathrm{SPR}+x$
Therefore, $y=30^{\circ}+50^{\circ}=80^{\circ}$
118.
(D) $\frac{2 x}{3 x^{2}-5 x+3}=\frac{\frac{2 x}{x}}{\frac{3 x^{2}}{x}-\frac{5 x}{x}+\frac{3}{x}}$
$=\frac{2}{3 x+\frac{3}{x}-5}=\frac{2}{3\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)-5}$
$=\frac{2}{3 \times 5-5}=\frac{2}{10}=\frac{1}{5}$
119. (B) $r=h$ (Given)

Ratio of volumes
$=\frac{2}{3} \pi r^{3}: \pi r^{2} h: \frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h=\frac{2}{3} r^{3}: r^{3}: \frac{1}{3} r^{3}$
$=\frac{2}{3}: 1: \frac{1}{3}=2: 3: 1$.
120. (C) If $10^{\circ} 6^{\prime} 32=\theta$, then
$79^{\circ} 53^{\prime} 28^{\prime \prime}=90^{\circ}-\theta$
$\therefore \sin \theta=a=\frac{p}{h}$

$\therefore b=\sqrt{1-a^{2}}$
$\therefore \cos \left(79^{\circ} 53^{\prime} 28^{\prime \prime}\right)+\tan \left(10^{\circ} 6^{\prime} 32^{\prime \prime}\right)$
$=\cos \left(90^{\circ}-\theta\right)+\tan \theta$
$=\sin \theta+\tan \theta=a+\frac{a}{\sqrt{1-a^{2}}}$
$=\frac{a \sqrt{1-a^{2}}+a}{\sqrt{1-a^{2}}}=\frac{a\left(1+\sqrt{1-a^{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{1-a^{2}}}$
121. (D) Area of $\Delta \mathrm{FBE}=108 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

Let each side be $6 x$.
$\therefore \mathrm{BE}=\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{BC}=\frac{1}{3} \times 6 x=2 x$
$\mathrm{BF}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{AB}=\frac{1}{2} \times 6 x=3 x$
Area of $\triangle \mathrm{FBE}=\frac{1}{2} 3 x \times 2 x=3 x^{2}$
$\therefore 3 x^{2}=108$
$\therefore x^{2}=36$
$\Rightarrow x=6 \mathrm{~cm}$.
$\therefore \mathrm{AC}^{2}=\mathrm{AB}^{2}+\mathrm{BC}^{2}=2 \mathrm{AB}^{2}$
$\Rightarrow A C^{2}=2(36)^{2}$
$\Rightarrow A C=36 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$.
122. (B) Roots of equation are real and equal then,
$b^{2}-4 a c=0$
$\therefore(-p)^{2}-4 \times 25 \times 4=0$

$$
p^{2}=400
$$

$$
p= \pm 20
$$

123. (A) Weight of new men $=$ Weight of outgoing man + increase in Weight $\times$ No. of men
$=60+1 \times 8$
$=68 \mathrm{~kg}$
124. (B) $\mathrm{SI}=₹(7200-6000)=₹ 1200$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \therefore \mathrm{SI}=\frac{P R T}{100} \Rightarrow 1200=\frac{6000 \times R \times 4}{100} \\
& \Rightarrow \mathrm{R}=\frac{1200 \times 100}{6000 \times 4}=5 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

New rate $(\mathrm{R})=5 \times 1.5=7.5 \%$
Then, SI $=\frac{6000 \times 7.5 \times 5}{100}=₹ 2250$
$\therefore$ Amount $=₹(6000+2250)=₹ 8250$
125. (B) Let the distance of the place be $x \mathrm{~km}$.

According to the question,
$\frac{x}{6-2}-\frac{x}{6+2}=3$
$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{4}-\frac{x}{8}=3$
$\Rightarrow x=8 \times 3=24 \mathrm{~km}$
126. (A) Required time $=7 \mathrm{AM}+\frac{24-4}{4+6}$
$=7 \mathrm{AM}+\frac{20}{10} \mathrm{hrs}$
$=9 \mathrm{AM}$
Required distance $=4 \times 3=12 \mathrm{~km}$ from Delhi and also 12 km from Alwar

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127. (D) Let the CP be $100 \%$ ATQ,
$80 \%$ of $\frac{125}{100}=120 \%-75$
$\Rightarrow 100 \%=120 \%-75$
$\Rightarrow 75=20 \%$
$\Rightarrow 100 \%=\frac{75}{20} \times 100$

$$
\text { = ₹ } 375
$$

128. (A) Let the third number be 100 .
then, the first number $=135$
the second number $=150$
Required percentage $=\frac{135}{150} \times 100=90 \%$
129. (A) $\sqrt{48}-\sqrt{45}=\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{16}-\sqrt{15})$

