## Campus

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## SSC MOCK TEST - 145 (SOLUTION)

1. (D) Machine follows the instructions of Man. Similarly, Slave follows the instructions of Master.
2. (C) As,

3. (A) As, $8 \Rightarrow(8)^{2}+(8 \div 2)=68$

Similarly, $10 \Rightarrow(10)^{2}+(10 \div 2)=\mathbf{1 0 5}$
4. (D) Except Rome, others are country.
5. (C) Except 728, others are odd numbers.
6. (C) Except LORU, others have difference of 2 letters between two consecutive letters.
7. (C) DERMATOLOGY $\rightarrow$ DORMANT $\rightarrow$ DRAMATIC $\rightarrow$ DRAPERY $\rightarrow$ DROWSY
8. (B) Last flight's time $=10: 45 \mathrm{am}-25$ minutes $=10: 20 \mathrm{am}$
$\therefore$ Next flight's time $=10: 20 \mathrm{am}+5: 45$ hours = 4:05 pm
9. (B) No. of boys $=40$
and, No. of girls $=20$
31 Students
23 boys +8 girls
Rachna

$\therefore \quad$ No of girls after Rachna $=20-(8+1)=\mathbf{1 1}$
10. (C) GREATER
11. (A)

12. (B)

$(1)^{2}(2)^{2}(3)^{2} \quad(4)^{2}(5)^{2}(6)^{2}$
13. (D)

14. (A)


16 m .
$\therefore$ Required distance $=8+8=\mathbf{1 6} \mathbf{m}$
15. (B)


Similarly,

16. (A) $27+9 \times 28 \div 343-49$

After changing the signs as per the given details,
$27 \times 9-28+343 \div 49=\mathbf{2 2 2}$
17. (B)

18. (A)
19. (B)

I. False
II. False
$\therefore$ Neither conclusion I nor II follows
20. (A)
21. (A) $5^{2} \times 3^{2}=225$
$2^{2} \times 4^{2}=64$
$3^{2} \times 9^{2}=729$
22. (D) $(8+7) \times 2=30$
$(9+3) \times 5=60$
$(7+4) \times 7=\mathbf{7 7}$
23. (B)
24.(A)
25.(C)
27. (A) Credit is a contractual agreement in which a borrower receives something of value now and agrees to repay the lender at some date in the future, generally with interest. It is also known as loan. Credit also refers to an accounting entry that either decreases assets or increases liabilities and equity on the company's

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balance sheet.
28. (C) Money bills passed by the Lok Sabha are sent to the Rajya Sabha. The Rajya Sabha may not amend money bills but can recommend amendments. To make sure that Rajya Sabha doesn't amend the bill by adding some non-money matters, the Speaker of the Lok Sabha certifies the bill as a money bill before sending it to the upper house, and the decision of the Speaker is binding on both the Houses. A money bill must be returned to the Lok Sabha within 14 days, or the bill is deemed to have passed by both the houses in the form it was originally passed by the Lok Sabha.
29. (D) The main mineral constituents of the continental mass are Silica and Alumina. Thus it is called sial (si-silica and al-alumina). The oceanic crust mainly consists of Silica and Magnesium; therefore it is called sima (si-silica and ma-magnesium).
30. (A) Thiamine deficiency, also known as beriberi, is a condition that occurs due to not enough thiamine (vitamin B1). There are two main types in adults: wet beriberi, and dry beriberi. Wet beriberi results in a fast heart rate, shortness of breath, and leg swelling. Dry beriberi results in numbness of the hands and feet, confusion, trouble moving the legs, and pain.
31. (D) A periscope is an instrument for observation over, around or through an object, obstacle or condition that prevents direct line-of-sight observation from an observer's current position. In its simplest form, it consists of an outer case with mirrors at each end set parallel to each other at a $45^{\circ}$ angle.
32. (B) Microsoft Word is a popular wordprocessing application that is included in the software suite of applications called Microsoft Office.
33. (D) Metathesis reactions in which two compounds react to form two new compounds, with no changes in oxidation number.Reactions in which the ions of two compounds exchange partners. Examples of metathesis reactions $\mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})=\mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{s})+$ $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$
34. (B) Parasitism, relationship between two species of plants or animals in which one benefits at the expense of the other, sometimes without killing the host organism. Examples of Parasitism: Fleas or ticks that live on dogs and cats are parasites.
35. (C) The adding machine was invented by a nineteen-year-old French boy named Blaise Pascal way back in the year 1642. He was France's most celebrated mathematician physicist and religious philosopher.
36. (D) "Al Nagah-II", the bilateral exercise was conducted between India and Oman in the Dhauladhar Ranges at Bakloh in Himachal Pradesh from March 6, 2017.
38. (A) NNP is the money value of all the goods and services produced within the domestic territory of a country in an accounting year corrected for net income from abroad and depreciation.

