

2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009

SBI PO PHASE-I - 93 (SOLUTION)

(1-3):

REASONING

2. (5) 3. (5) 1. (3)

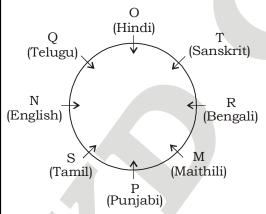
(4-8): 4. (2) (1) 6. (4) (9-11):

-Q

Boy	Visit	Girl	Car
A	Circus	M	Benz / Kwid
В	Movie	P	Maruti
C	Beach	R	Maruti
D	Circus	N	Benz / Kwid
E	Play	Q	Nano
F	Park	0	Benz

9. (3) 10. (4) 11. (3) 12. (4) 13. (1) 14. (3) 15. (5)

(16-21):



16. (1) 17. (3) 18. (4) 20. (3) 19. (2) 21. (3)

(22-25):

n		
В		
ıt		

22. (1)

23. (5)

24. (2)

25. (1)

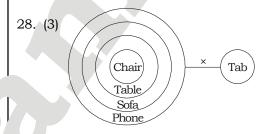
(26-30):



Either conclusion I or III follow.



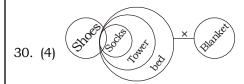
Only conclusion III follow.



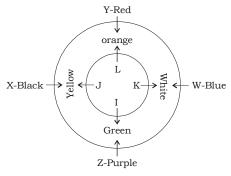
Only conclusion III follow.



None follows.



All conclusions follow. (31-33):



32. (4)

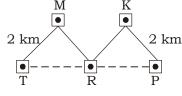
31. (2)

33. (3)



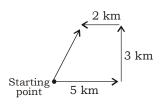
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35. (3)



MATHS

(36-40):

- 36. (2) 23.6% of 1254 16.6% of 834 = 295.944 – 138.444 = 157.5
- 37. (1) $3^{8.9} \times 27^{7.2} 81^{4.6} = 3^{?}$ $\Rightarrow 3^{8.9} \times 3^{21.6} - 3^{18.4} = 3^{?}$ $\Rightarrow ? = 8.9 + 21.6 - 18.4$ $\Rightarrow ? = 12.1$

38. (2)
$$\frac{(14)^2 + 132 \div 4}{25} = \frac{196 + 33}{25} = \frac{229}{25} = 9.16$$

39. (5)
$$(15 \times 0.40)^4 \div (1080 \div 30)^4 \times (24 \times 8)^4$$

= $(3 \times 2)^{9+5}$
 $\Rightarrow (6)^4 \div (36)^4 \times (216)^4 = (6)^{9+5}$
 $\Rightarrow (6)^4 \div (6)^8 \times (6)^{12} = (6)^{9+5}$

40. (1)
$$567 - 4824 \div 134 = ? \times 9$$

 $\Rightarrow 567 - 36 = ? \times 9$
 $\Rightarrow ? \times 9 = 531$
 $\Rightarrow ? = \frac{531}{9} = 59$

(41-45):

41. (2) Female employees in KD Publication

$$\left(5000 \times \frac{20}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{25}{100}\right) = 125$$

Male employees in KD Publication

$$=3500 \times \frac{25}{100} = 875$$

Required ratio = 875 : 125 = 7 : 1

42. (1) Female employees in KD Tech

$$= 5000 \times \frac{15}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{15}{100}$$

Male employees in LA Attire

$$=3500 \times \frac{8}{100} = 280$$

Required difference = 280 - 225 = 55

43. (4) Male employees in KD CA = $3500 \times \frac{10}{100}$ = 350

No. of female employees in KD CA

$$= 5000 \times \frac{12}{100} - 350 = 250$$

Required % =
$$\left[\frac{350 - 250}{250} \times 100\right]$$
%

$$=\left(\frac{100}{250}\times100\right)\% = 40\%$$
 more

44. (1) No. of female employees in

KD Tech =
$$5000 \times \frac{15}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{15}{100}$$