Multiplying numerator and denominator by
2, we get $\frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{64}-2 \sqrt{15})}{2}$
$=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(8-2 \times \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{3})=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})^{2}$
$\therefore$ Required square root $=\frac{\sqrt[4]{3}}{\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{3})$
130. (A) Area of the field
$=\frac{\text { Total cost }}{\text { Cost per hectare }}=\frac{486}{36}=\frac{27}{2}$ hectare
$\therefore$ Area of the field $=\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times$ Height $\times$ Height
$=\frac{3}{2}(\text { Height })^{2} \quad(\therefore$ Base $=3 \times$ Height $)$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{2}(\text { Height })^{2}=\frac{27}{2}$ hectares.
$\Rightarrow(\text { Height })^{2}=\frac{27}{2} \times \frac{2}{3}=9$ hectares
$=90000 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{m}$
$\Rightarrow$ Height $=\sqrt{90000}=300 \mathrm{~m}$.
and, base $=3 \times$ Height $=900 \mathrm{~m}$.
131. (B) $180^{\circ}=\pi$ Radian
$\Rightarrow 27^{\circ}=\frac{\pi}{180^{\circ}} \times 27^{\circ}=\left|-\frac{3 \theta}{20}\right|^{c}$
132. (B) Sum of 4 new numbers

$$
\begin{aligned}
\quad & =50 \times 104-100 \times 44 \\
& =5200-4400=800 \\
\therefore & \text { Average }=\frac{800}{4}=200
\end{aligned}
$$

133. (A) Let the radius of inner circle be $r_{1}$
$\therefore 2 \pi r_{1}=704$
$\Rightarrow r_{1}=\frac{704}{2 \pi}=\frac{704 \times 7}{2 \times 22}=112 \mathrm{~m}$.
Let the radius of outer circle $=r_{2}$
$\therefore r_{2}=r_{1}+7=112+7=119 \mathrm{~m}$.


Area of the path $=\pi r_{2}^{2}-\pi r_{1}^{2}$
$=\pi\left(r_{2}^{2}-r_{1}^{2}\right)=\pi\left(r_{2}+r_{1}\right)\left(r_{2}-r_{1}\right)$
$=\frac{22}{7} \times(119+112)(119-112)=\frac{22}{7} \times 231 \times 7$
$=5082 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
134. (C) Let the share of $\mathrm{B}=₹ x$. Then share of $\mathrm{A}=₹(3903-x)$ ATQ,
$(3903-x)\left(1+\frac{4}{100}\right)^{7}=x\left(1+\frac{4}{100}\right)^{9}$
$\Rightarrow(3903-x)=x\left(\frac{26}{25}\right)^{2}=\frac{676 x}{625}$
$\Rightarrow 3903 \times 625-625 x=676 x$
$\Rightarrow 1301 x=3903 \times 625$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{3903 \times 625}{1301}=₹ 1875$
] Share of $B=₹ 1875$

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135. (D) Le AB be the ladder and CA be the wall with the window at A. Also, $\mathrm{BC}=2.5 \mathrm{~m}$ and $C A=6 \mathrm{~m}$


From Pythagoras Theorem, we have
$\mathrm{AB}^{2}=\mathrm{BC}^{2}+\mathrm{CA}^{2}$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{AB}^{2}=(2.5)^{2}+(6)^{2}=42.25$
] $\mathrm{AB}=6.5$
Thus length of the ladder is 6.5 m .
136. (B) Cost price of all the mangoes $=₹ 1440$

Cost price of the mangoes sold
= 800-44 = ₹ 756
$\therefore$ Highest possible cost price of each mango
$(\mathrm{HCF}$ of 1440 and 756) $=36$
Again the cost price of the mangoes left
$=1440-756=684$
$\therefore$ The minimum number of mangoes left

$$
=684 \div 36=19
$$

137. (A) Required Ratio $=(50-56)+\frac{40}{100} \times 50$

$$
=\frac{-6+20}{56}=\frac{14}{56}=\frac{1}{4}=1: 4
$$

138. (B) Sides opposite to equal angles are equal.