- NNP= GNP-Depreciation

39. (D) Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities (COFEPOSA) Act is an Act of the Parliament passed in 1974 during administration of Indira Gandhi, trying to retain foreign currency, prevent smuggling and economic offences.
40. (A) The Central Government can direct the state Governments under article 256 of the Indian Constitution.
41. (C) Bimbisara, one of the early kings of the Indian kingdom of Magadha. He established the Haryanka dynasty laid the foundations of Magadha by fortification of a village, which later became the city of Pataliputra.
42. (A) The Quit India Movement also known as India August Kranti was launched at the Bombay session of the All India Congress Committee (AICC) by Mahatma Gandhi on August 8, 1942.
43. (D) Lignite is a mineral known as brown diamond. It is considered the lowest rank of coal due to its relatively low heat content. It has carbon content around 6070 percent.
44. (B) Steam produces more severe burns. Because steam (water in the gas phase)

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hits your skin, a lot of energy will be released as it condenses into a liquid.
49. (C) Kidney stones form when your urine contains more crystal-forming substances such as Calcium oxalate and Uric acid.
50. (C) Argon is a chemical element with symbol Ar and atomic number 18. Argon is the third-most abundant gas in the Earth's atmosphere, at 0.934\%
51. (A)

Total capacity

(A)
(B)


C's efficiency $=$ efficiency of $(A+B+C)-$ efficiency of (A + B)
$=10-(3+2)=5$ Units $/$ hour
Hence, $C$ can fill the cistern alone in $\frac{120}{5}$
$=24$ hours
52. (C)


Distance covered by Chand $=\mathrm{AB}+\mathrm{BC}$
$=66+11=77 \mathrm{~km}$
Distance covered by Sonu = AC = 55 km


Hence, speed of Chand $=7 \times 2=\mathbf{1 4} \mathbf{~ k m} / \mathbf{h r}$
53. (B) ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{8} \text { of } \frac{20}{9}+15 \div \frac{5}{3}-\frac{5}{6} \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{20}{9}+15 \times \frac{3}{5}-\frac{5}{6} \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{5}{6}+9-\frac{5}{6}=9
\end{aligned}
$$

54. (C) ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\sqrt{216}-\sqrt{24}}{\sqrt{96}} \\
= & \frac{6 \sqrt{6}-2 \sqrt{6}}{4 \sqrt{6}}=\frac{4 \sqrt{6}}{4 \sqrt{6}}=\mathbf{1}
\end{aligned}
$$

55. (A) $x-y=5$
and, $x y=24$
we know that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad(x-y)^{2}=x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x y \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 25=x^{2}+y^{2}-2 \times 24 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad x^{2}+y^{2}=25+48=73
\end{aligned}
$$

Now, $\frac{x}{y}+\frac{y}{x}$
$=\frac{x^{2}+y^{2}}{x y}=\frac{\mathbf{7 3}}{\mathbf{2 4}}$
56. (B) ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{A+B+C}{3}=C+6 \\
\Rightarrow & A+B+C=3 C+18 \\
\Rightarrow & A+B-2 C=18 \ldots(\mathrm{i}) \\
& \text { and, } A+B=46 \ldots(\mathrm{ii})
\end{aligned}
$$