LA Attire =
$$5000 \times \frac{8}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{8}{100}$$

= 120

Rishta Milega =
$$5000 \times \frac{5}{100} - 3500 \times$$

$$\frac{7}{100} = 5$$

KD Campus =
$$5000 \times \frac{40}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{35}{100}$$

KD Publication =
$$5000 \times \frac{20}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{20}{100} = 3500$$

$$\frac{25}{100}$$
 = 125

KD CA =
$$5000 \times \frac{12}{100} - 3500 \times \frac{10}{100} = 250$$

Required answer is Rishta Milega.

45. (3) Central angle of all the employees of KD

Campus =
$$\frac{40}{100} \times 360^{\circ} = 144^{\circ}$$

Central angle of Male employees of KD

Campus =
$$\frac{35}{100} \times 360^{\circ} = 126^{\circ}$$

Required difference = $144^{\circ} - 126^{\circ} = 18^{\circ}$



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(46-50):

46. (3) The pattern of the number se ries is:

$$28 + 11 = 39$$

$$39 + (11 + 13) = 63$$

$$63 + (24 + 15) = 102$$

$$158 + (56 + 19) = 233$$

47. (5) The pattern of the number series is:

$$7 + 3^2 = 7 + 9 = 16$$

$$16 + 5^3 = 16 + 125 = 141$$

$$141 + 7^2 = 141 + 49 = 190$$

$$190 + 9^3 = 190 + 729 = 919$$

 $919 + 11^2 = 919 + 121 = 1040$

48. (3) The pattern of the number series is:

$$12 + 5 \times 1 = 17$$

$$17 + 5 \times 3 = 32$$

$$32 + 5 \times 5 = 57$$

$$57 + 5 \times 7 = 92$$

$$92 + 5 \times 9 =$$
137

49. (4) The pattern of the number series is:

$$19 + 2 \times 3 = 19 + 6 = 25$$

$$25 + 4 \times 5 = 25 + 20 = 45$$

$$45 + 6 \times 7 = 45 + 42 = 87$$

$$87 + 8 \times 9 = 87 + 72 = 159$$

$$159 + 10 \times 11 = 159 + 110 = 269$$

50. (5) The pattern of the number series is:

$$83 + 41 \times 1 = 124$$

$$124 + 41 \times 2 = 124 + 82 = 206$$

$$206 + 41 \times 4 = 206 + 164 = 370$$

$$370 + 41 \times 8 = 370 + 328 = 698$$

$$698 + 41 \times 16 = 698 + 656 =$$
1354

51. (3) According to question,

Required probability = probability that ball from bag A is red and both the balls from bag B are black

probability that ball from bag *A* is black and one black and one red is drawn

from bag B.

$$= \frac{{}^{4}C_{1}}{{}^{9}C_{1}} \times \frac{{}^{7}C_{2}}{{}^{10}C_{2}} + \frac{{}^{5}C_{1}}{{}^{9}C_{1}} \times \frac{{}^{3}C_{1} \times {}^{7}C_{1}}{{}^{10}C_{2}}$$

$$=\frac{4}{9}\times\frac{7}{15}+\frac{5}{9}\times\frac{7}{15}=\frac{7}{15}$$

52. (2) Price of home after 3 years

$$= 10,00,000 \times \left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right)^3$$

$$= 10,00,000 \times \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^3$$

 $= 10,00,000 \times \frac{216}{125} = ₹17,28,000$

Price of car after 3 years

$$= 16,00,000 \times \left(1 + \frac{25}{100}\right)^3$$

$$= 16,00,000 \times \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3$$

=
$$16,00,000 \times \frac{27}{64}$$
 = ₹ 6,75,000

:. Required difference

= 17,28,000 - 6,75,000 = ₹ 10,53,000

53. (1) Time = $\frac{1}{2}$

Let the speed of the boat be x km/hr and speed of the stream be y km/hr.