Here,
$\angle \mathrm{ADB}=\angle \mathrm{CAD}=30^{\circ}$
So, Sides AC = CD.
139. (C) Let the number of boys be $2 x$ and the number of girls b $3 x$.
No. of boys is increased by 20\%
$=2 x \times \frac{120}{100}=\frac{12 x}{5}$
No. of girls is increased by $10 \%$
$=3 x \times \frac{110}{100}=\frac{33 x}{10}$
The new ratio of the number of boys to that
of girls $=\frac{\frac{12 x}{5}}{\frac{33 x}{10}}=8: 11$
140. (C)


Let $r_{0}=$ Outer radius
$r_{1}=$ Inner radius
and $L=$ Length of the tube
Volume of the outer cylinder $=\pi r_{0}^{2} L$
Volume of the inner cylinder $=\pi r_{1}^{2} L$
We get the cylindrical tube when we cut out the inner cylinder from the outer cylinder, both the cylinders being concentric.
$\therefore$ Volume of the material of the cylindrical
tube $=\pi r_{0}^{2} L-\pi r_{1}^{2} L=\pi L\left(r_{0}^{2}-r_{1}^{2}\right)$
$=\frac{22}{7} \times 35\left[(15)^{2}-(12)^{2}\right]$
$=22 \times 5 \times 81=8910 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
141. (D) $x=a+2 b-3 c$
$y=3 a-b-2 c$
$z=5 c-4 a-b$
On adding $x+y+z=0$
$\therefore(x+y)^{2}=(-z)^{2}$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x y=z^{2}$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}+y^{2}-z^{2}=-2 x y$
$\Rightarrow \frac{x^{2}+y^{2}-z^{2}}{x y}=\frac{-2 x y}{x y}=-2$
142. (A) Let AB is the pole and $\mathrm{BC}=x \mathrm{~m}$

The initial length of shadow is BD which reduce to BC .

Then in $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$,
$\tan 60^{\circ}=\frac{h}{x}$
$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3}=\frac{h}{x}$


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In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \tan 30^{\circ}=\frac{A B}{B D}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}=\frac{h}{x+5}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}=\frac{h}{\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}}+5}$
$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3} h=\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}}+5 \Rightarrow 3 h=h+5 \sqrt{3}$
$\Rightarrow 2 h=5 \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow h=\frac{5 \sqrt{3}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow$ Height of pole $=\frac{5 \sqrt{3}}{2} \mathrm{~m}$
143. (A) $\left(\frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}+\frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}+\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}+1}\right)$
$=\frac{(2+\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2-\sqrt{3})(2+\sqrt{3})}+\frac{(2-\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})}{(2+\sqrt{3})(2-\sqrt{3})}+\frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)(\sqrt{3}-1)}{(\sqrt{3}+1)(\sqrt{3}-1)}$
$=\frac{4+3+4 \sqrt{3}}{4-3}+\frac{4+3-4 \sqrt{3}}{4-3}+\frac{3+1-2 \sqrt{3}}{3-1}$
$=\frac{7+4 \sqrt{3}}{1}+\frac{7-4 \sqrt{3}}{1}+\frac{4-2 \sqrt{3}}{2}$
$=14+2-\sqrt{3}=16-\sqrt{3}$
144. (C) Let the required distance be $x \mathrm{~km}$.

Then time taken during the first journey
$=\frac{x}{3} \mathrm{hr}$.
and time taken during the second journey
$=\frac{x}{2} \mathrm{hr}$.
$\therefore \frac{x}{3}+\frac{x}{2}=5 \Rightarrow \frac{2 x+3 x}{6}=5 \Rightarrow 5 x=30$
$\therefore x=6$
$\therefore$ required distance $=6 \mathrm{~km}$
145. (D)

$\tan \mathrm{B}=\frac{\text { Length }}{\text { base }}=\frac{b}{c}$
$\tan \mathrm{C}=\frac{\text { Length }}{\text { base }}=\frac{c}{b}$
$\therefore \tan B+\tan C$
$=\frac{b}{c}+\frac{c}{b}=\frac{b^{2}+c^{2}}{b c}=\frac{a^{2}}{b c} \quad\left(\because a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}\right)$
146. (C) It is clear from the graph that annual premium for a man whose age 26 year is ₹ 45.7
147. (C) Required age of the person is 24 years
148. (D) Required premium $=43.75 \times 10$
= ₹ 437.5
149. (B) Required increase

$=[(1.0508-1) \times 100] \%$
= $5.08 \%$
150. (B) Required difference
$=(44.25-43.50) \times 100$
$=0.75 \times 100=₹ 75$