From equation (i) and (ii), we get
$46-2 C=18$
$\Rightarrow 2 \mathrm{C}=28$
$\Rightarrow C=14$ years
57. (D) ATQ,
$\mathrm{HCF}=9$
Let the two numbers be $9 \mathrm{a}, 9 \mathrm{~b}$
So, $9 a+9 b=99$
$\Rightarrow 9(a+b)=99$
$\Rightarrow a+b=11$
Hence, pair of positive integer are (1, 10), $(2,9),(3,8),(4,7),(5,6)$
Required number of pairs = 5
58. (C) Profit $=$ Time $\times$ Capital invested
$\Rightarrow$ Time $=\frac{\text { Profit }}{\text { Capital invested }}$
$\therefore \quad$ Required Ratio of time $=\frac{3}{1 / 2}: \frac{4}{1 / 3}: \frac{6}{1 / 5}$
$\Rightarrow 6: 12: 30$
$\Rightarrow 2: 4: 10$
59. (B) Given, $\cos \theta=0.8=\frac{8}{10}$

$\therefore \quad \sin \theta=\frac{6}{10}$
Hence, $\sin 2 \theta=2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$
$=2 \times \frac{6}{10} \times \frac{8}{10}=\frac{96}{100}=\mathbf{0 . 9 6}$

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60. (A) ATQ,


Volume $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
$=\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{22}{7} \times 24 \times 24 \times 7$
$=4224 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
61. (D)


ATQ,
Total work to be done $=24 \times \frac{3}{4}=18$ units
$(1 \mathrm{M}+1 \mathrm{~W})$ do ( $3+4=7$ units) work in a day
So, number of boys required $=18-7=\mathbf{1 1}$
62. (A) Let the sum be $100 x$.
C.I. for 2 years at $14 \%=29.96 x$.
S.I. for 2 years at $14 \%=28 x$.

ATQ,
CI $-\mathrm{SI}=245$
$\Rightarrow 1.96 \mathrm{x}=245$
$\Rightarrow x=125$
$\therefore$ Sum $=125 \times 100=₹ \mathbf{1 2 5 0 0}$
63. (B) ATQ,
$19993 \times 20007$
$=(20000-7) \times(20000+7)$
$=(20000)^{2}-(7)^{2}$
$=399999951$
64. (C) $\tan \theta=\frac{\mathrm{AB}}{\mathrm{BC}}=\frac{18}{6 \sqrt{3}}$

$\Rightarrow \tan \theta=\frac{18}{6 \sqrt{3}}=\sqrt{3}$
$\Rightarrow \tan \theta=\tan 60^{\circ}$
$\therefore \theta=\mathbf{6 0}^{\circ}$
65. (D) ATQ,

Volume of tetrahedron $=\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}(\text { Side })^{3}$
$=\frac{\sqrt{2}}{12}(6)^{3}=\mathbf{1 8} \sqrt{\mathbf{2}} \mathbf{~ c m}^{3}$
66. (B) Length of direct common tangent


$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{AB} & =\sqrt{\left(\mathrm{OO}^{\prime}\right)^{2}-\left(\mathrm{r}_{1}-\mathrm{r}_{2}\right)^{2}} \\
\Rightarrow \quad \mathrm{AB} & =\sqrt{(25)^{2}-(13-6)^{2}} \\
\Rightarrow \quad \mathrm{AB} & =\sqrt{625-49}=\sqrt{576} \\
\Rightarrow \quad \mathrm{AB} & =\mathbf{2 4} \mathbf{~ c m}
\end{aligned}
$$

67. (B) Let CP of article $=₹ 100$
then, SP of chair $=(100-25)=75$
ATQ,
75 units $=720$
$\therefore \quad 125$ units $=\frac{720}{75} \times 125=₹ 1200$
So, New SP = ₹ 1200
Now, $\mathrm{SP}=\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{MP}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 1200=\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{MP}$
$\Rightarrow \quad \mathrm{MP}=1200 \times \frac{4}{3}$
$=₹ 1600$
68. (C) ATQ,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cos \mathrm{A}}{1+\sin \mathrm{A}}+\frac{1+\sin \mathrm{A}}{\cos \mathrm{~A}} \\
= & \frac{\cos ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+\sin ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+2 \sin \mathrm{~A}+1}{(1+\sin \mathrm{A}) \cos \mathrm{A}} \\
= & \frac{\cos ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+\sin ^{2} \mathrm{~A}+1+2 \sin \mathrm{~A}}{(1+\sin \mathrm{A}) \cos \mathrm{A}} \\
= & \frac{1+1+2 \sin \mathrm{~A}}{(1+\sin \mathrm{A}) \cos \mathrm{A}}=\frac{2(1+\sin \mathrm{A})}{(1+\sin \mathrm{A}) \cos \mathrm{A}} \\
= & \frac{2}{\cos \mathrm{~A}}=\mathbf{2} \sec \mathbf{A}
\end{aligned}
$$

69. (A) Let second discount be $x$.

