2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009

## INDIA POST PAYMENT BANK (PHASE-I) -77 (SOLUTION)

(1-5) :


1. (2)
2. (3)
3. (4)
4. (1)
5. (3)
(6-11) :

6. (4)
7. (3)
(8-12) :

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\mathrm{C}>\mathrm{E}>\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{D}>\mathrm{G}>\mathrm{B}>\mathrm{F} \\
50
\end{array}
$$

8. (3)
9. (2)
10. (2)
11. (3)
12. (3)
(13-17) :

13. (4)
14. (2)
15. (3)
16. (5)
17. (2)
(18-22) :

| Floor | Person |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | R |
| 7 | Q |
| 6 | Vacant Floor |
| 5 | V |
| 4 | U |
| 3 | P |
| 2 | T |
| 1 | S |

18. (1)
19. (3)
20. (3)
21. (1)
22. (5)
(23-27) :
23. (4)

I. True II. False

Only Conclusion I follows.
24. (1)

I. Doubt
II. True Only Conclusion II follows.
25. (5)

I. True
II. True

Both conclusion I and II follow.
26. (3)
 Chair
I. Doubt
II. Doubt

Either conclusion I or II follows.
27. (2)

I. False
II. False

Neither conclusion I nor II follows. (28-32) :

| Day | Morning(10a.m) | Evening(3 p.m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monday | A | S |
| Tuesday | T | B |
| Wednesday | C | P |
| Thursday | E | D |
| Friday | Q | R |

28. (5)

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31. (1)
32. (4)
33. (3)
(a) $\quad \mathrm{M}_{(+)} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{N}_{(-)}-\mathrm{Z}_{(-)}$

$$
\mathrm{K}_{(+)} \quad \mathrm{T}-\mathrm{L}_{(+)}
$$

Hence, $K$ and $L$ are cousins.

$$
\mathrm{M}_{(+)} \Leftrightarrow \mathrm{N}_{(-)}-\mathrm{Z}_{(+)}
$$

(b)


1

$$
\mathrm{K}_{(+)} \quad \mathrm{T}-\mathrm{L}_{(+)}
$$

Again, K and L are cousins.
(c)

$$
M_{(+)}
$$


$\mathrm{K}_{(+)}$

$$
G-L_{(-)}
$$

Here, $K$ and $L$ are sisters.
34. (1)
35. (4) According to the statement of Vicky, the woman is either his mother or aunt.

## MATHS

36. (2) $\sqrt{3100} \times \sqrt{567} \div \sqrt{250}=? \div 8$

$$
\Rightarrow 56 \times 24 \div 16 \approx ? \div 8
$$

$\Rightarrow \frac{56 \times 24}{16}=\frac{?}{8}$
$\Rightarrow 84=\frac{?}{8}$
$\Rightarrow ?=8 \times 84=672 \approx 670$
37. (4) $? \approx \frac{700 \times 90}{100}+\frac{1000 \times 50}{100}-170$
$=630+500-170=960$
38. (4) $? \approx \frac{340}{20} \div \frac{30}{510} \times \frac{180}{60}$
$=\frac{340}{20} \times \frac{510}{30} \times \frac{180}{60}=867 \approx 870$
39. (1) $7000 \div 70 \times 95 \approx ? \times 20$
$?=\frac{7000 \times 95}{70 \times 20}=475$
40. (1) ? $\approx(50)^{2}-(9)^{2}-(16)^{2}$
$=2500-81-256=2163 \approx 2165$
41. (2) Required total marks

$$
\begin{aligned}
= & 75 \times \frac{52}{100}+75 \times \frac{80}{100}+75 \times \frac{88}{100}+200 \times \\
& \frac{59}{100}+120 \times \frac{65}{100}+150 \times \frac{68}{100} \\
= & 39+45+66+118+78+102=448
\end{aligned}
$$