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## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Word
Apathy
Audacious
Ballistophobia
Blow hot and cold
Bucolic
Cheeky
Conscience
Contemporary
Cord
Deity
Diffidence
Elicit
Eulogise
Extrapolation
Flare
Gratitude
Hiatus
Interpolation
Jester
Laconic
Maim
Maverick
Merriment
Metamorphosis
Plight
Plunder
Profligate
Prolix
Rogue
Salacity
Set off
Shabbiness
Smell a rat Stenophobia To cut a sorry figure Trembling Turn over a new leaf Umbrage

Xenophobia
Zeal

Meaning in English
the feeling of not being interested in or enthusiastic about something
willing to take risks or to do something shocking a fear of missiles and projectiles，fear of being shot to be changeable or uncertain（about something） connected with the countryside or country life rude in an amusing or an annoying way
the part of your mind that tells you whether your actions are right or wrong
belonging to the same time
strong thick string or thin rope
a god or goddess
a lack of confidence in yourself；being unwilling to talk about yourself
to get information or a reaction from somebody
to praise somebody／something very highly
to form an opinion or to make an estimate about something from known facts
（especially of anger and violence）to suddenly start or become much stronger
a feeling of thankfulness and appreciation
a pause in activity when nothing happens
the act of making a remark that interrupts a conversation a man who in the past was kept by a ruler to amuse people by acting silly and telling jokes using only a few words to say something
to injure somebody seriously，causing permanent damage to their body
independent，with unusual opinions
laughter and enjoyment
a process in which somebody／something changes completely into something different
a difficult and sad situation
to steal things from a place，especially using force during a time of war
using money，time，materials，etc．in a careless way using too many words a man who is dishonest and immoral
the trait of behaving in an obscene manner to begin a journey
the state of being in poor condition or badly dressed because things have been used or worn a lot
to suspect that something is wrong fear of narrow things or places to leave poor impression shaking slightly because you are afraid，nervous or excited Make a fresh start／to change for better
feeling offended，insulted or upset by something， often without a good reason
a strong feeling of dislike or fear of people from other countries or anything foreign
great energy or enthusiasm connected with something that you feel strongly about

Meaning in Hindi
उ दा सी नता
दु ：सा हसे ，ढी ठ
मिसा इला＇अौर गा｀लिय
अस्थिएय अनिश्चतहा＇ना
दे हा ती，ग्र $T$ मी प
धृष्ट，गु सता ख
अन तरा ₹ मा ，जी र
समस मयिक
रस से
ई श्वर
अ г म मंस ${ }^{\text {य }}$
प्र तिक्रिय का जानना य
प्र $T$ प्त करना
प्र $y^{\circ}$ स करना
मु ल य कन क्रना ，आ कन
q T ड．कना
आ \％T Tर，कृत्ज ता
अं तरा ल，रिकि त
टि पप्य १
मसक रा ，विदू ण क
मितः $T$ т ठ $\dagger$
विक्ला ग बना ना
स्वतं ラा विचा रा＇वा ला
हण T ${ }^{\text {「 }}{ }^{\text {c }}$ ला स
का य फ्लट，स्ष तरप
दु द श T
लू ट ना
अफ यद
पब दा＇का अ ड $工$ बरपू
दु ष्ट
का मु कता ，अश्ली लता
प्र सथा T न करना
प ट｀हा लअवस था T
सं दे ह हा＇ना
सं की प ${ }^{〔}$ स था ना＇${ }^{\circ}$
प्र $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{T}$ वही न
का प्मा
नई चु रुआ त
रा षा ，ना रा जाी
विदे शिये य विदे प्रेक्वेस
प्र तिविकण ${ }^{`}$ प य हा，प उ ₹ स ह，जो प्र