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ATQ,
$12 \times \frac{85}{100} \times \frac{(100-x)}{100}=8.16$
$\Rightarrow x=20 \%$
70. (B) $5^{6}-1=\left(5^{3}\right)^{2}-1$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =(125)^{2}-(1)^{2} \\
& =(125-1)(125+1) \\
& =124 \times 126
\end{aligned}
$$

Since 124 is divisible by 31 . Hence, $5^{6}$ 1 is divisible by 31 .
71. (D) Let the roots of equation
$x^{2}-(\mathrm{A}-3) x-(\mathrm{A}-7)=0$ are $\alpha$ and $\beta$
Sum of roots $=\alpha+\beta=-\frac{b}{a}=\mathrm{A}-3$
Product of roots $=\alpha \beta=\frac{c}{a}=-(\mathrm{A}-7)$
ATQ,
$\alpha^{2}+\beta^{2}=0$
$\Rightarrow(\alpha+\beta)^{2}-2 \alpha \times \beta=0$
$\Rightarrow(\mathrm{A}-3)^{2}+2(\mathrm{~A}-7)=0$
$\Rightarrow A^{2}-4 A-5=0$

On solving, it we get $\mathrm{A}=\mathbf{5 , - 1}$
72. (B) Required number of cars $=\frac{120^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} \times 10800$

$$
=3600
$$

73. (B) Required percentage $=\frac{120^{\circ}-40^{\circ}}{120^{\circ}} \times 100$ $=66.66$
74. (A) Required Ratio $=60^{\circ}: 50^{\circ}=\mathbf{6}: \mathbf{5}$
75. (C) Required Answer

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{\left(90^{\circ}+60^{\circ}\right)-\left(40^{\circ}+50^{\circ}\right)}{360^{\circ}} \times 10800 \\
& =\frac{60^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} \times 10800=\mathbf{1 8 0 0}
\end{aligned}
$$

## For all RRB competitive exams



## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

| Word | Meaning in English | Meaning in Hindi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accuse | to say that someone has done something wrong or illegal | दा' ठा लगा ना |
| Amateur | someone who does not have much skill in what he does | नाँ सिखिय |
| Attain | to reach or succeed in getting something | पहु ${ }^{\text { }}$ चना |
| Autonomous | Independent and having the power to make your own decisions. | स वतंラ |
| Barrage | the action of continuously firing large guns to protect soldiers advancing on an enemy | गा' ला बा री |
| Bleed | to lose or release blood because of a cut, injury etc. | ख न बहना |
| Compendium | a short but complete account of a particular subject especially in the form of a book | संग्र हपु स सक |
| Condemn | to criticize something or someone strongly, usually for moral reasons. | दा' ण¢ $\dagger$ ठ हरा ना |
| Deed | an intentional act, especially a very bad or good one. | का य , का म |
| Denounce | to criticize someone or something strongly and publicly | षा१ ठ हरा ना |
| Dispirited | not feeling much hope about a particular situation or problem. | दा से न, हता' ट स हि |
| Emetic | a medicine that causes vomiting. | वमनका री अ" ठ¢ $ध$ ¢ |
| Emulate | to copy someone's behaviour or try to be like someone else | करना |
| Envelop | to cover or surround something completely | हा' रना |
| Expansion | the increase of something in size, number or importance | विस ता र |
| Experiment | a test done in order to learn something or to discover if something works or is true. | पी क्ष प करना |
| Exploration | the activity of searching and finding out about something: | ख ${ }^{\prime}$ ज |
| Mausoleum | a special building made to hold the dead of an important person or the dead bodies of a family. | मकब्बरा, समा fि |
| Netiquette | the rules of correct or polite behaviour among people using the internet. | इं टरने ट पस्सी अै रस यतरी से $\overline{0}$ यहा र करने का निय्म |
| Outline | the main shape or edge of something, without any details | दश $\mathrm{T}^{{f3431eb31-58f1-453f-8c27-f25031b40167} प \\ \hline Primordial & existing at or since the beginning of the world or the universe & माँ लिक, प्रारं \(\frac{1}{\text { ¢ }}$ T क |
| Pyre | a large pile of wood on which a dead body is burned in some parts of the world | चिता, प व ${ }^{\text {® }}$ य |