42. (3) Required average
$=\frac{75}{100 \times 6} \times(52+80+56+60+64+76)$
$=\frac{75}{100 \times 6} \times 388=48.5$
43. (5) Total marks obtained by Akanksha in all the subject
$=75 \times \frac{60}{100}+75 \times \frac{72}{100}+75 \times \frac{56}{100}+200 \times$

$$
\frac{71}{100}+120 \times \frac{55}{100}+150 \times \frac{56}{100}
$$

$=45+54+42+142+66+84=433$
$\therefore$ Required $\%=\left(\frac{433}{695} \times 100\right) \%$
$=62.30 \% \approx 62 \%$
44. (4) Required $\%=\left[\frac{75 \times \frac{64}{100}}{150 \times \frac{68}{100}} \times 100\right] \%$
$=\left(\frac{48}{102} \times 100\right) \%=47.05 \% \approx 47 \%$
45. (1) Total marks obtained by Alka in Physics, Chemistry and Biology together
$=\frac{75}{100} \times(64+76+60)$
$=\frac{75}{100} \times 200=150$
Total marks obtained by Ena in Physics, Chemistry and Biology together
$=\frac{75}{100} \times(76+64+48)$
$=\frac{75}{100} \times 188=141$
$\therefore$ Required difference $=150-141=9$


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46. (4) The pattern of the given series is:
$5 \times 1.5+1.5=7.5+1.5=9$
$9 \times 2.5+2.5=22.5+2.5=25$
$25 \times 3.5+3.5=87.5+3.5=91$
$91 \times 4.5+4.5=409.5+4.5=414$
Similarly,
(a) $\Rightarrow 3 \times 1.5+1.5=4.5+1.5=6$
(b) $\Rightarrow 6 \times 2.5+2.5=15+2.5=17.5$
(c) $\Rightarrow 17.5 \times 3.5+3.5=61.25+3.5$ $=64.75$
47. (2) The pattern of the given series is:
$15 \times 1-1 \times 6=15-6=9$
$9 \times 2-2 \times 5=18-10=8$
$8 \times 3-3 \times 4=24-12=12$
$12 \times 4-4 \times 3=48-12=36$
$36 \times 5-5 \times 2=180-10=170$
Similarly,
(a) $\Rightarrow 19 \times 1-1 \times 6=19-6=13$
(b) $\Rightarrow 13 \times 2-2 \times 5=26-10=16$
48. (1) The pattern of the given series is:
$7 \times 1-1=6$
$6 \times 2-2=10$
$10 \times 3-3=27$
$27 \times 4-4=104$
$104 \times 5-5=515$
Similarly,
(a) $\Rightarrow 9 \times 1-1=8$
(b) $\Rightarrow 8 \times 2-2=14$
(c) $\Rightarrow 14 \times 3-3=39$
(d) $\Rightarrow 39 \times 4-4=152$
49. (5) The pattern of the given series is: $6 \times 2+2^{2}=12+4=16$
$16 \times 3+3^{2}=48+9=57$
$57 \times 4+4^{2}=228+16=244$
Similarly,
(a) $\Rightarrow 4 \times 2+2^{2}=8+4=12$
(b) $\Rightarrow 12 \times 3+3^{2}=36+9=45$
(c) $\Rightarrow 45 \times 4+4^{2}=180+16=196$
(d) $\Rightarrow 196 \times 5+5^{2}=980+25=\mathbf{1 0 0 5}$
50. (3) The pattern of the given series is:
$8 \times 1+1=9$
$9 \times 2+2=20$
$20 \times 3+3=63$
$63 \times 4+4=256$
Similarly,
(a) $\Rightarrow 5 \times 1+1=6$
(b) $\Rightarrow 6 \times 2+2=14$
(c) $\Rightarrow 14 \times 3+3=45$
(d) $\Rightarrow 45 \times 4+4=184$
(e) $\Rightarrow 184 \times 5+5=\mathbf{9 2 5}$
51. (1) Good quality content in 150 kgs of wheat $=90 \%$ of $150=135 \mathrm{~kg}$.
In new mixture, low quality wheat is $5 \%$, so good quality wheat $95 \%$
$\therefore \quad 5 \%$ of the new mixture $=15 \mathrm{~kg}$,
$\therefore \quad$ New mixture $=\frac{15 \times 100}{5}=300 \mathrm{~kg}$
$\therefore \quad$ Good quality of wheat added $=(300-150) \mathrm{kg} .=150 \mathrm{~kg}$.
52.
(4) Rate $=\frac{\mathrm{SI} \times 100}{\text { Principal } \times \text { Time }}$
$=\frac{12000 \times 100}{40000 \times 3}=10 \%$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{CI}=$ Principal $\left[\left(1+\frac{\text { Rate }}{100}\right)^{\text {Tine }}-1\right]$
$=40000\left[\left(1+\frac{10}{100}\right)^{3}-1\right]$
$=40000\left[(1.1)^{3}-1\right]$
$=40000(1.331-1)$
$=40000 \times 0.331=₹ 13240$
53. (3) Total marked Price of article
$=25 \times 45=₹ 1125$
Selling Price (Giving 10\% discount)
$=\frac{90}{100}$ of $1125=₹ 1012.5$
$\mathrm{CP}=\frac{1012.50}{150} \times 100=₹ 675$
Now the selling price is ₹ 1125 , then profit
$=1125-675=₹ 450$
$\%$ profit $=\left(\frac{450}{675} \times 100\right) \%=66 \frac{2}{3} \%$
54. (3) The number of tiles will be minimum if size of each marble is maximum.
Size of each tile $=$ HCF of 3.78 and 5.25 metre $=0.21$ metre
$\therefore$ Number of tiles $=\frac{3.78 \times 5.25}{0.21 \times 0.21}=450$
55. (5) Ratio of the profit $=$ Ratio of the equivalent capitals of Suraj and Manish
$=60000 \times 12: 100000 \times 6$
$=720000: 600000=6: 5$
$\therefore$ Manish's share in the profit
$=₹\left(\frac{5}{11} \times 151800\right)=₹ 69000$