Relative speed of boat while going upstream = (x + y) km/hr

Given, A man rows to a place 90 km away and back to the starting point in 9 hours 36 minutes.

Time taken =
$$(9 + \frac{36}{60})$$
 hrs = 9.6 hours

$$\therefore \frac{90}{x-y} + \frac{90}{x+y} = 9.6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x-y} + \frac{1}{x+y} = \frac{8}{75}$$
 (i)

Also the time taken to travel 5 km downstream is equal to time taken to travel 3 km upstream.

$$\therefore \frac{5}{x+y} = \frac{3}{x-y}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x - 5y = 3x + 3y$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 4y$$

Substituting value of x in equation (i), we

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{3y} + \frac{1}{5y} = \frac{8}{75}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8}{15u} = \frac{8}{75}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 5 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\therefore x = 4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ km/hr}$$

Time taken for the boat to cover a

distance of 60 km in still water =

= 3hrs



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54. (1) The quantity of milk in the mixture

$$= 30 \times \frac{7}{10} = 21$$
 litres

The quantity of water in the mixture

$$= 30 \times \frac{3}{10} = 9 \text{ litres}$$

Now, let the quantity of water added to the mixture be x litres. Then water becomes 40% of the total quantity of mixtre.

So,
$$\frac{21}{9+x} = \frac{3}{2}$$

or,
$$27 + 3x = 42$$

or,
$$3x = 15$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{15}{3} = 5 \text{ litres}$$

55. (5) Let the sum be P

Then,
$$\frac{p \times 7.5 \times 15}{12 \times 100} - \frac{p \times 12.5 \times 8}{12 \times 100} = 3250$$

 \Rightarrow 112.5 P - 100P = 3250 × 100 × 12

$$P = \frac{32500 \times 100 \times 12}{12.5} = ₹3,12,000$$

(56-60):

56. (2) Actual C.P. of Cup = 50 + 15 = ₹65

∴ S.P of Cup =
$$65 \times \frac{115}{100} = ₹74.75$$

- 57. (4) Actual C.P. of Chair = 200 + 50 = ₹250
 - ∴ S.P. of Chair = 250 + 25= ₹ 275

Actual C.P. of Table = 520 + 50 ₹ 570

:. Required % =
$$\left[\frac{(570 - 275)}{275} \times 100 \right] \%$$

$$=\left(\frac{295}{275}\times100\right)\% = 107.27\% \approx 107\% \text{ less}$$

- 58. (1) C.P. of Pillow = $\frac{120}{80}$ ×100 = ₹ 150
 - :. Loss on Pillow = 150 120 = ₹ 30

Actual C.P. of Bedsheet = 240 + 20

- ∴ Profit on Bedsheet = $260 \times \frac{12}{100} = ₹ 31.20$
- ∴ Required ratio = 30 : 31.20

59. (3) Actual C.P. of Bedsheet = 240 + 20 = ₹260

- ∴ S.P of Bedsheet = $260 \times \frac{112}{100}$ = ₹ 291.20
 - C.P of Pillow = $\frac{120}{80}$ × 100 = ₹ 150
- ∴ Required difference = 291.20 150 = ₹ 141.20
- 60. (2) Actual C.P of Cup = 50 + 15 = ₹65

S.P of Cup = 65 ×
$$\frac{90}{100}$$
 = ₹ 58.5

Required difference

$$= \left[\frac{(520 - 58.5)}{520} \times 100 \right] \% = 88.75\%$$

61. (1) First selling price = 64000 × $\frac{92}{100}$ = ₹ 58,880

Second selling price = $58,880 \times \frac{110}{100}$

- **=** ₹ 64,768
- ∴ Profit = ₹ 64,768 ₹ 64,000 = ₹ 768
- 62. (5) Total number of possible outcomes

$$= {}^{14}C_3 = \frac{14 \times 13 \times 12}{3 \times 2} = 364$$

Now, according to the question, none is green

- ... Total no. of favouable outcomes
- = Selection of 3 marbles out of 5 blue, 2 red and 3 yellow marbles

$$= {}^{10}C_3 = \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8}{3 \times 2} = 120$$

∴ Required probability = $\frac{120}{364} = \frac{30}{91}$

(63-65):

63. (3) From statement A, Let the length of true is 2 m.