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| Reference | a mention of something |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ruse | a trick intended to deceive someone. | चा ल, छल |
| Steed | a horse that is ridden | हाT' ड. T |
| Timid | easily frightened | ड रप' क |
| Trick | a action that is intended to deceive, either as a way of cheating someone, or as a joke or form of entertainment | छ लकप्ट |
| Valise | a small suitcase for carrying clothes etc. (while travelling.) | सक री बै ग |
| Volley | a large number of bullets (seeming to be) fired at the same time | गा' लिय` की बा' छा र |
| Weary | very tired, especially after working hard for a long time | 2 T का ना |



SSC MOCK TEST - 145 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. | (D) | 26. | (A) |  | (A) | 76. | (A) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | (C) | 27. | (A) | 52. | (C) | 77. | (A) |  | English |
| 3. | (A) | 28. | (C) | 53. | (B) | 78. | (D) | Eng\|ish ${ }_{\text {cor geneal }}^{\text {competions }}$ | Hergish |
| 4. | (D) | 29. | (D) | 54. | (C) | 79. | (B) |  |  |
| 5. | (C) | 30. | (A) | 55. | (A) | 80. | (B) | Revised 2017 \% | e. 2 |
| 6. | (C) | 31. | (D) | 56. | (B) | 81. | (B) | ages |  |
| 7. | (C) | 32. | (B) | 57. | (D) | 82. | (A) | *imi |  |
| 8. | (B) | 33. | (D) | 58. | (C) | 83. | (A) | 00 |  |
| 9. | (B) | 34. | (B) | 59. | (B) | 84. | (C) | 1 |  |
| 10. | (C) | 35. | (C) | 60. | (A) | 85. | (C) | 54. | (-.- Neetu Sing |
| 11. | (A) | 36. | (D) | 61. | (D) | 86. | (C) |  | \% Neetu Singh |
| 12. | (B) | 37. | (C) | 62. | (A) | 87. | (D) | 之, <_KD Publication | - 6 KD Publication |
| 13. | (D) | 38. | (A) | 63. | (B) | 88. | (A) |  |  |
| 14. | (A) | 39. | (D) | 64. | (C) | 89. | (C) |  |  |
| 15. | (B) | 40. | (A) | 65. | (D) | 90. | (A) |  |  |
| 16. | (A) | 41. | (C) | 66. | (B) | 91. | (B) | - | 2 |
| 17. | (B) | 42. | (C) | 67. | (B) | 92. | (A) |  | ? |
| 18. | (A) | 43. | (A) | 68. | (C) | 93. | (B) | - |  |
| 19. | (B) | 44. | (B) | 69. | (A) | 94. | (B) | vol, 1 ) | or.2) |
| 20. | (A) | 45. | (A) | 70. | (B) | 95. | (A) | oi | voice |
| 21. | (A) | 46. | (D) | 71. | (D) | 96. | (A) | \& | Narration |
| 22. | (D) | 47. | (C) | 72. | (B) | 97. | (B) |  |  |
| 23. | (B) | 48. | (B) | 73. | (B) | 98. | (C) |  | Neamamen |
| 24. | (A) | 49. | (C) | 74. | (A) |  |  |  | aman |
| 25. | (C) | 50. | (C) | 75. | (C) | 100. |  |  |  |

76. (A) Change 'considerable' into 'considerably'. Here, difficult is an adjective and an adjective is modified by an adverb.
77. (A) Change 'retiring' into 'retirement' we need here a noun, and the noun form of 'retire' is retirement.
78. (C) 'Has been growing upon' is the correct option, According to the meaning of the sentence, it should be in present perfect continuous tense.
79. (D) No improvement, 'Bear fruit' is a phrase which means to be successful. According to the meaning, sentence should be in present perfect tense.


Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003

Note:- Whatsapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 7053606571 for any of the doubts. Join the group and you may also share your suggestions and experience of Sunday Mock Test.

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