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56. (5)

> 57. (3)
58. (1) Required total import

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{185}{(25+12)} \times(10+10 \\
& =\frac{185}{37} \times 20=₹ 100 \text { crore }
\end{aligned}
$$

59. (2) Required \%

$$
=\left(\frac{2.1-2}{2} \times 100\right) \%=\left(\frac{0.1}{2} \times 100\right) \%=5 \%
$$

60. (2) New ratio $=\frac{28 \times \frac{75}{100}}{10 \times \frac{150}{100}}=\frac{2100}{1500}=\frac{7}{5}=1.4$
61. (5) $40 \%$ houses have two or more people.
$\therefore \quad 60 \%$ of all houses have only one person of these $60 \%$ and $25 \%$ have only a male. $25 \%$ of $60 \%=0.25 \times 0.60$
$=0.15=15 \%$
Rest of the houses have exactly one female and no males $=(60-15) \%=45 \%$
62. (1) Let Javed has $x$ pencils.
$\therefore 2.5 \times x-1.75 \times x=110+55$
$\Rightarrow 0.75 \times x=165$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{165}{0.75}=₹ 220$
63. (1) Ena $=3 x$ years

Akanksha's $=2 x$ years
After 8 years,
$\frac{3 x+8}{2 x+8}=\frac{11}{8}$
$\Rightarrow 24 x+64=22 x+88$
$\Rightarrow 2 x=88-64=24 \Rightarrow x=12$
$\therefore \quad$ Ajay's age $=2 x=2 \times 12=24$ years
$\therefore \quad$ Age of Ena's son $=\frac{1}{2} \times 24=12$ years
64. (1) Speed of bus $=\frac{480}{8}=60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
$\therefore$ Speed of Train $=\frac{60}{3} \times 4=80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
and speed of car $=\frac{80}{16} \times 15=75 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
$\therefore$ A car covered distance in 6 hours
$=75 \times 6=450 \mathrm{~km}$
65. (5) $\because 10$ men complete the work in 8 days.
$\therefore \quad 80$ men will complete the work in 1 day.
$\because \quad 20$ women complete the work in 6 days.
$\therefore 120$ women complete the work I in 1 day.
$\therefore \quad 80$ men $=120$ women
$\therefore \quad 2$ men $=3$ women
$\therefore \quad 16$ men +18 women $=16$ men
$+18 \times \frac{2}{3}$ men $=28$ men
$\because \quad 10$ men can do the work in 8 days
$\therefore \quad 28$ men can do the work in