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## CPO MOCK TEST - 36 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. (A) | 26. (C) | 51. (B) | 76. (C) | 101. (C) | 126. (A) | 151. (C) | 176. (B) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. (D) | 27. (B) | 52. (C) | 77. (C) | 102. (D) | 127. (D) | 152. (C) | 177. (B) |
| 3. (C) | 28. (A) | 53. (B) | 78. (C) | 103. (D) | 128. (A) | 153. (C) | 178. (A) |
| 4. (B) | 29. (A) | 54. (C) | 79. (B) | 104. (A) | 129. (A) | 154. (A) | 179. (C) |
| 5. (B) | 30. (A) | 55. (A) | 80. (C) | 105. (C) | 130. (A) | 155. (B) | 180. (C) |
| 6. (B) | 31. (B) | 56. (A) | 81. (D) | 106. (C) | 131. (B) | 156. (C) | 181. (A) |
| 7. (A) | 32. (C) | 57. (C) | 82. (D) | 107. (A) | 132. (B) | 157. (A) | 182. (A) |
| 8. (A) | 33. (B) | 58. (C) | 83. (C) | 108. (D) | 133. (A) | 158. (D) | 183. (B) |
| 9. (C) | 34. (C) | 59. (B) | 84. (B) | 109. (C) | 134. (C) | 159. (C) | 184. (D) |
| 10. (C) | 35. (A) | 60. (A) | 85. (C) | 110. (B) | 135. (D) | 160. (B) | 185. (A) |
| 11. (C) | 36. (C) | 61. (D) | 86. (A) | 111. (C) | 136. (B) | 161. (C) | 186. (A) |
| 12. (D) | 37. (B) | 62. (B) | 87. (C) | 112. (B) | 137. (A) | 162. (C) | 187. (C) |
| 13. (D) | 38. (A) | 63. (D) | 88. (D) | 113. (B) | 138. (B) | 163. (A) | 188. (A) |
| 14. (D) | 39. (A) | 64. (D) | 89. (C) | 114. (A) | 139. (C) | 164. (A) | 189. (D) |
| 15. (D) | 40. (B) | 65. (B) | 90. (B) | 115. (A) | 140. (C) | 165. (D) | 190. (A) |
| 16. (C) | 41. (D) | 66. (C) | 91. (C) | 116. (C) | 141. (D) | 166. (A) | 191. (B) |
| 17. (C) | 42. (C) | 67. (A) | 92. (B) | 117. (B) | 142. (A) | 167. (B) | 192. (A) |
| 18. (C) | 43. (C) | 68. (C) | 93. (C) | 118. (D) | 143. (A) | 168. (A) | 193. (C) |
| 19. (B) | 44. (B) | 69. (A) | 94. (B) | 119. (B) | 144. (C) | 169. (A) | 194. (B) |
| 20. (D) | 45. (B) | 70. (A) | 95. (C) | 120. (C) | 145. (D) | 170. (B) | 195. (B) |
| 21. (A) | 46. (A) | 71. (C) | 96. (A) | 121. (D) | 146. (C) | 171. (A) | 196. (C) |
| 22. (C) | 47. (C) | 72. (C) | 97. (B) | 122. (B) | 147. (C) | 172. (D) | 197. (B) |
| 23. (B) | 48. (B) | 73. (A) | 98. (C) | 123. (A) | 148. (D) | 173. (C) | 198. (D) |
| 24. (B) | 49. (B) | 74. (C) | 99. (A) | 124. (B) | 149. (B) | 174. (B) | 199. (B) |
| 25. (A) | 50. (B) | 75. (B) | 100. (D) | 125. (B) | 150. (B) | 175. (D) | 200. (D) |

151. (*) Add 'to' after 'gave'. Replace 'his' by 'her'
152. (C) Change 'sell' to 'sold'. 'V ${ }_{2}$ ' comes after. It is time + subject'.
153. (C) Change 'would have broken' into 'would break'. The structure of the sentence is: $I f+s u b+V_{2}+$
```
Sub+would + V V
```

154. (A) Change 'appear' into 'appear', since the subject of the sentence 'a number of problems' is plural.
155. (B) Change 'if' into 'whether', 'whether.....or' is the correct pair. 'If....or' is not the correct correlative.
156. (C) Since the sentence is in present perfect tense.
157. (A) 'Elicit' means 'to draw out a reaction or response from somebody'.
158. (C) As the sentence is in present perfect continuous tense.
159. (B) 'Smell a rat' means 'to suspect that something is wrong about a situation'.
160. (C) Change 'reached at calcutta' into 'reached calcutta'. 'Reach' does not take any preposition if it is followed by a destination.
161. (C) Sentence is in Interrogative form. Change you have been doing' into 'have you been doing'?
162. (A) 'Suppose' and 'if never come together as this will make the sentence superfluous. Change 'Supposing if he comes' into 'If he comes'.
163. (B) Change 'in one quarter of an hour' into 'a quarter of an hour'.
164. (D) The sentence is of past imaginary position. Formula:

If + sub + were....... ,+ Sub + would + V
and since it is an interrogative sentence, 'sub' is preceded by helping verb ' would'.
166. (A) Change 'ignited' into 'flared'. Ignite - to set on fire.
'Flare-up' means a sudden occurrance or expression of anger or an occurence in which something

167. (B) Deny - To declare untrue - किसि बा त की स या का ख ड न करना

Refuse-Show unwillingness towards-मना क्रना
Decline - To reject an offer - अस वी क्र र करना