ATQ, $\frac{l}{t} = \frac{100 + l}{m}$

$$lm = 100t + lt$$

$$\Rightarrow lm - lt = 100t$$

$$\Rightarrow l(m-t) = 100t$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \left(\frac{100t}{m-t}\right)$$

From statement B,

$$l = 80 \times \frac{5}{18} \times t$$

Therefore, either statement A alone or statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question.



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64. (5) Using both the statement, since Lucky got less than 83% in Science and still got admission, he must have got more than 88% in Mathematics.

Hence, both the statements are necessary to answer the question.

65. (3) From statement A,

∴ 32 boys =
$$32 \times \frac{3}{4} = 24 \text{ men}$$

Let 20 men do the work in x days.

- $\therefore 20 x = 24(x-10)$
- $\therefore x = 60 \text{ days}$

20 men can do the job in $60 \times 2 = 120$ days.

Hence, statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question.

From statement B,

- \therefore 1 women = 1 boy
- \therefore 1 man, 1 woman and 1 boy = 1 man and 2 boys
- : 1 boy completes the work in 70 days.
- ∴ 2 boys completes the work in 35 days. And 1 man and 2 boys work for 7 days.

1 man will take $\left(\frac{35 \times 7}{35 - 7}\right)$ days, i.e $\frac{35}{4}$

$$=8\frac{3}{4}$$
 days

∴ 10 men will do the same job in $\frac{\frac{35}{4}}{10}$

$$= \frac{35}{40} \text{ days}$$

Therefore, statement B alone also can give the answer,

Hence, either A alone or B alone can answer the question.

(66-70):

66. (1) I.
$$7x^2 - 51x + 92 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 7x^2 - 28x - 23x + 92 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 7x^2(x-4) - 23(x-4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (7x-23)(x-4)=0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{23}{7}, 4$$

II.
$$13y^2 - 12y - 81 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 13y^2 - 39y + 27y - 81 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 13 $y(y-3) + 27(y-3) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (13y + 27) (y - 3) = 0

$$\Rightarrow y = -\frac{27}{13}$$
, 3

Clearly, x > y

67. (5) I.
$$87x^2 + 183x + 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 87x^2 + 174x + 9x + 18 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 87 $x(x+2) + 9(x+2) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (87x+9) (x+2) = 0

$$\Rightarrow x = -\frac{9}{87}, -2$$

II.
$$y^2 - 1369 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 = 1369$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 y = +37, -37

68. (5) I.
$$23x^2 + 23x - 1288 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 23x^2 + 184x - 161x - 1288 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 23x(x+8) - 161(x+8) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (23x - 161) (x + 8) = 0

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{161}{23}, -8$$

II.
$$18y^2 + 351y + 1620 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 39y + 180 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 24y + 15y + 180 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2y (y + 12) + 15 (y + 12) = 0

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (2y + 15) (y + 12) = 0

$$\Rightarrow y = -\frac{15}{2}, -12$$

69. (3)
$$13x + 27y = 63$$

$$9x + 16y = 20$$

equation (i) \times 9 – equation (ii) \times 13, we

get

$$117x + 243y - 117x - 208y = 567 - 260$$

 $\Rightarrow 35y = 307$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{307}{35}$$

Put the value of
$$y$$
 in equation (i),

$$13x + 27 \times \frac{307}{35} = 63$$

$$\Rightarrow 13x = 63 - \frac{8289}{35}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{6084}{35 \times 13}$$