$$
\frac{10 \times 8}{28}=\frac{20}{7}=2 \frac{6}{7} \text { days. }
$$

66. (5) I. $\sqrt{x+18}=\sqrt{144}-\sqrt{49}$
$\Rightarrow \sqrt{x+18}=(12-7)=5$
$\Rightarrow x+18=25$
$\Rightarrow x=25-18=7$
II. $y^{2}=473-409=64$
$\Rightarrow y= \pm 8$
Relationship can't be established.
67. (4) I. $x^{2}-7 x+12=0$
$\Rightarrow x^{2}-4 x-3 x+12=0$
$\Rightarrow x(x-4)-3(x-4)=0$
$\Rightarrow(x-3)-(x-4)=0$
$\Rightarrow x=3$ or 4
II. $y^{2}-9 y+20=0$
$\Rightarrow y^{2}-5 y-4 y+20=0$
$\Rightarrow y(y-5)-4(y-5)=0$
$\Rightarrow(y-4)(y-5)=0$
$\therefore y=4$ or 5
Clearly, $x \leq y$
68. (3) Dividing equation I by II,

$$
\begin{align*}
& \frac{(y-x)(y+x)}{(y-x)}=\frac{32}{2} \\
& \Rightarrow y+x=16 \tag{i}
\end{align*}
$$

and $y-x=2$
Adding both equations,
$2 y=18 \Rightarrow y=9$
From equation (i),
$x=16-9=7$
Clearly, $x<y$
69. (5)
I. $\sqrt{x}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{x}}=0$

$$
\Rightarrow \sqrt{x} \times \sqrt{x}-\sqrt{5}=0 \Rightarrow x=\sqrt{5}
$$

II. $y^{3}=5^{3 / 2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad y^{3}=(\sqrt{5})^{3} \Rightarrow y=\sqrt{5}$
Clearly, $x=y$

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70. (1) By equation $1 \times 3+$ equation $\mathrm{II} \times 5$,

$$
9 x+15 y=84
$$

$40 x-15 y=210$
$49 x=294$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{294}{49}=6$
From equation I,
$3 \times 6+5 y=28$
$\Rightarrow 5 y=28-18=10$
$\Rightarrow y=\frac{10}{5}=2$
Clearly, $x>y$

ENGLISH LANGUAGE
71. (4) Refer the third sentence of the first paragraph.
72. (2) Refer the fourth sentence of the first paragraph.
74. (4) Refer fourth sentence of the second paragraph.
76. (5) Refer the first sentence of the passage.
77. (3) Refer the second sentence of the passage.
78. (2) Refer the second sentence of the second paragraph.
86. (4) Replace 'have' with 'had' because the sentence is in past tense.
87. (3) Replace 'would have' with 'had' (past conditional).
88. (2) Replace 'were' with *was'. When two nouns are joined by "with', the noun coming before 'with' is the subject of the sentence and verb follows it.
89. (2) Remove 'it' because the subject of the verb 'was used' is 'stone' and so 'it' is superfluous.
90. (3) Remove 'the'.

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VOCABULARIES

Words
Implications
Morbidities

Crumbling

Dubious

Profligacy
dissipation

Inkling
Ledger

Wailing

Refute
Arbitrator
disprove

## Meaning in English

the conclusion drawn from something
but not explicitly stated
a number of disease
process of deterioration
not to be relied upon; suspect
a slight knowledge or suspicion
a book or other collection of financial accounts of a particular type
give a cry of pain, grief, or anger
an independent person or body officially
appointed to settle a dispute

Meaning in Hindi
सं वे つ त

बिमा री, रा` ग

कमजॉ रहा` ता हुى अ

सं दे हपू प ${ }^{\text { }}$

अं धT $T$ ध ${ }^{\circ}$, खा चर्च कने की प्र वृ $\bar{\tau} T$

अ \% $T$ T $^{T}$
ख T ता बही

चिकना, बिलकना

ख ड न करना
मधय्र थT ता करने वा ला

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## INDIA POST PAYMENT BANK (PHASE-I) -77 (ANSWER KEY)

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98. (3)
99. (2)
100. (5)

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003