Clearly,
$$x < y$$

70. (5) I.
$$2\sqrt{2}x^2 + 49x + 136\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\sqrt{2} x^2 + 32x + 17x + 136\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\sqrt{2} x(x + 8\sqrt{2}) + 17(8 + \sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $(2\sqrt{2}x + 17)(8 + 8\sqrt{2}) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow x = -\frac{17}{2\sqrt{2}}, -8\sqrt{2}$$



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II. $3y^2 + 211 = 5758$

 \Rightarrow 3 y^2 = 5547

 $\Rightarrow y^2 = 1849$

 \Rightarrow y = +43, -43

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- 91. (1) 'interesting' replace with 'interested'.
- 92. (2) 'comprising' replace with 'comprises'.
- 93. (3) 'of' replace with 'than'.

- 94. (4) 'Approximate' replace with 'approximately'.
- 95. (5) No error.
- 96. (1) Use 'of' just after 'worthy'.
- 97. (4) 'with' replace with 'in'.
- 98. (3) 'of' replace with 'than'.
- 99. (2) 'No' replace with 'any' because. No and failed both are Negative word.
- 100. (2) Remove 'of' from the sentence.

VOCABULARIES

Words	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Combat	To fight or counter	सामना करना
Debacle	Defeat	पराजय
Dodge	a sudden quick movement to avoid someone or	चकमा/धोखा देना
	something	
Infirmity	Physical/Mental weekness	कमजोरी
Insuregency	Rebellion	विद्रोह
Reinforcement	Extra soliders sent to a place	अतिरिक्त सैन्य
Seasoned	To rescue from a bad condition	बुरी परिस्थितियों से बाहर निकलना
Surge	growth in number	तेज बढ़ोत्तरी
Throwaway	Expressed in a casual or understated way	बिना सोचे या विचार किए
Asserment	Evaluation	मूल्यांकन
Commensurate	corresponding in size or degree or in proportion	अनुरूप/समतुल्य
Perception	the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something	ु अवधारणा
	through the sense	
Morate	in confidence	आत्मविश्वास
Onlooking	a nonparticipating observer	दर्शक



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SBI PO PHASE-I - 93 (ANSWER KEY)

1.	(3)	26.	(3)	51.	(3)	76 .	(4)
2.	(5)	27.	(3)	52.	(2)	77 .	(3)
3.	(5)	28.	(3)	53.	(1)	78 .	(5)
4.	(2)	29.	(5)	54.	(1)	79.	(1)
5.	(1)	30.	(4)	55.	(5)	80.	(4)
6.	(4)	31.	(2)	56.	(2)	81.	(4)
7 .	(1)	32.	(4)	57.	(4)	82.	(3)
8.	(5)	33.	(3)	58.	(1)	83.	(2)
9.	(3)	34.	(3)	59.	(3)	84.	(4)
10.	(4)	35.	(3)	60.	(2)	85.	(3)
11.	(2)	36.	(2)	61.	(1)	86.	(5)
12.	(4)	37.	(1)	62 .	(5)	87.	(3)
13.	(1)	38.	(2)	63.	(3)	88.	(1)
14.	(3)	39.	(5)	64.	(5)	89.	(4)
15.	(5)	40.	(1)	65 .	(3)	90.	(2)
16.	(1)	41.	(2)	66.	(1)	91.	(1)
17.	(3)	42.	(1)	67.	(5)	92.	(2)
18.	(4)	43.	(4)	68.	(5)	93.	(3)
19.	(2)	44.	(4)	69.	(3)	94.	(4)
20.	(3)	45.	(3)	70.	(5)	95.	(5)
21.	(3)	46.	(3)	71.	(5)	96.	(1)
22.	(1)	47.	(5)	72 .	(2)	97.	(4)
23.	(5)	48.	(3)	73.	(4)	98.	(3)
24.	(2)	49.	(4)	74.	(2)	99.	(2)
25 .	(1)	50.	(5)	75.	(1)	100	. (2)

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003